

User Manual

Fan and Pump Applications



Power Range:

1-phase 230V series:0.75kW~37kW 3-phase 460V series:0.75kW~220kW (1~50HP) (1~300HP)



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^{*}We reserve the right to change the information in this manual without prior notice

A NELTA

*V=*2-F

User Manual

Fan and Pump Applications



Preface

Thank you for choosing DELTA's high-performance VFD-F Series. VFD-F Series are manufactured by adopting high-quality components, material and incorporating the latest microprocessor technology available.

Getting Started

This manual will be helpful in the installation, parameter setting, troubleshooting, and daily maintenance of the AC motor drives. To guarantee safe operation of the equipment, read the following safety guidelines before connecting power to the AC drives. Keep this operating manual handy and distribute to all users for reference.



₩

Always read this manual thoroughly before using VFD-F series AC Motor Drives.



Ensure that VFD-F is grounded in a correct way before putting it into use.



DANGER! AC input power must be disconnected before any maintenance. Do not connect or disconnect wires and connectors while power is applied to the circuit. Maintenance must be performed by qualified technicians.



CAUTION! There are highly sensitive MOS components on the printed circuit boards. These components are especially sensitive to static electricity. To avoid damage to these components, do not touch these components or the circuit boards with metal objects or your bare hands.



DANGER! A charge may still remain in the DC-link capacitor with hazardous voltages even if the power has been turned off. To avoid personal injury, do not remove the cover of the AC drive until all "DISPLAY LED" lights on the digital keypad are off. Please note that there are live components exposed within the AC drive. Do not touch these live parts.



CAUTION! Ground the VFD-F using the ground terminal. The grounding method must comply with the laws of the country where the AC drive is to be installed. Refer to Basic Wiring Diagram.



DANGER! The AC drive may be destroyed beyond repair if incorrect cables are connected to the input/output terminals. Never connect the AC drive output terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 directly to the AC main circuit power supply.



CAUTION! The final enclosures of the AC drive must comply with EN50178. (Live parts shall be arranged in enclosures or located behind barriers that meet at least the requirements of the Protective Type IP20. The top surface of the enclosures or barrier that is easily accessible shall meet at least the requirements of the Protective Type IP40). (VFD-F series corresponds with this regulation.)



CAUTION! The rated voltage for the AC motor drive must be \leq 240V for 230V models (\leq 480V for 460V models) and the mains supply current capacity must be \leq 5000A RMS (\leq 10000A RMS for the \geq 40hp (30kW) models)



CAUTION! Heat sink may heat up over 70°C (158°F), during the operation. Do not touch the heat sink.



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		VFD-F	
NEL	T4	VFD-F	Series

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CHAPTER 1 RECEIVING AND INSPECTION

This VFD-F AC drive has gone through rigorous quality control tests at the factory before shipment. After receiving the AC drive, please check for the following:

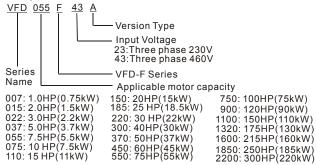
Receiving

- Check to make sure that the package includes an AC drive, the User Manual, dust covers and rubber bushings.
- ✓ Inspect the unit to insure it was not damaged during shipment.
- Make sure that the part number indicated on the nameplate corresponds with the part number of your order.

1.1 Nameplate Information: Example for 7.5HP/5.5kW 3-phase 460V AC drive

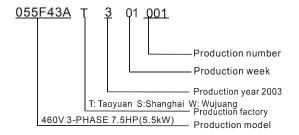


1.2 Model Explanation





1.3 Series Number Explanation



If there is any nameplate information not corresponding to your purchase order or any problem, please contact your distributor.



CHAPTER 2 STORAGE AND INSTALLATION

2.1 Storage

The AC drive should be kept in the shipping carton before installation. In order to retain the warranty coverage, the AC drive should be stored properly when it is not to be used for an extended period of time.

Ambient Conditions:

Operation Air Temperature: -10°C to +40°C (14°F to 104°F)

+50°C (122°F) without dust cover.

Atmosphere pressure: 86 to 106 kPa Installation Site Altitude: below 1000m

Vibration: Maximum 9.80 m/s² (1G) at less than 20Hz

Maximum 5.88 m/s2 (0.6G) at 20Hz to 50Hz

Storage Temperature: -20°C to +60°C (-4°F to 140°F)

Relative Humidity: Less than 90%, no condensation allowed

Atmosphere pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Transportation Temperature: -20°C to +60°C (-4°F to 140°F)

Relative Humidity: Less than 90%, no condensation allowed

Atmosphere pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Vibration: Maximum 9.86 m/s² (1G) at less than 20Hz, Maximum 5.88

m/s² (0.6G) at 20Hz to 50Hz

Pollution Degree 2: good for a factory type environment.



2.2 Installation

A CAUTION

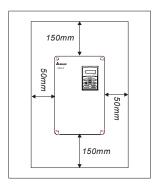
The control, power supply and motor leads must be laid separately. They must not be fed through the same cable conduit / trunking.

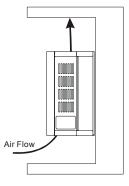
High voltage insulation test equipment must not be used on cables connected to the drive.

Improper installation of the AC drive will greatly reduce its life. Be sure to observe the following precautions when selecting a mounting location.

Failure to observe these precautions may void the warranty!

- Do not mount the AC drive near heat-radiating elements or in direct sunlight.
- Do not install the AC drive in a place subjected to high temperature, high humidity, excessive vibration, corrosive gases or liquids, or airborne dust or metallic particles.
- Mount the AC drive vertically and do not restrict the air flow to the heat sink fins.
- The AC drive generates heat. Allow sufficient space around the unit for heat dissipation.







CHAPTER 3 WIRING



DANGER

Hazardous Voltage

Before accessing the AC drive:

- Disconnect all power to the AC drive.
- Wait five minutes for DC bus capacitors discharge.

Any electrical or mechanical modification to this equipment without prior written consent of Delta Electronics, Inc. will void all warranties and may result in a safety hazard in addition to voiding the UL listing.

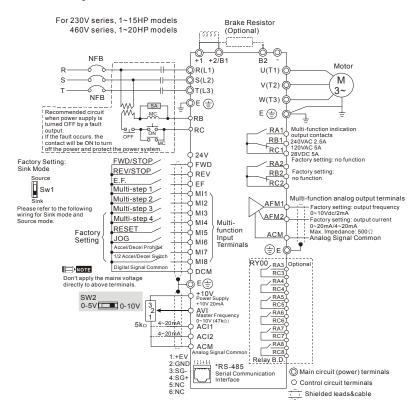
Short Circuit Withstand:

The rated voltage for the AC motor drive must be \leq 240V for 230V models (\leq 480V for 460V models) and the mains supply current capacity must be \leq 5000A RMS (\leq 10000A RMS for the \geq 40hp (30kW) models)

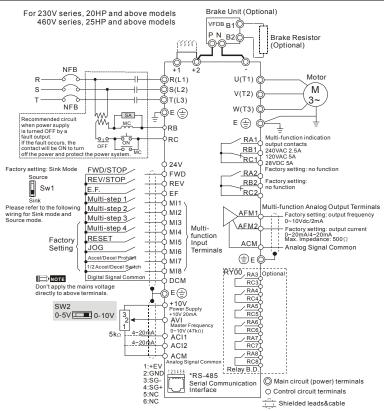


3.1 Basic Wiring Diagram

Users must connect wires according to the following circuit diagram shown below. Do not plug a Modem or telephone line to the RS-485 communication port, permanent damage may result. Pins 1 & 2 are the power sources for the optional copy keypad and should not be used while using RS-485 communication.

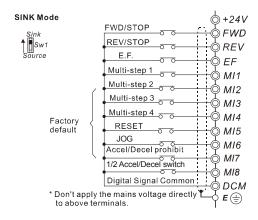


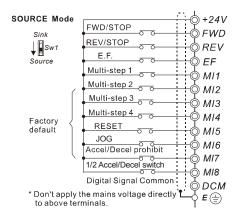






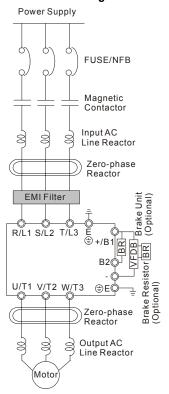
Wiring for SINK mode and SOURCE mode







3.2 External Wiring



Items	Explanations
Power supply	Please follow the specific power supply requirements shown in Appendix A.
Fuse/NFB (Optional)	There may be an inrush current during power up. Please check the chart of Appendix B and select the correct fuse with rated current. Use of an NFB is optional.
Magnetic contactor (Optional)	Please do not use a Magnetic contactor as the I/O switch of the AC motor drive, as it will reduce the operating life cycle of the AC drive.
Input AC Line Reactor (Optional)	Used to improve the input power factor, to reduce harmonics and provide protection from AC line disturbances (surges, switching spikes, short interruptions, etc.). AC line reactor should be installed when the power supply capacity is 500kVA or more or advanced capacity is activated. The wiring distance should be 10m. Refer to appendix B for details.
Zero-phase Reactor (Ferrite Core Common Choke) (Optional)	Zero-phase reactors are used to reduce radio noise especially when audio equipment is installed near the inverter. Effective for noise reduction on both the input and output sides. Attenuation quality is good for a wide range from AM band to 10MHz. Appendix B specifies the zero-phase reactor. (RF220X00A)
EMI filter (Optional)	To reduce electromagnetic interference, please refer to Appendix B for more details.
Brake Resistor (Optional)	Used to reduce the deceleration time of the motor. Please refer to the chart in Appendix B for specific Brake Resistors.
Output AC Line Reactor (Optional)	Motor surge voltage amplitude depends on motor cable length. For applications with long motor cable (>20m), it is necessary to install a reactor at the inverter output side.



3.3 Main Circuit Connection

Figure 1 for the main circuit terminals

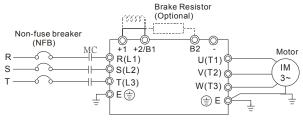
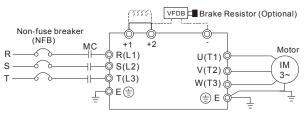


Figure 2 for the main circuit terminals



Terminal Explanations

Terminal Symbol	Explanation of Terminal Function
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	AC line input terminals
U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	AC drive output terminals motor connections
+1,+2	Connections for DC Link Reactor (optional)
+2/B1~B2	Connections for Brake Resistor (optional)
+2~ -,+2/B1~ -	Connections for External Brake Unit (VFDB series)
+	Earth Ground



Mains power terminals (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3)

- Connect these terminals (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) via a non-fuse breaker or earth leakage breaker to 3-phase AC power (some models to 1-phase AC power) for circuit protection. It is unnecessary to consider phase-sequence.
- It is recommended to add a magnetic contactor (MC) in the power input wiring to cut off power quickly and reduce malfunction when activating the protection function of AC motor drives. Both ends of the MC should have an R-C surge absorber.
- Please make sure to fasten the screw of the main circuit terminals to prevent sparks which is made by the loose screws due to vibration.
- Please use voltage and current within the regulation shown in Appendix A.
- When using a general GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter), select a current sensor with sensitivity of 200mA or above, and not less than 0.1-second detection time to avoid nuisance tripping. For the specific GFCI of the AC motor drive, please select a current sensor with sensitivity of 30mA or above.
- Do NOT run/stop AC motor drives by turning the power ON/OFF. Run/stop AC motor drives by RUN/STOP command via control terminals or keypad. If you still need to run/stop AC drives by turning power ON/OFF, it is recommended to do so only ONCE per hour.
- Do NOT connect 3-phase models to a 1-phase power source.

Output terminals for main circuit (U, V, W)

- If the AC drive is installed in the place where a load reactor is needed, install the filter close to U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 side of AC drive. Do not use a Capacitor or L-C Filter (Inductance-Capacitance) or R-C Filter (Resistance-Capacitance), unless approved by Delta.
- DO NOT connect phase-compensation capacitors or surge absorbers at the output terminals of AC motor drives.
- Use well-insulated motor, suitable for inverter operation.

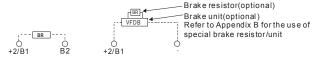
Terminals [+1, +2] for connecting DC reactor



 To improve power factor and reduce harmonics, connect a DC reactor between terminals [+1, +2]. Please remove the jumper before connecting the DC reactor.



Terminals [+2/B1, B2] for connecting brake resistor and terminals [+2/B1, -] for connecting external brake unit



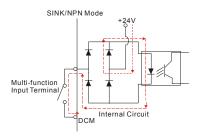
- Connect a brake resistor or brake unit in applications with frequent deceleration ramps, short deceleration time, too low brake torque or requiring increased brake torque.
- If the AC motor drive has a built-in brake chopper, connect the external brake resistor to the terminals [+2/B1, B2].
- Some models of VFD-F series don't have a built-in brake chopper, please connect an external optional brake unit and brake resistor.
- When not used, please leave the terminals [+2(+2/B1), -] open.

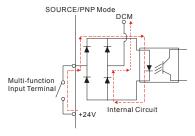


Short-circuiting [B2] or [-] to [+2/B1] can damage the AC motor drive.



3.4 Control Terminals





Terminal symbols and functions

Terminal Symbols	Terminal Functions	Factory Settings
FWD	Forward-Stop command	
REV	Reverse-Stop command	
EF	External fault	
MI1	Multi-function Input 1	Factory setting: Multi-step speed command 1
MI2	Multi-function Input 2	Factory setting: Multi-step speed command 2
MI3	Multi-function Input 3	Factory setting: Multi-step speed command 3
MI4	Multi-function Input 4	Factory setting: Multi-step speed command 4
MI5	Multi-function Input 5	Factory setting: RESET
MI6	Multi-function Input 6	Factory setting: JOG
MI7	Multi-function Input 7	Factory setting: Accel/Decel prohibit
MI8	Multi-function Input 8	Factory setting: Accel/Decel time switch 1
+24V	DC Voltage Source	(+24V, 20mA), used for source mode.
DCM	Digital Signal Common	Used as common for digital inputs and used for sink mode.
RA 1	Multi-function Relay1 output (N.O.) a	
RB 1	Multi-function Relay1 output (N.C.) b	
RC 1	Multi-function Relay1 common	1.5A(N.O.)/1A(N.C.) 240VAC 1.5A(N.O.)/1A(N.C.) 24VDC
RA 2	Multi-function Relay2 output (N.O.) a	Refer to Pr.03-00 to Pr.03-01
RB 2	Multi-function Relay2 output (N.C.) b	
RC 2	Multi-function Relay2 common	

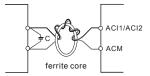


Terminal Symbols	Terminal Functions	Factory Settings
+10V	Potentiometer power source	+10V 20mA
AVI	Analog voltage Input	0 to +10V correspond to Max. operation frequency
ACI 1/2	Analog current Input	4 to 20mA correspond to Max. operation frequency
AFM 1	Analog frequency /current meter 1	0 to 10V correspond to Max. operation frequency
AFM 2	Analog frequency /current meter 2	4 to 20mA correspond to 2 times of output current
ACM	Analog control signal (common)	

^{*} Control signal wiring size: 18 AWG (0.75 mm²).

Analog input terminals (ACI1, ACI2, ACM)

- Analog input signals are easily affected by external noise. Use shielded wiring and keep
 it as short as possible (<20m) with proper grounding. If the noise is inductive,
 connecting the shield to terminal ACM can bring improvement.
- If the analog input signals are affected by noise from the AC motor drive, please connect a capacitor and ferrite core as indicated in the following diagrams:



wind each wire 3 times or more around the core

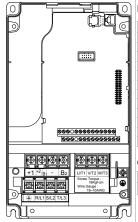
Digital inputs (FWD, REV, MI1~MI8, DCM)

When using contacts or switches to control the digital inputs, please use high quality components to avoid contact bounce.



3.5 Specifications for Power Terminals and Control Terminals

Frame B



Power Terminals:

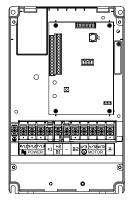
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, (+1, +2/B1, -, B2)

Models	Wire Gauge	Torque	Wire Type
VFD007F23A			
VFD007F43A			
VFD007F43H			
VFD015F23A			
VFD015F43A	12-24 AWG (3.3-0.2mm ²)	18kgf-cm (15.6in-lbf)	Stranded Copper only, 75℃
VFD015F43H			
VFD022F23A			
VFD022F43A			
VFD022F43H			
VFD037F23A			
VFD037F43A			
VFD037F43H			

Control Terminals:

Wire Gauge	Torque
12-24AWG. (3.3-0.2mm ²)	4kgf-cm (3in-lbf)

Frame C



Power Terminals:

R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, 🕀, +1, +2/B1, -, B2

Models	Wire Gauge	Torque	Wire Type
VFD055F23A			
VFD055F43B			
VFD055F43H			
VFD075F23A			
VFD075F43B	12-8 AWG.	30kgf-cm (26in-lbf)	Stranded Copper only,
VFD075F43H	(3.3-8.4mm ²)		
VFD110F23A	(3.3-0.411111)	(2011-101)	75℃
VFD110F43A			
VFD110F43H			
VFD150F43A			
VFD150F43H			

NOTE

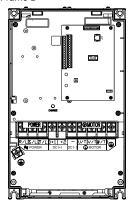
If wiring of the terminal utilizes the wire with a diameter of 6AWG.(13.3mm²), it is thus necessary to use the Recognized Ring Terminal to conduct a proper wiring.

Control Terminals:

Wire Gauge	Torque
12-24AWG. (3.3-0.2mm ²)	4kgf-cm (3in-lbf)



Frame D



Power Terminals:

R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, (+1, +2, -,

Models	Wire Gauge	Torque	Wire Type
VFD150F23A			
VFD185F23A			
VFD185F43A			
VFD185F43H	0.0.000	201cmf ann	Stranded
VFD220F23A	8-2 AWG. (8.4-33.6mm ²)	30kgf-cm (26in-lbf)	Copper only,
VFD220F43A	(6.4-33.011111)	(2011-101)	75℃
VFD220F43H			
VFD300F43A			
VFD300F43H			

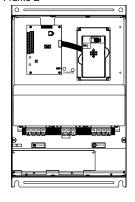
NOTE

If wiring of the terminal utilizes the wire with a diameter of 1AWG.(42.4mm²), it is thus necessary to use the Recognized Ring Terminal to conduct a proper wiring.

Control Terminals:

Wire Gauge	Torque
12-24AWG. (3.3-0.2mm ²)	4kgf-cm (3in-lbf)

Frame E



Power Terminals:

R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, (+1, +2, -,

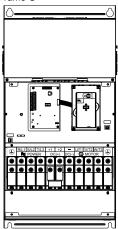
Models	Wire Gauge	Torque	Wire Type
VFD300F23A	1/0-4/0 AWG. (53.5-107.2mm ²)		
VFD370F23A	3/0-4/0 AWG	200kgf-cm	
VFD750F43A	(85-107.2mm ²)	(173in-lbf)	
VFD750F43H	(65-107.211111)	(17311-101)	
VFD900F43C	4/0 AWG.		Stranded
VFD900F43H	(107.2mm ²)		Copper only,
VFD370F43A	3 AWG. (26.7mm ²)		75℃
VFD370F43H	3 AVV G. (20.7111111)	57kgf-cm	
VFD450F43A	2 AWG. (33.6mm ²)	(49.5in-lbf)	
VFD450F43H	2 AVVG. (33.011111)		
VFD550F43A	1/0-4/0 AWG.	200kgf-cm	
VFD550F43H	(53.5-107.2mm ²)	(173in-lbf)	

Control Terminals:

Wire Gauge	Torque
12-24AWG. (3.3-0.2mm ²)	4kgf-cm (3in-lbf)



Frame G



Power Terminals:

R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, 🖳, +1, +2, -,

Models	Wire Gauge	Torque	Wire Type
VFD1100F43C			-
VFD1100F43H			Stranded
VFD1320F43A	4/0 AWG 300MCM	300kgf-cm	Copper only,
VFD1320F43H	(107.2-152mm ²)	(260in-lbf)	75°C
VFD1600F43A			700
VFD1600F43H			

NOTE

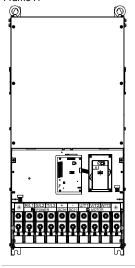
It needs following additional terminal when wiring, and add insulation sheath on position where following figure shows.



Control Terminals:

Wire Gauge	Torque
Wile Gauge	ioique
12-24AWG. (3.3-0.2mm ²)	4kgf-cm (3in-lbf)

Frame H



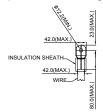
Power Terminals:

R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, 🕒, +1, -,

Models	Wire Gauge	Torque	Wire Type
VFD1850F43A			Stranded
VFD1850F43H	500 MCM (max)	408kgf-cm	copper only,
VFD2200F43A	500 MCM (max)	(354 in-lbf)	75°C
VFD2200F43H			75 0

NOTE

It needs following additional terminal when wiring, and add insulation sheath on position where following figure shows.



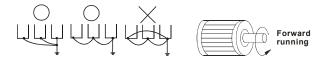
Control Terminals:

Wire Gauge	Torque
12-24AWG. (3.3-0.2mm ²)	4kgf-cm (3in-lbf)



3.6 Wiring Notes: PLEASE READ PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.

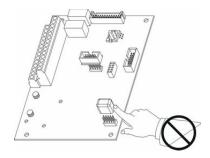
- CAUTION: Do not connect the AC power to the U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 terminals, as it will damage the AC drive.
- 2. **MARNING:** Ensure all screws are tightened to the proper torque rating.
- During installation, follow all local electrical, construction, and safety codes for the country the drive is to be installed in.
- 4. Ensure that the appropriate protective devices (circuit breaker or fuses) are connected between the power supply and AC drive.
- Make sure that the leads are connected correctly and the AC drive is properly grounded. (Ground resistance should not exceed 0.1 Ω.)
- Use ground leads that comply with AWG/MCM standards and keep them as short as possible.
- Multiple VFD-F units can be installed in one location. All the units should be grounded directly to a common ground terminal. The VFD-F ground terminals may also be connected in parallel, as shown in the figure below. Ensure there are no ground loops.



- 8. When the AC drive output terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 are connected to the motor terminals U, V, and W, respectively, the motor will rotate counterclockwise (as viewed from the shaft ends of the motor) when a forward operation command is received. To reverse the direction of motor rotation, switch over any of the two motor leads.
- Make sure that the power source is capable of supplying the correct voltage and required current to the AC drive.
- 10. Do not attach or remove wiring when power is applied to the AC drive.
- 11. Do not inspect components unless inside "CHARGE" lamp is turned off.
- 12. Do not monitor the signals on the circuit board while the AC drive is in operation.



- 13. For the single-phase rated AC drives, the AC power can be connected to any two of the three input terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3. Note: This drive is not intended for the use with single-phase motors.
- 14. Route the power and control wires separately, or at 90° angle to each other.
- 15. If a filter is required for reducing EMI (Electro Magnetic Interference), install it as close as possible to AC drive. EMI can also be reduced by lowering the Carrier Frequency.
- 16. If the AC drive is installed in the place where a load reactor is needed, install the filter close to U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, side of AC drive. Do not use a Capacitor or L-C Filter (Inductance-Capacitance) or R-C Filter (Resistance-Capacitance), unless approved by Delta.
- 17. When using a general GFCI (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter), select a current sensor with sensitivity of 200mA or above, and not less than 0.1-second detection time to avoid nuisance tripping. For the specific GFCI of the AC motor drive, please select a current sensor with sensitivity of 30mA or above.
- 18. To improve the input power factor, to reduce harmonics and provide protection from AC line disturbances (surges, switching spikes, short interruptions, etc.), AC line reactor should be installed when the power supply capacity is 500kVA or more.
- 19. There are highly sensitive MOS components on the printed circuit boards. These components are especially sensitive to static electricity. To prevent damage to these components, do not touch these components or the circuit boards with metal objects or your bare hands.





3.7 Motor Operation Precautions

- 1. When using the AC drive to operate a standard 3-phase induction motor, notice that the energy loss is greater than for an inverter duty motor.
- Avoid running a standard induction motor at low speed. Under these conditions, the motor temperature may rise above the motor rating due to limited airflow produced by the motor's fan.
- 3. When the standard motor operates at low speed, the output load must be decreased.
- If 100% output torque is desired at low speed, it may be necessary to use a special "inverter-duty" rated motor.



CHAPTER 4 DIGITAL KEYPAD OPERATION

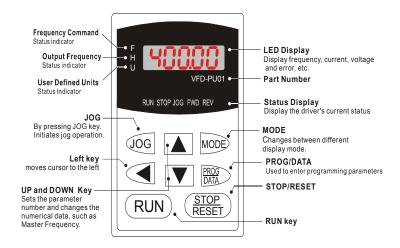
This chapter describes the various controls and indicators found on the digital keypad. The information in this chapter should be read and understood before performing the start–up procedures described in the chapter of parameter settings.

- ♥ Description of the Keypad
- ♥ Description of Display



4.1 VFD-PU01

4.1.1 Description of the Digital Keypad VFD-PU01



4.1.2 Explanation of Display Message

Display Message	Descriptions
50.00	Display the AC drive Master Frequency.
* 50.00	Display the actual operation frequency present at terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3.
, I8000	Display voltage (V), Current (A), power factor and feedback signal (P)
8 5.8	Display the output current present at terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3.



Display Message	Descriptions
-Frd-	Display the AC drive forward run status.
-r{u-	The AC drive reverse run status.
08-00	Display the specified parameter setting.
18	Display the actual value stored within the specified parameter.
E.F.	External Fault.
-End-	Display "End" for approximately 1 second if input has been accepted. After a parameter value has been set, the new value is automatically stored in memory. To modify an entry, use the or keys.
-6	Display "Err", if the input is invalid.



4.1.3 Operation steps of the Digital Keypad VFD-PU01





4.2 KPF-CC01

For models of VFD-F (HVAC) series

VFD007F43H; VFD015F43H; VFD022F43H; VFD037F43H; VFD055F43H; VFD075F43H;

VFD110F43H: VFD150F43H: VFD185F43H: VFD220F43H: VFD300F43H: VFD370F43H:

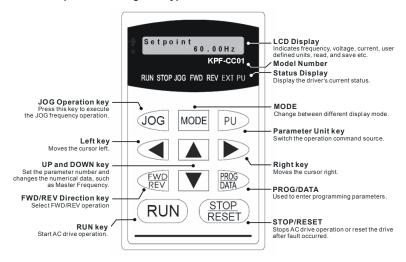
VFD450F43H: VFD550F43H: VFD750F43H: VFD900F43H: VFD1100F43H: VFD1320F43H:

VFD1600F43H: VFD1850F43H: VFD2200F43H

NOTE

When KPF-CC01 is connected on AC motor drive, the communication protocol is forced to be 9600, 8, N, 2. After KPF-CC01 is disconnected, and AC motor drive immediately gets connection with other controller by RS-485, 1st communication fault may occur due to different communication protocol. AC motor drive will automatically reset communication protocol as previous parameter setting from 2nd communication

4.2.1 Description of the Digital Keypad KPF-CC01



4.2.2 Explanation of Display Message

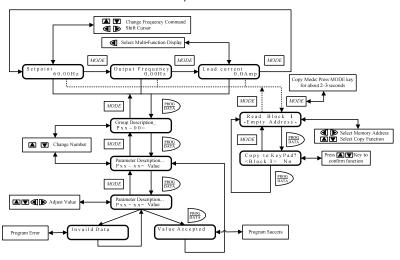
Display Message Description	
Setpoint 60.00Hz	The AC motor drive Master Frequency Command.
Output Frequency 0.00Hz	The Actual Operation Frequency present at terminals U, V, W.



Display Message	Description
Load current 0.0Amp	The output current present at terminals U, V, W.
B a s i c P 0 1 - 0 0 =	The specified group description.
Max Voltage Freq P01-01= 60.00Hz	The specified parameter description and setting
Read Block 1 -Empty Address-	Copy Mode: Press MODE key for about 2~3 seconds in main page. Use UP/DOWN key to select copy function (Read, Write, Delete) and LEFT/RIGHT key to select memory address. Total two blocks are available.
Copy to KeyPad? <block 1=""> No</block>	Use UP/DOWN key to confirm copy function. Press PROG/DATA key to execute.
External Fault	External Fault.
Value Accepted	Input data is accepted.
Invalid Data	Input data is invalid.

4.2.3 KPF-CC01 Operation Flow Chart

KPF-CC01 Operation Flow Chart





Factory setting: Read Only

CHAPTER 5 DESCRIPTION OF PARAMETER SETTINGS

★: This parameter can be set during operation.

5.1 Group 0: AC Drive Status Parameters

Group 0 is read-only.

00 - 00 Software Version	Factory setting: Read Only
This parameter displays the software version of AC drive.	

00 - 01 AC Drive Status Indication 1

This parameter displays the AC drive status.

Code	AC Drive Status	Explanation
00	No fault occurred	
01	ос	over current
02	ov	over voltage
03	оН	over temperature
04	oL	overload
05	oL1	electronic thermal relay
06	EF (external fault)	EF-DCM is closed
07	occ (AC drive IGBT fault)	IGBT short circuit protection
80	cF3 (CPU failure)	Abnormal A/D reading during self-check
09	HPF (hardware protection failure)	Hardware protection function activated
		during self-check.
10	ocA (over current during acceleration)	Output current exceeds protection level
		during acceleration
11	ocd (over current during deceleration)	Output current exceeds protection level
		during deceleration
12	ocn (over current during steady state	Output current exceeds protection level
	operation)	during steady state operation.
13	GFF (ground fault)	Ground fault protection feature activated
14	Lv (under voltage)	Low input voltage
15	cF1	EEPROM input data is abnormal
16	cF2	EEPROM output data is abnormal
17	bb (base block)	BB is set and activated
18	oL2 (motor over load 2)	Output current exceeds rated motor current
19	Reserved	
20	codE	software or password protection
21	EF1 (external emergency stop)	EF1 (a multifunction-DCM is enabled)
22	PHL (phase loss)	Input power lacks phase.
		3-phase input power is unbalance and
		exceeds specification.
23	Lc (Low Current)	Low current detection during operation.
24	FbL(Feedback Loss)	Feedback signal is abnormal.
25	Reserved	



Code	AC Drive Status	Explanation	
26	FAnP	Fan Power Fault	
27	FF1	Fan 1 Fault	
28	FF2	Fan 2 Fault	
29	FF3	Fan 3 Fault	
30	FF123	Fan 1, 2, 3 Fault	
31	FF12	Fan 1, 2 Fault	
32	FF13	Fan 1, 3 Fault	
33	FF23	Fan 2, 3 Fault	
34	Fv	Gate Drive Low Voltage Protect	

00 - 02 AC Drive Status Indication 2

Factory setting: Read Only

Display Bit 0~1: 00: Run LED is off and STOP led is on. (AC Drive stopping)

01: Run LED is blink and STOP led is on. (AC Drive deceleration to stop)

10: Run LED is on and STOP led is blink. (AC Drive standby)

11: Run LED is on and STOP led is off. (AC Drive running)

Bit 2: 1: Jog on.

Bit 3~4: 00: Rev LED is off and FWD led is on. (Forward)

01: Rev LED is blink and FWD led is on. (Reverse to Forward)

10: Rev LED is on and FWD led is blink. (Forward to Reverse)

11: Rev LED is on and FWD led is off. (Reverse)

Bit 5-7: Reserved

Bit 8: Master frequency source via communication interface

Bit 9: Master frequency source via analog

Bit10: Running command via communication interface

Bit11: Parameter locked	
Bit12~15: Reserved	
00 - 03 Frequency Setting	Factory setting: Read Only
This parameter displays the frequency command set by the	ne user.
00 - 04 Output Frequency	Factory setting: Read Only
This parameter displays actual output frequency of the AC	C drive.
00 - 05 Output Current	Factory setting: Read Only
☐ This parameter displays actual output current of the AC di	rive.
00 - 06 DC-BUS Voltage	Factory setting: Read Only
This parameter displays DC-BUS voltage of the AC drive.	
00 - 07 Output Voltage	Factory setting: Read Only
This parameter displays output voltage of the AC drive.	
00 - 08 Output Power Factor	Factory setting: Read Only
5-2 DELTA	ELECTRONICS. INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED



☐ This parameter displays output power factor.		
00 - 09 Output Power (kW)	Factory setting: Read Only	
☐ This parameter displays output power of the AC drive.		
00 - 10 Feedback Signal Actual Value	Factory setting: Read Only	
This parameter displays feedback signal value.		
00 - 11 Feedback Signal (%)	Factory setting: Read Only	
This parameter displays feedback signal value (%).		
00 - 12 User Target Value (Low bit) uL 0-99.99	Factory setting: Read Only	
00 - 13 User Target Value (High bit) uH 0-9999	Factory setting: Read Only	
User Target Value = Actual output frequency (0-04) x User Defined Multiplier (02-10).		
☐ Maximum summed display of both parameters is 999999.99.		
When User Target Value <=99.99, 00-13=0.		
00 - 14 PLC time	Factory setting: Read Only	
This parameter displays remaining time of PLC each phase.		



5.2 Group 1: Basic Parameters	
01 - 00 Maximum Output Frequency	Factory Setting: 60.00
Settings 50.00~120.00Hz This parameter determines the AC drives maximum output fre commands set by the keypad or analog inputs are limited by commands (AVI, ACI1 and ACI2) may be scaled to correspondinge. (Please refer to 04-09~04-20.)	this parameter. The analog
01 - 01 Maximum Voltage Frequency (Base Frequency)	Factory Setting: 60.00
Settings 0.10~120.00 Hz This parameter sets the frequency, where the maximum outpreached. The output frequency may exceed this setting, but increase beyond this point. This parameter should be set ac of the motor as indicated on the motor nameplate.	the output voltage doesn't
If this parameter setting is smaller than the rated frequency current faults or damage to the AC drive may occur.	of the motor, nuisance over
If this parameter setting is greater than the rated frequency of encounter torque loss.	of the motor, the motor will
01 - 02 Maximum Output Voltage	Factory Setting: 220.0/440.0
Settings 230V series: 0.1 ~ 255.0V 460V series: 0.2 ~ 510.0V	
This parameter determines the Maximum Output Voltage of setting should be set according to rated voltage of the motor nameplate. If rated voltage of the motor is 440V, this parameter voltage of the motor is 380V, this parameter must be set to 3	as indicated on the motor er must be set to 440V. If rated
If this setting is greater than the rated voltage of the motor, n damage to the AC drive may occur.	uisance over current faults or
04 02 Mid point Fraguency	Factory Sotting: 1 50

01 - 03 Mid-point Frequency

Factory Setting: 1.50

Settings 0.1

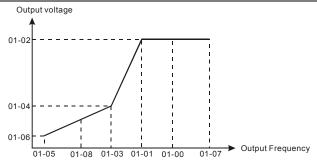
0.10~120.00 Hz

- ☐ This parameter sets the Mid-point Frequency of the V/f curve.
- This parameter must meet the following argument. Pr.1-01 >= Pr.1-03 >= Pr.1-05.



			SELIZ VI D-1 OCITES
01 - 04 Mid-poin	t Voltage	Fa	ctory Setting: 5.5/11.0
Settings	230V series: 0.1 ~ 255.0V		
	460V series: 0.2 ~ 510.0V		
This paramete	er sets the Mid-point Voltage of the	V/f curve.	
This paramete	er must meet the following argume	nt. Pr.1-02 >= Pr.1-	04 >= Pr.1-06.
01 - 05 Minimun	n Output Frequency		Factory Setting: 1.50
Settings	0.10~20.00 Hz		
This paramete	er sets the Minimum Output Freque	ency of the AC drive.	This parameter must
be lower than	or equal to the Mid-point frequence	;y	
01 - 06 Minimum	n Output Voltage	Fa	ctory Setting: 5.5/11.0
Settings	230V series: 0.1 ~ 50.0V		
	460V series: 0.2 ~100.0V		
This paramete	er sets the Minimum Output Voltag	e of the AC Drive. TI	he parameter must be
lower than or	equal to the Mid-point Voltage.		
01 - 07 Upper B	ound Frequency		Factory Setting: 60.00
Settings	0.00~120.00 Hz		
This paramete	er will limit the maximum output fre	equency of AC drive.	If slip compensation
(Pr.07-02~07-	05) or feedback control (Pr.10-00~	-10-09) are enabled,	the output frequency
	ay exceed the Master Frequency (Command, but it will	continue to be limited
by this parame	eter setting.		
01 - 08 Lower B	ound Frequency		Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings	0.00~120.00 Hz		
This paramete	er will limit the minimum output fred	quency. Any Master	Frequency Command
below Pr.1-08	, will result in an output equal to P	r.1-08.	
Upon a start c	ommand, the drive will accelerate	from Pr.1-05 Minimu	ım Output Frequency
to the Master	Frequency Command point.		
	und Frequency setting must be sr -08). If lower bound frequency set		
•	vill equalize the two settings to the		





01 - 09 Acceleration Time 1	×	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0
01 - 10 Deceleration Time 1	×	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0
01 - 11 Acceleration Time 2	N	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0
01 - 12 Deceleration Time 2	×	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0
01 - 13 Acceleration Time 3	×	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0
01 - 14 Deceleration Time 3	×	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0
01 - 15 Acceleration Time 4	×	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0
01 - 16 Deceleration Time 4	×	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0
01 - 17 JOG Acceleration Time	×	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0
01 - 18 JOG Deceleration Time	N	Factory Setting: 10.0/60.0

Settings 0.1~3600.0 Sec Unit: 0.1sec

- Acceleration time is the time required for the AC drive to ramp from 0 Hz to its Maximum Output Frequency (Pr.1-00). Deceleration time is the time required for the AC drive to decelerate from Maximum Output Frequency (Pr.1-00) down to 0 Hz.
- An Acceleration or Deceleration time that is too quick, may cause the AC drives protection features to enable (over-current stall prevention during Accel 06-01 or over-voltage stall prevention 06-00). If this occurs, the actual Accel/Decel time will be longer than this setting.
- Warning: An acceleration or deceleration that is too quick, may cause excess loads on the AC drive and may permanently damage the drive.
- If you want to decelerate the AC drive in short time period, we recommend to add an external brake module and brake resistor.



01 - 19 JOG Frequency	<u> </u>	N	Factory Setting: 6.00
Settings 0.0 H	z~120.00 Hz	1	Unit: 0.1sed
(Pr. 04-00 to 04-07 set to	s to be utilized, users need to use to 07) or the JOG key on keypad. Or ate from the Minimum Output Freq	ice a	JOG command is initiated
The accel/decel time of the (Pr.01-17 and 01-18).	the JOG operation is determined by	y the	e JOG accel/decel speed
When the drive is in ope	ration, the JOG command is disable	led.	
01 - 20 S Curve Delay Tim	e in Accel		Factory Setting: 0.00
01 - 21 S Curve Delay Tim	e in Decel		
Those perometers enable	e the S curve. The longer the S cur	ve ti	me period the smoother the
transition between speed	ds.		
•	ds.	~	Factory Setting: 1.00
transition between speed		×	, c
transition between speed 01 - 22 Modulation Index Settings 0.90~		! <u> </u>	Unit: 0.1
transition between speed 11 - 22 Modulation Index Settings 0.90~ This parameter sets the The Maximum Output Vo	1.20	ge to	Unit: 0.1 or the input voltage.
transition between speed 101 - 22 Modulation Index Settings 0.90~ This parameter sets the The Maximum Output Vo Modulation Index param incoming line voltage.	1.20 ratio of the Maximum Output Voltage (Pr.01-02) is normally limited	ge to	Unit: 0.1 the input voltage. the input voltage. With the utput voltage beyond the
transition between speed 11 - 22 Modulation Index Settings 0.90~ This parameter sets the The Maximum Output Vo Modulation Index paramincoming line voltage. A Modulation Index of 1, input voltage. A Modulation index of 1. than in the input voltage.	1.20 ratio of the Maximum Output Voltage oltage (Pr.01-02) is normally limited eter, the user is able to increase th	ge to the output of the output	Unit: 0.1 the input voltage. the input voltage. With the utput voltage beyond the (Pr. 1-02) is equal to the e (Pr. 1-02) is 20% higher form will be distorted due to
transition between speed 11 - 22 Modulation Index Settings 0.90~ This parameter sets the The Maximum Output Vo Modulation Index paramincoming line voltage. A Modulation Index of 1, input voltage. A Modulation index of 1. than in the input voltage.	1.20 ratio of the Maximum Output Voltage (Pr.01-02) is normally limited eter, the user is able to increase the defines the Maximum Output Voltage, defines the Maximum Output Vol Please note, the output voltage wease torque ripple and noise in the	ge to the output of the output	Unit: 0.1 the input voltage. the input voltage. With the utput voltage beyond the (Pr. 1-02) is equal to the e (Pr. 1-02) is 20% higher form will be distorted due to
transition between speed 11 - 22 Modulation Index Settings 0.90~ This parameter sets the The Maximum Output Vo Modulation Index paramincoming line voltage. A Modulation Index of 1, input voltage. A Modulation index of 1. than in the input voltage. harmonics and may incompose and	1.20 ratio of the Maximum Output Voltage (Pr.01-02) is normally limited eter, the user is able to increase the defines the Maximum Output Voltage, defines the Maximum Output Vol Please note, the output voltage wease torque ripple and noise in the	ge to the output of the output	Unit: 0.1 Unit: 0.1 the input voltage. With the utput voltage beyond the (Pr. 1-02) is equal to the (Pr. 1-02) is 20% higher form will be distorted due to tor.
transition between speed 11 - 22 Modulation Index Settings 0.90~ This parameter sets the The Maximum Output Vo Modulation Index paramincoming line voltage. A Modulation Index of 1, input voltage. A Modulation index of 1. than in the input voltage. harmonics and may incoming and may incomi	1.20 ratio of the Maximum Output Voltage (Pr.01-02) is normally limited eter, the user is able to increase the defines the Maximum Output Voltage, defines the Maximum Output Voltage wease torque ripple and noise in the Unit	ge to the output of the output	Unit: 0.1 In the input voltage. With the utput voltage beyond the litput voltage beyond the (Pr. 1-02) is equal to the e (Pr. 1-02) is 20% higher form will be distorted due to tor.

A high resolution decreases the accel/decel time range as shown in the following chart.



01-23	Accel/Decel time unit	Accel/Decel time range
00	1 Sec	1~36000 Sec
01	0.1 Sec	0.1~3600.0 Sec
02	0.01 Sec	0.01~360.00 Sec



5.3 Group 2: Operation Method Parameters

02 - 00 Source of Frequency Command	<i>×</i>	Factory Setting: 00
-------------------------------------	----------	---------------------

Settings 00: via keypad

01: via analog input AVI 02: via analog input ACI1 03: via analog input ACI2

04: via RS485 serial communication

05: via External Reference

Settings:

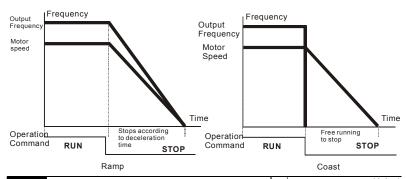
- 00: Frequency command source is the keypad. User may use UP/DOWN keys to adjust the frequency command. Also if the Multi-Function Input terminals (Pr.04-00 to 04-07) are set to 13 or 14, their function will be the same as the UP/DOWN keys.
- 01: Frequency command source is the analog input terminal AVI.
- 02: Frequency command source is the analog input terminal ACI1.
- 03: Frequency command source is the analog input terminal ACI2.
- 04: Frequency command source is the RS485 serial communication.
- 05: Frequency command source depends on the setting of Pr. 04-24.
- You may use SW2 on the control board to choose between a $0\sim10V$ or $0\sim5V$ input range. When AVI is set to $0\sim5V$, the voltage input is limited to 5V maximum. The relationship to frequency is 0V = 0hz and 5V = Pr1-00.

Settings 00: Controlled by the digital keypad 01: Controlled by the external terminals, keypad STOP enabled. 02: Controlled by the external terminals, keypad STOP disabled. 03: Controlled by the RS-485 communication interface, keypad STOP enabled. 04: Controlled by the RS-485 communication interface, keypad STOP disabled. This parameter sets the operation command source of the AC drive. When the AC drive is controlled by an external source, you may select 2-wire or 3-wire operation. Please refer to Pr.02-05.



TELLIA VFD-F Series			
02 - 02 Stop Method	1	Factory Setting:	00
Settings	00:Stop = ramp to stop, E.F. (External Fault) = co	ast to stop	
	01:Stop = coast to stop, E.F. = coast to stop		
	02:Stop = ramp to stop, E.F. = ramp to stop		
	03:Stop = coast to stop, E.F. = ramp to stop		
Ramn: The AC dri	ive decelerates the motor to minimum output freque	ency according to	the

- Ramp: The AC drive decelerates the motor to minimum output frequency according to the deceleration time setting.
- Coast: The AC drive output instantly stops upon command and the motor free spins until it comes to a complete stop.
- External Fault may be enabled by the EF terminal or a Multi-Function terminal. Please refer to Pr.04-00 to 04-07.
- Loss of an ACI signal may cause an E.F condition. Please refer to 02-07.



Unit: 1	₩	rier Frequency Selections	02 - 03 PWM Carrier
Factory Setting: 9000Hz		1~10HP 4000~10000Hz	Settings
Factory Setting: 6000Hz		15~30HP 3000~9000Hz	
Factory Setting: 4000Hz		≥40HP 2000~6000Hz	

- This parameter sets the carrier frequency of PWM output. The factory setting and setting range depend on the model type.
- When the temperature of the heat sink is greater than its limit, the AC drive will automatic lower the carrier frequency to avoid over heating the AC drive.



☐ The Carrier frequency of the PWM output has a signification influence on the electromagnetic noise, heat dissipation of the AC drive, and the acoustic noise to the motor as shown in the following chart.

Carrier	Acoustic	Electromagnetic	Leakage	Heat
frequency	Noise	Noise	Current	Dissipation
Signification	Minimal	Signification	Signification	Signification
+	\downarrow	↓	1	↓
Minimal	Signification	Minimal	Minimal	Minimal

When the carrier frequency is low, current ripple of the AC drive is large. This may result in a current display value greater than the actual value.

02 - 04 Forward/Reverse Enable Factory Setting: 00

Settings 00: Forward/Reverse enabled

01: Reverse disabled02: Forward disabled

This parameter enables the direction of the AC drive.

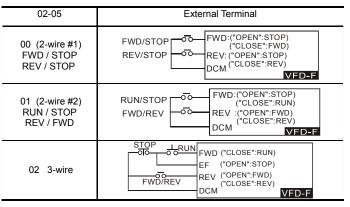
02 - 05 2-wire/3-wire Operation Control Modes Factory Setting: 00

Settings 00: 2-wire (#1), FWD/STOP, REV/STOP

01: 2-wire (#2), RUN/STOP, REV/FWD

02: 3-wire

- This parameter sets the operation mode when operating by external terminals.
- Please refer to 02-01.





Factory Setting: 01 02 - 06 Line Start Lockout Settinas 00: Disabled 01: Enabled When enabled, the AC drive will not start when powered up with a run command applied. The AC drive must see the run command transition from stop to run after power up. When Line Start Lockout is disabled (also known as Auto-Start), the AC drive will start when powered-up with run commands applied. Factory Setting: 01 02 - 07 Loss of ACI Signal 00: Decelerate to 0Hz Settings 01: E.F. 02: Continue operation by the last frequency command This parameter determines the AC drives response to a loss of the ACI input. Factory Setting: 00 02 - 08 Start-up Display Selection N Bit0~1: 00 = F LED Settings 01 = H LED 10 = U LED (special display) 11 = Fwd / Rev Bit2: 0 = Fwd LED / 1 = Rev LED Bit3~5: 000 = 1st 7-step 001 = 2nd 7-step 010 = 3rd 7-step011 = 4th 7-step100 = 5th 7-stepBit6~7: Reserved This parameter determines the display on keypad after each power up. To program this parameter the user must first generate a Hex value with the information above. Then using the Hex to Decimal conversion to find the corresponding Decimal value and enter it into this parameter. For example, a setting of 21 (decimal 21= hex 010101) will display the "H" and "REV" LEDs and the cursor will stay at the 3rd 7-step display upon power up. When setting to U LED, please refer to 02-09.



			SELTA VFD-F Serie
02 - 09 Special Di	splay	N	Factory Setting: 00
Settings	00: A displays output current of AC driv	е	
	01: U displays DC-Bus voltage of AC d	rive	
	02: E displays RMS of output voltage		
	03: P displays feedback signal		
	04: PLC display auto procedure state		
This parameter defined setting.	chooses the display on the keypad immed	liately	y following the "U" user
(MODE" key will	scroll from "F", "H", "U", (Pr. 02-09), FWD	, and	back to "F".
Users may also	use the "LEFT" key on the digital keypad	to sw	ritch display content.
02 - 10 User Defin	ned Coefficient	×	Factory Setting: 1.0
Settings	0.01~160.00		Unit: 0.0
When this parameter is set, the "H "display value = actual output frequency of AC drive x 02-10.			
<u>=</u>	neter is set, the H display value = actual	σαιρ	at frequency of AC drive x
02-10.	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. \		ı H LED lights, the value or
02-10. If output frequer	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. \		
02-10. If output frequer the display is 22	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. \	Vhen	ı H LED lights, the value or
02-10. If output frequer the display is 22 02 - 11 Flying Star Settings	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. \text{V:5.00.} t 00: Disable 01: Enable (DC brake disabled)	When	H LED lights, the value or Factory Setting: 0
02-10. If output frequer the display is 22 02 - 11 Flying Star Settings When the AC druthe drive and ma	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. \text{V}5.00. t 00: Disable	When	Factory Setting: 0 ay cause an over current on the start-up will allow the driv
02-10. If output frequer the display is 22 02 - 11 Flying Star Settings When the AC dr the drive and mato slowly find the speed.	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. No. 15.00. It 00: Disable 01: Enable (DC brake disabled) ive starts into a running motor (Flying Start) ay damage the motor. Using speed search	When when when when when when when when w	Factory Setting: 0 ay cause an over current on start-up will allow the drive tor, and bring it to comman
02-10. If output frequer the display is 22 02 - 11 Flying Star Settings When the AC dr the drive and mato slowly find the speed.	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. Version. To to 2.5. Version of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. Version	When when when when when when when when w	Factory Setting: 0 ay cause an over current on start-up will allow the drive tor, and bring it to comman
02-10. If output frequer the display is 22 02 - 11 Flying Star Settings When the AC dr the drive and mato slowly find the speed. If the Flying Star	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. Version. To to 2.5. Version of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. Version	When	Factory Setting: 0 ay cause an over current on start-up will allow the drivetor, and bring it to commanue 08-01 will be disabled. Factory Setting: 0
02-10. If output frequer the display is 22 02 - 11 Flying Star Settings When the AC dr the drive and mato slowly find the speed. If the Flying Star 02 - 12 Flying Star	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. Version. t 00: Disable 01: Enable (DC brake disabled) ive starts into a running motor (Flying Start) ay damage the motor. Using speed search e motor speed, smoothly take control of the tri feature is enabled upon start-up, the DC	When	Factory Setting: 0 ray cause an over current of a start-up will allow the drivitor, and bring it to command the 08-01 will be disabled. Factory Setting: 0 pommand
02-10. If output frequer the display is 22 02 - 11 Flying Star Settings When the AC dr the drive and mate to slowly find the speed. If the Flying Star Settings	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. Vis.00. It 00: Disable 01: Enable (DC brake disabled) ive starts into a running motor (Flying Start) ay damage the motor. Using speed search e motor speed, smoothly take control of the fit feature is enabled upon start-up, the DC It Frequency 00: Begin search from Master Frequency	When	Factory Setting: 0 ay cause an over current on start-up will allow the driv tor, and bring it to command to 08-01 will be disabled. Factory Setting: 00 command (Pr.01-00)
02-10. If output frequer the display is 22 02 - 11 Flying Star Settings When the AC dr the drive and mate to slowly find the speed. If the Flying Star Settings	ncy of AC drive is 90Hz, set 02-10 to 2.5. No. 25.00. It 00: Disable 01: Enable (DC brake disabled) ive starts into a running motor (Flying Start) ay damage the motor. Using speed search e motor speed, smoothly take control of the rt feature is enabled upon start-up, the DC rt Frequency 00: Begin search from Master Frequency 01: Begin search from Maximum Frequency	When	Factory Setting: 0 ay cause an over current on start-up will allow the driv tor, and bring it to commanuse 08-01 will be disabled. Factory Setting: 0 pmmand (Pr.01-00) Factory Setting: 0

5-13



If this parameter is set to 00: The AC drive will not store the last known master frequency command, after power is removed.
If this parameter is set to 01: The AC drive will memorize the last known master frequency command after power off. Upon power up the last known frequency is displayed.
After a fault, the AC drive will always remember the last know master frequency command.
This feature is only enabled when Pr. 02-00 is set for 0 or 4.



5.4 Group 3: Output Function Parameters

03 - 00 Multi-function Output terminal 1	Factory Setting: 00
03 - 01 Multi-function Output terminal 2	Factory Setting: 00
03 - 02 Multi-function Output terminal 3	Factory Setting: 00
03 - 03 Multi-function Output terminal 4	Factory Setting: 00
03 - 04 Multi-function Output terminal 5	Factory Setting: 00
03 - 05 Multi-function Output terminal 6	Factory Setting: 00
03 - 06 Multi-function Output terminal 7	Factory Setting: 00
03 - 07 Multi-function Output terminal 8	Factory Setting: 00

Settings 00-33

Setting	Functions	Descriptions
00	No function	
01	Motor No. 1	
02	Motor No. 2	
03	Motor No. 3]
04	Motor No. 4	When starting circulative control, AC drive will
05	Motor No. 5	automatic set this parameter by 11-01 to 11-03.
06	Motor No. 6	
07	Motor No. 7	
80	Motor No. 8	
09	Auxiliary 1 output	
10	Auxiliary 2 output	Parameter value 09 to 15 program
11	Auxiliary 3 output	Multi-Function Output Terminals
12	Auxiliary 4 output	(Pr.03-00~Pr.03-07) to correspond with the AC
13	Auxiliary 5 output	drive multi-function input terminals, Pr.04-00 to 04-07(settings 20~26).
14	Auxiliary 6 output	04-07 (Settings 20~26).
15	Auxiliary 7 output	
16	Indication during operation	The corresponding output will be closed during operation (including DC brake time).
17	Master frequency attained	The corresponding output will be closed when output frequency reaches master frequency command.
18	Zero Speed (including shutdown)	The corresponding output will be closed when the AC drive has no output voltage signal.
19	Over-torque	The corresponding output relay will be closed when the AC drives output current exceeds the over-torque detection level 06-04.
20	External Fault	The corresponding output will be closed when the EF is enabled. (Pr. 4-00 to 4-07)



Setting	Functions	Descriptions
21	Low voltage detection	The corresponding output will be closed when the DC Bus voltage drops below our threshold. The keypad will display "Lu".
22	Operation Mode indication	The corresponding output will be closed when the AC drives "Operation Command" is controlled by the external terminals.
23	Fault Indication	The corresponding output will be closed when AC drive has experienced a fault.
24	Master Frequency Attained 1	The corresponding output will be closed when the AC drives output frequency exceeds (Pr.03-08) Master Frequency Attained 1.
25	Master Frequency Attained 2	The corresponding output will be closed when the AC drives output frequency exceeds (Pr.03-09) Master Frequency Attained 2.
26	Over Temperature indication	The corresponding output will be closed when the AC drive temperature exceeds its rating.
27	Drive Ready	The corresponding output will be closed the when the AC drive is ready and has no faults.
28	External Emergency Stop (EF1)	The corresponding output will be closed when multi-function input terminals (Pr.04-00 to 04-07) are set to emergency stop and then activated.
29	Software brake output	The corresponding output will be closed when the AC drives DC bus voltage exceeds (Pr.08-19) the brake level.
30	OL or OL1 overload warning	The corresponding output will be closed upon an overload (OL or OL1) fault.
31	Dwell indication (sleep)	The corresponding output will be closed when the AC drive is in a Dwell status (Pr.11-07).
32	Low current indication	The corresponding output will be closed when the AC drives output current is lower than the Low Current setting (Pr.06-08).
33	PID feedback error indication	The corresponding output will be closed when the PID feedback signal has an error.
34	PLC Program Running	The Output will be activated when PLC Program is running.
35	PLC Program Step Completed	The Output will be activated for 0.5 sec when each multi-step speed is attained.
36	PLC Program Completed	The output will be activated for 0.5 sec when the PLC program cycle has completed
37	PLC Operation Paused	The output will be activated when PLC operation is paused.

The VFD-F has two form C relays (multi-function output 1 and 2). There is an optional External Relay Card with 6 NO contact relays (multi-function outputs 3-8).



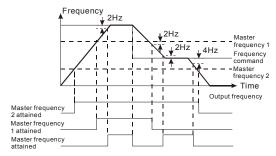
- External relay specifications = 8A/250VAC or 5A/30VDC.
- Relay delay time is 5~10 msec.

03 - 08 Master Frequency Attained 1	Factory Setting: 0.00

03 - 09 Master Frequency Attained 2

Settings 0.00~120.00 Hz Unit: 0.01

- An output relay may be programmed to activate when the output frequency exceeds the desired attained frequency setting of these two parameters.
- There is a ±2Hz window of operation. If the master frequency attained is 20Hz and the output frequency exceeds 20Hz, the corresponding output relay will be "closed". When the output frequency is less than 18Hz, the corresponding output relay will be "opened" as the following diagram shows.



03 - 10 Analog Output 1, (AFM1) 0~10Vdc	Factory Setting: 00
03 - 11 Analog Output 2, (AFM2) 0/4~ 20mA	Factory Setting: 01

Settings

- 00: Output frequency
- 01: Output current
- 02: Output voltage
- 03: Frequency command
- 04: Power factor loading
- These parameters select the content of the analog output signals AFM1 and AFM2.
- Setting 00: 0-10V = 0 (Pr.01-00)
- ☐ Setting 01: 0-10V = 0 (2.52.0 x rated current)
- Setting 02: 0-10V = 0 (Pr.01-02)
- Setting 03: 0-10V = 0 Master Freq. command



- Setting 04: 0-10V = 0.0 output power factor 1.0
- When using 0-20mA output, please refer to Pr. 3-14.
- Maximum impedance loading of analog output 2 (AFM2) can't be greater than 500 ohms.

03 - 12 Analog Output Gain 1	×	Factory Setting: 100
03 - 13 Analog Output Gain 2		Factory Setting: 100

Settings 01~200%

- This parameter is to determine analog output gain.
- The analog output is limited to 10V and 20mA. The gain is designed to offer a normally small output signal to be enlarged for easier viewing on a meter.

03 - 14 Analog O	utput 2 Selection	Factory Setting: 01
Settings	00: 0~20mA	
· ·	01: 4~20mA	
This parameter	selects the output range of Analog Output 2 (AFM2).	

03 - 15 DC Fan Co	ntrol	Factory Setting: 00
Settings	00: Fan runs on power up.01: Fan begins upon a RUN command. Fan stops STOP command.02: Fan begins upon a RUN command. Fan stops command	
	03: Fan is controlled by temperature. Approximate temperature will start the fan.	ely a 60°C

This parameter determines DC fan control method.



5.5 Group 4: Input Function Parameters

04 - 00 Multi-function Input terminal 1	Factory Setting: 01
04 - 01 Multi-function Input terminal 2	Factory Setting: 02
04 - 02 Multi-function Input terminal 3	Factory Setting: 03
04 - 03 Multi-function Input terminal 4	Factory Setting: 04
04 - 04 Multi-function Input terminal 5	Factory Setting: 05
04 - 05 Multi-function Input terminal 6	Factory Setting: 07
04 - 06 Multi-function Input terminal 7	Factory Setting: 08
04 - 07 Multi-function Input terminal 8	Factory Setting: 09

Settings 00~31

Setting	Functions	Descriptions
00	No function	All unused terminals should be set to 00, to assure they have no effect on drive operation.
01	Multi-Speed terminal 1	Allows solection of the 15 multi stan anada
02	Multi-Speed terminal 2	Allows selection of the 15 multi-step speeds. Please refer to 05-00 to 05-14 to program the
03	Multi-Speed terminal 3	- 15 step speeds.
04	Multi-Speed terminal 4	13 step speeds.
05	Reset (NO)	Clears (Reset) a fault and returns the AC drive
06	Reset (NC)	to normal operation.
07	Jog operation (JOG)	Enables the JOG command. Works identical to the JOG key on the digital keypad.
08	Accel/Decel disable	Stops the acceleration or deceleration of the AC drive. AC drive then maintains a constant speed.
09	Accel/Decel 2 selection	A corresponding terminal set to value 09 and closed selects Accel/Decel time 2. A corresponding terminal set to value 10 and
10	Accel/Decel 3 selection	closed selects Accel/Decel time 3. Accel/Decel time 4 is selected when both terminals are closed.
11	B.B. (NO) input	Enables the base block (pause) function.
12	B.B. (NC) input	Please refer to Pr.08-08, for base block functions.
13	Increase Frequency	Enables the external terminals to increase or decrease the Master Frequency command
14	Decrease Frequency	each time an input is received. Terminals are not active during a stop command.
15	Emergency stop (NO)	Generates an external fault (EF1). The
16	Emergency stop (NC)	function is identical to the external terminal (EF).



Setting	Functions	Descriptions
17	AVI(open), ACI1(close)	External selection of the Master Frequency command. (Analog input AVI = terminal open) or (ACI1 = terminal closed). This setting over-rides Pr.02-00.
18	KEYPAD(open), EXT(close)	External selection of the Operation Command Source. (Keypad = terminal open) or (External terminals = terminal closed). This setting is valid when Pr.02-01 is set to 00. Otherwise, the Operation Command Source will follow the setting in Pr.02-01.
19	PID disable	Disable PID feedback control and operate via Master Frequency Command source Pr.02-00.
20	Auxiliary 1 input	
21	Auxiliary 2 input	Parameter value 20 to 26 program
22	Auxiliary 3 input	Multi-Function Input Terminals
23	Auxiliary 4 input	(Pr.04-00~Pr.04-07) to correspond with the AC
24	Auxiliary 5 input	drive multi-function output terminals Pr.03-00
25	Auxiliary 6 input	to 03-07 (settings 09-15).
26	Auxiliary 7 input	100
27	Motor No.1 output disable	When multiple motors are controlled by an AC drive, these settings will allow the
28	Motor No.2 output disable	corresponding motor to disable and ignore this
29	Motor No.3 output disable	motor. AC drive will not accept a "Motor Output
30	Motor No.4 output disable	Disabled" signal when it is running.
31	All motor outputs disable	When multiplex motors are in circulative control mode, this terminal can stop the motor that power supply is not from AC drive and set the circulative control mode disable. Now only the motor in running keeps running.
32	Run PLC Program	Parameter value 32 programs Multi-Function Input Terminal to enable the AC drive internal PLC program. Parameter value 33 programs
33	Pause PLC Program	an input terminal to pause the PLC program. Note: Pr.05-00 to Pr.05-16 defines the PLC program.

04 - 08 Digital Input Terminal Response Time		Factory Setting: 01
Settings	01~20	

- This parameter selects the response time of digital input terminals MI1 to MI8, EF, REV and FWD.
- AC drive will scan the digital input terminals once every 2msec. During each scan the drive will check the status of each terminal (open or closed).

Unit: 0.01



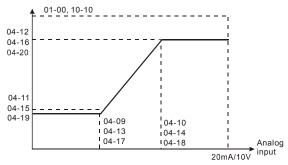
•	ments, it would be advantageous to verify the g a new command, nearly eliminating false s	
·	4-08 is set to 4, the AC drive will confirm the change is made. This correlates to an 8~10m ecution.	, ,
It is not recommoperation of the	ended to set this parameter to 00, since inte AC drive.	rference may cause improper
04 - 09 AVI Minim	um Voltage	Factory Setting: 0.0
04 - 10 AVI Maxim	num Voltage	Factory Setting: 10.0
Settings	0.0 ~ 10.0V	Unit: 0.1
04 - 11 AVI Minim	um Frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	Factory Setting: 0.00
04 - 12 AVI Maxim	num Frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	Factory Setting: 100.00
Settings	0.00~100.00%	Unit: 0.01
04 - 13 ACI1 Mini	mum Current	Factory Setting: 4.0
04 - 14 ACI1 Max	imum Current	Factory Setting: 20.0
Settings	0.0 ~ 20.0mA	Unit: 0.1
04 - 15 ACI1 Mini	mum Frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	Factory Setting: 0.00
04 - 16 ACI1 Max	imum Frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	Factory Setting: 100.00
Settings	0.0~100.0%	Unit: 0.01
04 - 17 ACI2 Mini	mum Current	Factory Setting: 4.0
04 - 18 ACI2 Max		Factory Setting: 20.0
Settings	0.0 ~ 20.0mA	Unit: 0.1
04 - 19 ACI2 Mini	mum frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	Factory Setting: 0.00
	imum frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	Factory Setting: 100.00

0.00~100.00%

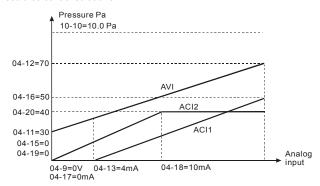
Settings



Please refer to the following diagram for more details:



Example: Using the AVI(0~10V) as the target source and ACI1(4~20mA corresponds to 0~5Pa) and ACI2(0~10mA corresponds to 0~4Pa) as the feedback location for a pressure sensor connected. If your target value is between 3~7Pa (Set Pr.10-01 to 10, other parameters settings refer Pr.10-01 to set as shown in the following diagram and then setting the PID feedback relative parameters.) If setting AVI to 7.5V, pressure sum of ACI1 and ACI2 could be controlled at 6Pa.



When analog input current of ACI1/ACI2 is lower than Pr.04-13/Pr.04-17, EF warning will pup-up.

	NELTA VFD-F Series
04 - 21 Analog Input Delay AVI	Factory Setting: 0.50
04 - 22 Analog Input Delay ACI1	Factory Setting: 0.50
04 - 23 Analog Input Delay ACI2	Factory Setting: 0.50
Settings 0.00 ~ 10.00 Sec	Unit: 0.01
This parameter selects the time constant for the analog input adjusted time constant may help filter noise on the analog input	,
If the input delay is set too long, the system may experience of these parameters.	scillation. Be careful setting

04 - 24 Summation of External Frequency Sources		Factory Setting: 00
Settings	00: No functions 01: AVI+ACI1 02: ACI1+ACI2 03: ACI2+AVI	

04: Communication master frequency +AVI 05: Communication master frequency +ACI1 06: Communication master frequency +ACI2

This parameter selects the terminals used for summation of the External Frequency Sources.



5.6 Group 5: Multi-step Speed Frequency Parameters

05 - 00 1st Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 01 2nd Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 02 3rd Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 03 4th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 04 5th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 05 6th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 06 7th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 07 8th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 08 9th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 09 10th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 10 11th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 11 12th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 12 13th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 13 14th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00
05 - 14 15th Step Speed Frequency	N	Factory Setting: 0.00

The Multi-Function Input Terminals (refer to Pr.04-00 to 04-07) are used to select one of the AC drive Multi-Step speeds. The speeds (frequencies) are determined by Pr.05-00 to 05-14 shown above.

05	- 15 PLC Mode		Factory Setting: 00
	Settings	00	Disable PLC operation
		01	Execute one program cycle
		02	Continuously execute program cycles
		03	Execute one program cycle step by step
		04	Continuously execute program cycles step by step
	This parameter se	elects	the mode of PLC operation for the AC drive. The AC drive will
	change speeds a	nd dir	ections according to the user's desired programming.



Example 1 (Pr.05-15 = 1): Execute one cycle of the PLC program. Its relative parameter settings are:

Pr.05-00 to 05-14: 1st to 15th step speed (sets the frequency of each step speed)

Pr.04-00 to 04-07: Multi-Function Input Terminals (set one multi-function terminal as 32

- PLC auto-operation).

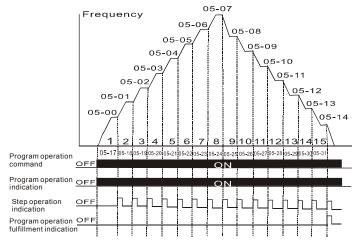
Multi-Function Output Terminals (set a Multi-Function Terminal as

Pr.03-00 to 03-07: 34-PLC running indication, 35-PLC step completed or 36-PLC

program completed).

Pr.05-16: Direction of operation for the 1st to 15th step speed.

Pr.05-17 to 05-31: Operation time setting of the 1st to 15th step speed.



Note: The above diagram shows one complete PLC cycle. To restart the cycle, turn the PLC program off and on again.

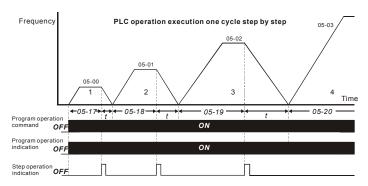
Example 2 (Pr.05-15 = 2): Continuously executes program cycles:

The diagram above shows the PLC program stepping through each speed. Set Pr.05-15 to 2 continuously executes the program. To stop the PLC program, one must either pause the program or turn it off. (Refer to Pr.04-00 to 04-07 values 32 and 33).



Example 3 (Pr.05-15 = 3) Execute one cycle step by step:

The example below shows how the PLC can perform one cycle at a time, within in a complete cycle. Each step will use the accel/decel times in Pr.01-09 to Pr.01-16. It should be noticed that the time each step spends at its intended frequency is diminished, due to the time spent during accel/decel.



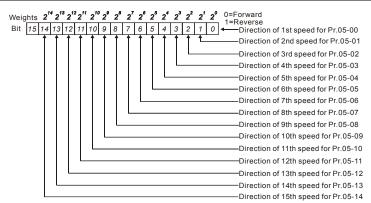
05 - 16 PLC Forward/Reverse Motion Factory Setting: 00
Settings 00 to 32767

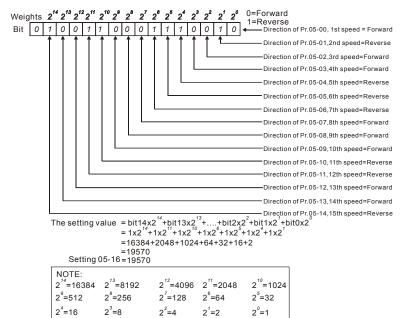
☐ This parameter controls the direction of motion for the Multi-Step Speeds Pr.05-00 to Pr.05-14 during PLC mode. All other direction commands are invalid during the PLC mode.

Note:

The equivalent 15-bit number is used to program the forward/reverse motion for each of the 15 speed steps. The binary notation for the 15-bit number must be translated into decimal notation and then entered.







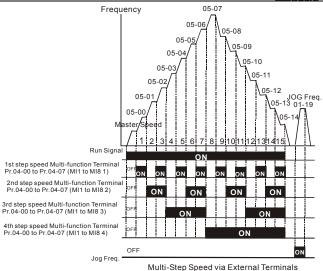


05 - 17	Time Duration of 1st Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 18	Time Duration of 2nd Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 19	Time Duration of 3rd Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 10	Time Duration of 4th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 21	Time Duration of 5th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 22	Time Duration of 6th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 23	Time Duration of 7th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 24	Time Duration of 8th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 25	Time Duration of 9th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 26	Time Duration of 10th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 27	Time Duration of 11th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 28	Time Duration of 12th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 29	Time Duration of 13th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 30	Time Duration of 14th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
05 - 31	Time Duration of 15th Step Speed	Factory Setting: 0.0
	Settings 0.0 to 65500	Unit: 1 /0.1sec

Pr.05-17 to Pr.05-31 correspond to operation time of each step speed defined by Pr.05-00 to Pr.05-14. The maximum setting 65500 seconds will be displayed as t6550. If it is displayed t6550. that means 6550 seconds.

Note: If a parameter is set to "00" (0 sec), the corresponding step will be skipped. This is commonly used to reduce the number of program steps.





05 - 32	Time Unit S	Settings	3	Factory Setting: 00
	0 - 111	00	4.0	

Settings 00 1 Sec 01 0.1 Sec

☐ This parameter determines the time unit for Pr.05-17~Pr.05-31.



5.7 Group 6: Protection Function Parameters

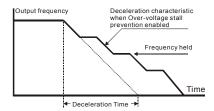
06 - 00 Over-voltage Stall Prevention	Factory Setting: 390.0/780.0
---------------------------------------	------------------------------

Settings 230V series: 330.0 ~ 410.0VDC 460V series: 660.0 ~820.0VDC

00: Disable

This parameter selects the voltage level for the Over-Voltage Stall Prevention function.

- During decelerations, the DC bus voltage may exceed its maximum allowable value due to motor regeneration. When this function is enabled, the AC drive will stop decelerating and maintain a constant output frequency. The AC drive will only resume deceleration when the voltage drops below the preset value.
- With moderate inertial loads, the over-voltage stall prevention will not occur and the deceleration time should be equal to Pr.1-10. With high inertial loads, the AC drive will automatically extend the deceleration time due to the step function shown below. If the deceleration time is critical for the application, then dynamic brake resistors should be used.

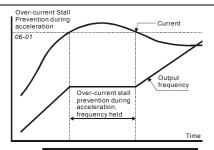


Over-current Stall Prevention during Acceleration Factory Setting: 120 Settings 20~150% Unit: 1

- This parameter selects the percentage of allowable over-current during acceleration before the stall prevention is enabled.
- During acceleration, the AC drive output current may increase abruptly and exceed the value specified by Pr.06-01 due to rapid acceleration or excessive load on the motor. When this function is enabled, the AC drive will stop accelerating and maintain a constant output frequency. The AC drive will only resume acceleration when the current drops below the value set in Pr.06-01 (please see the graph below).
- When the over-current stall prevention is activated, the acceleration time of the AC drive will be longer than the time set in Pr. 01-09.

Unit: 1



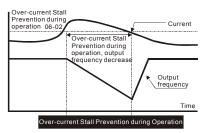


Over-current Stall Prevention during Acceleration

06 - 02 Over-current Stall Prevention during operation Factory Setting: 120

This parameter selects the percentage of allowable over-current during operation before the stall prevention function is enabled.

If the output current exceeds the value specified in Pr.06-02 when the drive is operating at steady state speed, the drive will decrease its output frequency to prevent the drive from faulting with an OC. Once the current falls below the value specified in Pr.06-02, the drive will then accelerate to catch up with the command frequency.



06 - 03 Over-torque Detection Selection

Factory Setting: 00

Settings

Settinas

20~150%

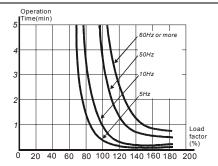
- 00: Over-torque detection disabled.
- 01: Over-torque detection enabled during constant speed operation (OL2), and operation continues.
- 02: Over-torque detection enabled during constant speed operation (OL2), and operation halted.
- 03: Over-torque detection enabled during operation (OL2), and operation continues.
- 04: Over-torque detection enabled during constant speed operation (OL2), and operation halted.



CA NELTA VFD-F Series	
☐ This parameter selects the Over-torque Detection operation.	_
$\hfill \Box$ If this parameter is set to 01 or 02, over-torque detection will not	occur during acceleration.
06 - 04 Over-torque Detection Level	Factory Setting: 110
Settings 30~150%	Unit: 1
This parameter sets the Over-torque Detection level based on the	ne AC drive rated current.
06 - 05 Over-torque Detection Time	Factory Setting: 0.1
Settings 0.1~60.0 Sec	Unit: 0.1
This parameter selects the allowable time of Over-torque Detectifaults with an OL2.	ion before the AC drive
When the output current exceeds Pr.06-04 for the time set in Pro and display "OL2" on the keypad.	06-05, AC drive will fault
06 - 06 Electronic Thermal Relay Selection	Factory Setting: 02
06 - 06 Electronic Thermal Relay Selection Settings 00: Operation disabled. 01: Operation with a standard motor (shaft motor) 02: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan co	ounted fan cooled).
Settings 00: Operation disabled. 01: Operation with a standard motor (shaft mo	ounted fan cooled). soled or self powered fan)
Settings 00: Operation disabled. 01: Operation with a standard motor (shaft motor) 02: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan co	counted fan cooled). soled or self powered fan) stor. When the output
Settings 00: Operation disabled. 01: Operation with a standard motor (shaft motor) 02: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan co	counted fan cooled). soled or self powered fan) stor. When the output
Settings 00: Operation disabled. 01: Operation with a standard motor (shaft motor) 02: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the provided of the motor) This parameter provides electronic thermal protection for the motor current exceeds Pr.07-02 for the time set in Pr.06-07, the drive with the provided of the present of	ounted fan cooled). soled or self powered fan) tor. When the output vill fault with an OL1.
Settings 00: Operation disabled. 01: Operation with a standard motor (shaft motor) 02: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) This parameter provides electronic thermal protection for the motor current exceeds Pr.07-02 for the time set in Pr.06-07, the drive with the standard motor (shaft motor) Observed the standard motor (shaft motor) 02: Operation disabled. 03: Operation disabled. 04: Operation disabled. 05: Operation disabled. 06: Operation disabled. 07: Operation disabled. 08: Operation disabled. 09: Operation with a standard motor (shaft motor) 09: Operation with a standard motor (shaft motor) 09: Operation with a standard motor (shaft motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the standard motor) 09: Operation with a ve	ounted fan cooled). soled or self powered fan) stor. When the output vill fault with an OL1. Factory Setting: 60 Unit: 1
Settings 00: Operation disabled. 01: Operation with a standard motor (shaft motor) 02: Operation with a vector motor (non-fan compared to the motor) This parameter provides electronic thermal protection for the motor current exceeds Pr.07-02 for the time set in Pr.06-07, the drive with the motor of th	pounted fan cooled). soled or self powered fan) stor. When the output vill fault with an OL1. Factory Setting: 60 Unit: 1 al protection function to

in the chart below. The actual reaction time will vary depending on output current.





06 - 08 Low Curre	Factory Setting: 00	
Settings	Unit: 1	
06 - 09 Low Curre	nt Detection Time	Factory Setting: 10.0
Settings	0.1~ 3600.0 Sec	Unit: 0.1
06 - 10 Low Curre	nt Detection Treatment	Factory Setting: 01
Settings	00: Warn and Ramp to stop 01: Warn and Coast to stop 02: Warn and keep operating	

These parameters set the low current detection mode, time, and operation.

06 - 11 Present Fault Record		cord	Factory Setting: 00
06 - 12 Second Most Recent Fault Record 06 - 13 Third Most Recent Fault Record		Second Most Recent Fault Record	Factory Setting: 00
		nt Fault Record	Factory Setting: 00
06 - 14 Fourth Re	ecent Fa	ault Record	Factory Setting: 00
Settings	00	No fault occurred	
	01	Over-current (oc)	
	02	Over-voltage (ov)	
	03	Overheat (oH)	
04 Overload (oL)		Overload (oL)	
	05	Electronic thermal relay (oL1)	
	06	External fault (EF)	
	07	AC drive IGBT fault (occ)	
	80	CPU failure (cF3)	
	09	Hardware protection failure (HPF)	



33	Fan 2, 3 Fault (FF23)	
32	Fan 1, 3 Fault (FF13)	
31	Fan 1, 2 Fault (FF12)	
30	Fan 1, 2, 3 Fault (FF123)	
29	Fan 3 Fault (FF3)	
28	Fan 2 Fault (FF2)	
27	Fan 1 Fault (FF1)	
26	Fan Power Fault (FAnP)	
25	Reserved	
24	FbL (Feedback Loss)	
23	Low-current (Lc)	
22	Phase-Loss (PHL)	
21	External emergency stop (EF1)	
20	Software/password protection (codE)	
19	Reserved	
18	Motor over load (oL2)	
17	Base Block (bb)	
16	EEPROM READ failure (cF2)	
15	EEPROM WRITE failure (cF1)	
14	Under voltage (Lv)	
13	Ground fault (GFF)	,
12	Over current during steady state operation (or	cn)
11	Over current during deceleration (ocd)	
10	Over current during acceleration (ocA)	

06 - 15 Paramet	er Reset	Factory Setting: 00
Settings	00~65535 09: Reset parameters (50Hz, 220/380)	
This paramete	10: Reset parameters (60Hz, 220/440) r resets all parameters to the factory setting.	
06 - 16 Paramet	er Protection Password Input	Factory Setting: 00
Settings	00~65535	



- ☐ This parameter allows the user to enter their password to unlock the Parameter Protection feature. The password entered must match the value entered into Pr.6-17. After three invalid password attempts, the drive will no longer allow any operation. The drive must then be powered off and back on again.
- After successfully entering the password, the user may change parameters as they wish.

 Once the drive is powered off, the drive has locked the parameters again. To clear the password, the user must enter the correct password in Pr.6-16 and then set Pr.6-17 to 00.

06 - 17 Parameter	Protection Password Setting	Factory Setting: 00
Settings	00~65535	
· ·	00: No password protection	

- This parameter allows the user to set a password for parameter protection. After entering a password, Pr.6-17 will display 1.
- Be sure to keep the password in a safe place. If the password is lost, please return the drive to DELTA



5.8 Group 7: AC Drive and Motor Parameters

07 - 00 Identity Code of AC Drive

Factory Setting: ##

Settings Display by model type

This parameter displays the AC drive model code.

This parameter is read-only.

07 - 01 Rated Current of AC Drive

Factory Setting: ##

Settings Display by model type

This parameter displays rated output current of the AC drive. The following chart may be used to look up the identity code, current, and hp of your drive.

230V series

KW	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37
HP	1	2	3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
Pr.07-00	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26
Rated current (A)	5	7	11	17	25	33	49	65	75	90	120	145
Max. Carried Freq.			10k	ΚHz				9K	6K	Hz		
Min. Carried Freq.			4K	Hz				3K		2KHz		
Factory Setting			9K	Hz				6K	4K	Hz		

460V series

KW	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	130	160	185	220
HP	1.0	2.0	3.0	5.0	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75	100	125	150	175	215	250	300
Pr.07-00	05	07	09	11	13	15	17	19	21	23	25	27	29	31	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Rated Current (A)	2.7	4.2	5.5	8.5	13	18	24	32	38	45	60	73	91	110	150	180	220	260	310	370	460
Max. Carried Freq. 10KHz					9KHz				6KHz												
Min. Carried Freq.	4KHz				3KHz			2KHz													
Factory Setting	9KHz				6KHz			4KHz													

This parameter is read-only.

07 - 02 Full-load C	07 - 02 Full-load Current of Motor					
Settings	30~120%		Unit: 1			

- This parameter selects the full load current of the motor.
- Pr7-02 = (full load motor current / drive rated current)
- Example: If the rated current of AC drive is 150A, full-load current of motor is 120A, then Pr.7-02 should be set to 80%



			VFD-F Series
	This parameter is used with slip compensation Pr.7-04 to Prelay Pr.6-06 to Pr.6-07. An incorrect setting will cause the incorrectly and may damage the motor and drive.		
	The full-load current of the motor must be equal to or less trated current of the AC drive.	han	(but not less than 50%) the
07	- 03 No-load Current of Motor	N	Factory Setting: 30%
	Settings 1~99%	•	Unit: 1
	This parameter sets the no-load current of the motor. Pr.7-03 = (no load current / drive rated current)		
Ш	Example: If the rated current of the AC drive is 150A and not then Pr.7-03 should be set to 27%. This parameter is used with slip compensation Pr.7-04 and leaves the function to work incorrectly and may damage the	Pr.7-	-05. An incorrect setting will
	If the no-load current of the motor is unavailable, it may be no load and reading the current on the keypad display.	foun	d by running the motor with
07	4 - 04 Auto Slip Compensation Gain	×	Factory Setting: 0.0
	Settings 0.0~3.0		Unit: 0.1
Ш	This parameter is set to auto slip compensation gain.		
	Rotor speed of the motor (output frequency of AC drive) can motor characteristic. The difference between synchronization called slip frequency. Slip frequency is in direct proportion of current. Therefore, slip compensation could make rotor specommand the same according output current (lo).	on s with	peed and rotor speed is output torque and output
	The equation of slip compensation is (07-05) X (07-04) X (17-04) X (18-04) Trated current of AC drive is 150A, full-load current of the method. A rated slip frequency is 5Hz and output current of AC compensation is (07-04) X 5 X (100-40) / (120-40) = 3.75 X and the compensation is 3.75. If master frequency comman frequency is 53.75.	otor Irive ((07	is 120A, no-load current is is 100A. At this time, slip 7-04). If 07-04 is set to 1.0
	Output frequency after compensation is limited by 01-07 upusing slip compensation, 01-07 should be set to the suitable		
Ф	When PID feedback control, slip compensation function wil	l be	disabled.



Unsuitable setting value may cause over compensation.		
- 05 Rated Slip Frequency of Motor		Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings 0.00~20.00Hz		Unit: 0.01
according to nameplate of loaded motor. If rated frequency motor poles is 4 and rated rotation speed of motor is 1650r	of moto	r is 60Hz, number of
compensation, this parameter must be set correctly. Incorre	ect settin	•
- 06 Auto Torque Compensation Gain	*	Factory Setting: 0.0
Settings 0.0~10.0 This parameter is to set auto torque compensation gain.		Unit: 0.1
Therefore, the short of gap magnet field will make a high or torque. Auto torque compensation gain could adjust output to loading to maintain in a fixed gap magnet of the motor to lift the setting of compensation gain is too great, over-exciting following situation: output current of AC drive is too great, r	utput cur voltage a get the	rent but low output automatically according best running situation. et will cause the
- 07 Torque Compensation Gain by Manual Operation	<i>N</i>	Factory Setting: 0.0
	<i>/</i> ·	Unit: 1.0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ianual oj	
adds compensation voltage on the setting V/f curve. Basica		=
- 08 Calculate Total Running Time of the Motor (Min)		Factory Catting: 00
Settings 00 to 1439 Min		Factory Setting: 00
		Unit:
- 09 Calculate Total Running Time of the Motor (Day)		
	This parameter is to set rated slip of loaded motor. Users ne according to nameplate of loaded motor. If rated frequency motor poles is 4 and rated rotation speed of motor is 1650r motor is 60Hz-(1650rpm X 4/120) = 5Hz. This parameter has relation with 07-04 slip compensation. compensation, this parameter must be set correctly. Incorrefunctions disable and even damage the motor and AC drives -06 Auto Torque Compensation Gain Settings 0.0~10.0 This parameter is to set auto torque compensation gain. When motor loading is high, a part of output frequency of A impedance of stator winding to make voltage of exciting ind. Therefore, the short of gap magnet field will make a high or torque. Auto torque compensation gain could adjust output to loading to maintain in a fixed gap magnet of the motor to lif the setting of compensation gain is too great, over-exciting following situation: output current of AC drive is too great, in protection function occurs. -07 Torque Compensation Gain by Manual Operation Settings 0.0~10.0 This parameter determines torque compensation gain by manual operation won't refer	Settings 0.00~20.00Hz This parameter is to set rated slip of loaded motor. Users need to inpaccording to nameplate of loaded motor. If rated frequency of motor motor poles is 4 and rated rotation speed of motor is 1650rpm. The motor is 60Hz-(1650rpm X 4/120) = 5Hz. This parameter has relation with 07-04 slip compensation. To have compensation, this parameter must be set correctly. Incorrect settin functions disable and even damage the motor and AC drive. - 06 Auto Torque Compensation Gain Settings 0.0~10.0 This parameter is to set auto torque compensation gain. When motor loading is high, a part of output frequency of AC drive impedance of stator winding to make voltage of exciting inductance. Therefore, the short of gap magnet field will make a high output curtorque. Auto torque compensation gain could adjust output voltage at to loading to maintain in a fixed gap magnet of the motor to get the lift he setting of compensation gain is too great, over-exciting magnet following situation: output current of AC drive is too great, motor is of protection function occurs. - 07 Torque Compensation Gain by Manual Operation Settings 0.0~10.0 This parameter determines torque compensation gain by manual operation won't refer to the loadds compensation voltage on the setting V/f curve. Basically, it just could be reached by adjusting V/f curve.



5.9 Group 8: Special Parameters

08 - 00 DC Brake 0	Current Level	Factory Setting: 00
Settings	00~100%	Unit: 1

This parameter determines the level of DC brake current output.

08 - 01	DC Brake Ti	me during Start-up	Factory Setting:	0.0
	Settings	0.0~60.0 Sec	Unit:	0.1

- ☐ This parameter determines the duration of time that the DC brake current will be applied to the motor during the AC drive start-up.
- The motor may rotate by external force or inertia itself before operating. It may damage the motor or start the AC drive protection function by an over current if the AC drive added at this time. This parameter enable the AC drive to output a direct current before running the motor that will produce a torque to forced motor stop and get a steady start-up characteristic.

08 - 02 DC Brake Time during Stopping

Factory Setting: 0.0

Settings 0.00~60.00 Sec

Unit: 0.01

- This parameter determines the duration of time that the DC brake current will be applied to the motor during stopping.
- Motor may be in rotation status after AC drive stops output and can't in stop status accuracy when motor is running with external force or itself inertia. After AC drive stops output, this parameter could output a DC current to produce torque force motor to stop and make sure the motor has stopped accuracy.

08 - 03 Start-point for DC Brake

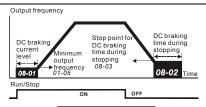
Factory Setting: 0.00

Settings 0.00~120.00 Hz

Unit: 0.01

- This parameter determines the frequency when DC brake will begin during deceleration.
- If this parameter is set greater than 01-05 minimum frequency setting, it won't decelerate to 01-05 and enter DC brake status when AC drive brakes. Suitable DC brake start-up frequency setting will get better brake characteristic.





DC Braking Time

08 - 04 Momentary Power Loss Operation Selection Factory Setting: 00

Settings 00: Disable

01: Trace from top downward02: Trace from bottom upward

- This parameter determines the start-up mode after momentary power loss operation.
- The power system connects to AC drive may occurred momentary power loss by any probably reason. This function can make AC drive output voltage continuously after power loss and AC drive won't stop by power loss.
- If this parameter is set to 01, AC drive will trace from the last frequency before power loss downward. After output frequency of AC drive and running speed of the motor is synchronization, it will accelerate to master frequency command. It is recommended to use this setting if the motor loading has the characteristics of high inertial and low resistance.
- If this parameter is set to 02, AC drive will trace from the Min. frequency upward. After output frequency of AC drive and running speed of the motor is synchronization, it will accelerate to master frequency command. It is recommended to use this setting if the motor loading has the characteristics of low inertial and high resistance.

08 - 05 Maximum Allowable Power Loss Time Factory Setting: 2.0 Settings 0.1~5.0 Sec Unit: 0.1

- This parameter determines the maximum allowable power loss time. If the power loss time is less than the time defined by this parameter, the AC drive will execute 08-04 momentary power loss operation.
- The allowable power loss time is beginning to count time after AC drive displays Lu. Therefore, actual allowable power loss time will change with loading.
- The allowable power loss time must in the condition that AC drive auxiliary power is working normally. If auxiliary power is turned off in the allowable power loss time, the actual allowable power loss time will be shorter than the parameter setting.



08 - 06	Speed S	earch Time

Factory Setting: 0.5

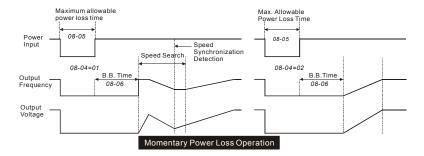
Settings 0.1~5.0 Sec

Unit: 0.1

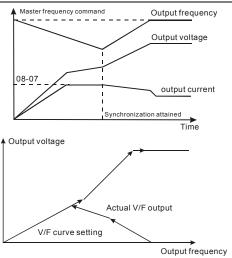
This parameter determines the delay time from fault (power loss, OV, OC or BB) recovery to start to execute the function of speed search time.

08 - 07	Maximum Sp	eed Search Current	Factory Setting:	110
	Settings	30~150%	Ur	nit: 1

- This parameter determines maximum current of speed search.
- Maximum speed search current will have influence with synchronization attained time. The greater this parameter is set, the faster it will be synchronization. But if the parameter setting value is too great, it may occur over-loaded protection.
- If 08-04 is set to 01: when speed search is from top downward, output frequency is searched from master frequency command downward. Now output voltage and output current will be added from zero. When output current is equal to 08-07 setting value, AC drive output current will retain in a fixed value and output frequency will keep on searching from top downward. When output frequency and output voltage is overlapped with V/f setting frequency, AC drive will judge that is synchronization attained and accelerates from V/f curve to master frequency command.
- If 08-04 is set to 02: AC drive will accelerate according to V/f curve and won't do any special treatment







08 - 08 BB Speed Search Method

Factory Setting: 00

Settings 00: Trace from top downward 01: Trace from bottom upward

- This parameter determines BB speed search method when multi-function input terminal 04-00 to 04-07 is set to BB External interrupt (11 or 12) and activates.
- BB speed search method is the same with restart speed search after momentary loss power.

08 - 09 Auto Restart Times After Fault

Factory Setting: 00

Settings 00 ~10

- This parameter determines the times of auto restart after fault.
- When AC drive occurs fault (OV, OC or OCC) and fault disappeared automatically, this parameter allows AC drive reset and runs with the parameter that is set before fault occurred.
- If fault occurred times exceed 08-09 setting, AC drive will reject to restart and need to reset by users to keep on running.



08 -	10 Auto Resta	rt Time after Fault	Factory Setting: 600
	Settings	00 to 60000 sec	Unit:

This parameter determines auto restart time after fault. After fault occurs and restart, there is no fault occurs during 08-10 setting time, AC drive will reset fault occurred record to zero.

08 - 11 Operation Frequency Inhibition 1 UP	Factory Setting: 0.00
08 - 12 Operation Frequency Inhibition 1 DOWN	Factory Setting: 0.00
08 - 13 Operation Frequency Inhibition 2 UP	Factory Setting: 0.00
08 - 14 Operation Frequency Inhibition 2 DOWN	Factory Setting: 0.00
08 - 15 Operation Frequency Inhibition 3 UP	Factory Setting: 0.00
08 - 16 Operation Frequency Inhibition 3 DOWN	Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings 0.00~120.00 Hz	Unit: 0.01

This parameter determines the inhibition operation frequency range. This function will let AC drive not run continuous in the resonance frequency of the motor or loading system, or inhibition operation frequency.

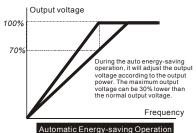
- $\hfill\square$ The settings of this parameter should follow as 08-11 \geq 08-12 \geq 08-13 \geq 08-14 \geq 08-15 \geq 08-16
- Master frequency command can be set in inhibition operation frequency range. Now the output frequency will be limited in the lower bound of inhibition operation frequency.
- When AC drive accelerates or decelerates, output frequency will pass through inhibition operation frequency range.

08 - 17 Automatic Energy-saving Factory Setting: 00

Settings 00: Energy-saving operation disabled

01: Energy-saving operation enabled

This parameter determines automatic energy-saving function.





/ tutornatio	Voltage Regulation (AVR)		Factory Setting: 00
Settings	00: AVR function enabled 01: AVR function disabled		
	02: AVR function disabled for dece	eleration	
This parameter	determines the function of Automatic		Population is anabled or
disabled.	determines the function of Automatic	voltage i	regulation is enabled of
This parameter	is set to 01: when AVR function is dis-	abled, AC	drive will calculate input
voltage by DC F	Bus value (620VDC). Output voltage v	vill vary b	DC Bus varying and may
cause output cu	irrent insufficiently, over current or osc	cillation.	
This parameter	is not to 00; when AVD function is one	shlad AC	drive will adjoulate output
	is set to 00: when AVR function is ena al voltage value of DC Bus. Output vo		•
voilage by actua	al voltage value of DC Bus. Output vo	ilage wor	t vary by DC bus varying.
This parameter	is set to 02: AC drive will disable AVR	function	during decelerate to stop. It
can speed up b	raking in some degree.		
Software S	Setting of the Brake Level		Factory Setting: 380.0/
08 - 19 (the action	n level of the brake resistor)	~	760.0
Settings	230V series: 370.0 ~ 410.0VDC 460V series: 740.0 ~ 820.0VDC	•	Unit: 0.1
`			Unit: 0.1
Settings	460V series: 740.0 ~ 820.0VDC	ake level.	Unit: 0.1
Settings This parameter	460V series: 740.0 ~ 820.0VDC 00: Disable		
Settings This parameter The model VFD	460V series: 740.0 ~ 820.0VDC 00: Disable determines software setting of the bra		
Settings This parameter The model VFD have the best d	460V series: 740.0 ~ 820.0VDC 00: Disable determines software setting of the bra 007~150F43A has brake chip, user co	ould seled	ct suitable brake resistor to
Settings This parameter The model VFD have the best d The action level	460V series: 740.0 ~ 820.0VDC 00: Disable determines software setting of the bra 1007~150F43A has brake chip, user coeceleration characteristics.	ould seled	ct suitable brake resistor to
Settings This parameter The model VFD have the best d The action level	460V series: 740.0 ~ 820.0VDC 00: Disable determines software setting of the brain 1007~150F43A has brake chip, user of eceleration characteristics.	ould seled	ct suitable brake resistor to meter.



Factory Setting: 00

5.10 Group 9: Communication Parameters

09 - 00 Communio	×	Factory Setting: 01	
Settings	01-254		
· ·	00 D: 11		

00: Disable

If the AC drive is controlled by RS-485 serial communication, the communication address for this drive must be set via this parameter.

09 - 01 Transmission Speed (Baud Rate)

Settings

00: Baud rate 4800
01: Baud rate 9600

02: Baud rate 19200 03: Baud rate 38400

This parameter determines transmission speed of AC drive communication.

Transmission Fault Treatment

Settings

00: Warn and keep operating
01: Warn and RAMP to stop

02: Warn and COAST to stop
03: No warning and no display

This parameter is set to detect if an error occurs and take actions.

09 - 03 Time-out Detection during Transmission Factory Setting: 00
Settings 00: Disable

01: Enable

This parameter is used for ASCII mode. When this parameter is set to 01, indicates that the over time detection is enable, the time slot between each character can't exceed 500 ms.

09 - 04 Communication Format Factory Setting: 00

Settings 00: 7-bit for ASCII 01: 8-bit for ASCII

02: 8-bit for RTU

09 - 05 Even/Odd Parity and Stopping Parity Setting

00: None parity + 2 stop bit

01: Even parity + 2 stop bit 02: Odd parity + 2 stop bit

03: None parity + 1 stop bit

04: Even parity + 1 stop bit 05: Odd parity + 1 stop bit

This parameter determines the communication format of serial communication.

Settings



Factory Setting: 00 Communication Operation Command 1 09 - 06 Bit0~1: 00: Disable Settings 01: Stop 10: Start-up 11: JOG start-up Bit2~3: Reserved Bit4~5: 00: No function 01: FWD command 10: RFV command 11: Direction change command Bit6~7: 00: 1st step acce/decel speed 01: 2nd step acce/decel speed 10: 3rd step acce/decel speed 11: 4th step acce/decel speed Bit8~11: 0000: Master speed 0001: 1st step speed 0010: 2nd step speed 0011: 3rd step speed 0100: 4th step speed 0101: 5th step speed 0110: 6th step speed 0111: 7th step speed 1000: 8th step speed 1001: 9th step speed 1010: 10th step speed 1011: 11th step speed 1100: 12th step speed 1101: 13th step speed 1110: 14th step speed 1111: 15th step speed Bit12: Select Bit6~11 function Bit13~15: Reserved This parameter can be set by communication settings. It can't be set by keypad. Factory Setting: 60.00 09 - 07 Communication Frequency Setting 0~120.00Hz Unit: 0.01 Settings This parameter can be set by communication settings. It can't be set by keypad. Factory Setting: 00 Communication Operation Command 2 Bit0: 1: EF ON Settings Bit1: 1: Reset Bit2: 0: BB OFF. 1: BB ON Bit3~15: Reserved

This parameter can be set by communication settings. It can't be set by keypad.



If you set BB action by this parameter and you also need to disable BB action by this parameter.

There is a built-in RS-485 serial interface, marked (RJ-11 jack) on the control terminal block. The pins are defined below:

Each AC drive has a pre-assigned communication address specified by 9-00. The computer then controls each AC drive according to its communication address.

AC drive can be setup to communicate on Modbus networks using one of the following modes: ASCII (American Standard Code for Information interchange) or RTU (Remote Terminal Unit). Users can select the desired mode along with the serial port communication protocol in 09-04 and 09-05.

Code Description:

ASCII mode:

Each 8-bit data is the combination of two ASCII characters. For example, a 1-byte data: 64 Hex, shown as '64' in ASCII, consists of '6' (36Hex) and '4' (34Hex).

Character '0' '1' '2' '3' '4' '5' '6'	(7)
	.7
ASCII Code 30H 31H 32H 33H 34H 35H 36H	37H

Character	'8'	'9'	'A'	'B'	'C'	'D'	'E'	'F'
ASCII Code	38H	39H	41H	42H	43H	44H	45H	46H

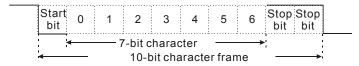
RTU mode:

Each 8-bit is the combination of two 4-bit hexadecimal characters. For example, 64 Hex.

2. Data format

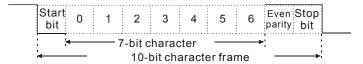
2.1 10-bit character frame (for 7-bit):

❖ (7, N, 2: 9-04=0, 9-05=0)

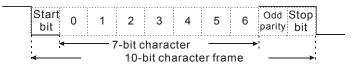




❖ (7, E, 1:9-04=0, 9-05=04)

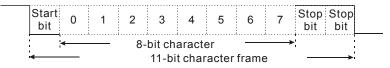


❖ (7, O, 1: 9-04=0, 9-05=05)

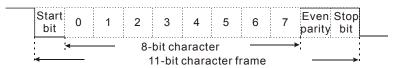


2.2 11-bit character frame (for 8-bit):

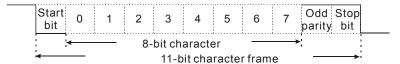
❖ (8, N, 2:9-04=1 or 2, 9-05=00)



♦ (8, E, 1: 9-04=1 or 2, 9-05=04)



♦ (8, O, 1: 9-04=1 or 2, 9-05=05)





3. Communication Protocol

3.1 Communication Data Frame:

ASCII mode:

STX	Start character ':' (3AH)
ADR 1	Communication address:
ADR 0	8-bit address consists of 2 ASCII codes
CMD 1	Command code:
CMD 0	8-bit command consists of 2 ASCII codes
DATA (n-1)	Contents of data:
	N X 8-bit data consists of 2n ASCII codes.
DATA 0	n<=25, maximum of 50 ASCII codes
LRC CHK 1	LRC check sum:
LRC CHK 0	8-bit check sum consists of 2 ASCII codes
END 1	End characters:
END 0	END1= CR (0DH), END0= LF(0AH)

RTU mode:

START	A silent interval of more than 10 ms
ADR	Communication address: 8-bit address
CMD	Command code: 8-bit command
DATA (n-1)	Contents of John
	Contents of data: N X 8-bit data, n<=25
DATA 0	14 X 0-bit data, 114-25
CRC CHK Low	CRC check sum:
CRC CHK High	16-bit check sum consists of 2 8-bit characters
END	A silent interval of more than 10 ms

3.2 ADR (communication address)

Valid communication addresses are in the range of 0 to 254. a communication address equal to 0, means broadcast to all AC drives (AMD). In this case, the AMD will not reply any message to the master device.

For example, communication to AMD with address 16 decimal:

ASCII mode: (ADR 1, ADR 0) = '1','0' => '1'=31H, '0'=30H

RTU mode: (ADR) = 10H

3.3 CMD (command code) and DATA (data character)

The format of data characters depends on the command code. The available command codes are described as followed:



 Command code: 03H, read N words. The maximum value of N is 10. For example, reading parameters 01-01 and 01-02 from address 01H.

ASCII mode:

Command message:

STX	·.·
ADR 1	'0'
ADR 0	'1'
CMD 1	'0'
CMD 0	'3'
Starting	'0'
data	'1'
address	'0'
	'1'
Number	'0'
of	'0'
data	'0'
(Word)	'2'
LRC CHK 1	'D'
LRC CHK 0	'7'
END 1	CR
END 0	LF
•	

Response message:

reoponee	moodage.
STX	.,
ADR 1	'0'
ADR 0	'1'
CMD 1	'0'
CMD 0	'3'
Number of	'0'
data(Word)	'4'
Data	'1'
of	'7'
0101H	'7'
•	'0'
Data	'0'
of	'8'
0102H	'9'
•	'8'
LRC CHK 1	'D'
LRC CHK 0	'1'
END 1	CR
END 0	LF

Error response message

	Error response message		
	STX	٠.,	
	ADR 1	'0'	
	ADR 0	'1'	
	CMD 1	'8'	
	CMD 0	'3'	
	Error code	'0'	
		'2'	
	LRC CHK 0	'6'	
1	LRC CHK 1	'D'	
	END 1	CR	
	END 0	LF	
1			

RTU mode:

Command message:

•
01H
03H
01H
01H
00H'
02H
94H
37H

Response message:

. tooponoo moooago.	
ADR	01H
CMD	03H
Number of data	04H
data 0101H	17H
content	70H
0102H	08H
content	98H
CRC CHK LOW	F8H
CRC CHK HIGH	36H

Error response message

01H
90H
02H
CDH
C1H



• Command code: 06H, write a word

For example, writing 6000(1770H) to address 0100H of AMD with address 01H.

ASCII mode:

Command message:

STX	.,
ADR 1	'0'
ADR 0	'1'
CMD 1	'0'
CMD 0	'6'
data	'0'
starting	'1'
address	'0'
	'0'
data	'1'
	'7'
	'7'
	'0'
LRC CHK 1	'7'
LRC CHK 0	'1'
END 1	CR
END 0	LF

Response message:

Response message.		
STX	·.·	
ADR 1	'0'	
ADR 0	'1'	
CMD 1	'0'	
CMD 0	·6'	
data	'0'	
starting	'1'	
address	'0'	
	'0'	
data	'1'	
	'7'	
	'7 '	
	'0'	
LRC CHK 1	'7 '	
LRC CHK 0	'1'	
END 1	CR	
END 0	LF	

Error response message

	-
STX	
ADR 1	'0'
ADR 0	'1'
CMD 1	'8'
CMD 0	'6'
Error	'0'
code	'2'
LRC CHK 0	'6'
LRC CHK 1	'D'
END 1	CR
END 0	LF

RTU mode:

Command message:

ADR 01H		
data 01H Starting address 00H data 17H 00H 00H CRC CHK LOW 87H	ADR	01H
Starting address 00H data 17H 00H CRC CHK LOW 87H	CMD	06H
data 17H 00H CRC CHK LOW 87H	data	01H
00H CRC CHK LOW 87H	Starting address	00H
CRC CHK LOW 87H	data	17H
		00H
CRC CHK HIGH C6H	CRC CHK LOW	87H
ONO OFFICIALORS	CRC CHK HIGH	C6H

Deenonee meeeage

Response message:	
ADR	01H
CMD 1	06H
data	01H
Starting address	00H
data	17H
	70H
CRC CHK LOW	87H
CRC CHK HIGH	C6H

Error response message

ADR	01H
CMD 1	86H
Error code	02
CRC CHK LOW	C3H
CRC CHK HIGH	A1H



Command code: 08H, loop detection

'0'

'0'

'8'

'O'

'O'

'O'

'1' '7' '7' '0'

'7'

'0'

CR

I F

01H

H80

00H 17H

70H

1FH

This command is used to test the communication condition between master control equipment (usually is PC or PLC) and AC drive. AC drive will deliver the data that received from AC drive to master control equipment.

Response message:

For example:

ASCII mode:

STX ADR 1

ADR 0

CMD 0

data

Starting

address

data

LRC CHK 1

LRC CHK 0

END 1

Command	message
---------	---------

STX		
ADR 1	'0'	
ADR 0	'1'	
CMD 1	'0'	
CMD 0	'8'	
data	'0'	
Starting	'0'	
	'0'	
	'0'	
data	'1'	
	'7'	
	'7'	
	'0'	
LRC CHK 1	'7'	
LRC CHK 0	'0'	
END 1	CR	
END 0	LF	

Error response message

STX	·:'			
ADR 1	'0'			
ADR 0	'1'			
CMD 1	'8'			
CMD 0	'8'			
Error	'0'			
code	'2'			
LRC CHK 0	'6'			
LRC CHK 1	'D'			
END 1	CR			
END 0	LF			

END 0 RTU mode:

Command message:

ADR

CMD

data
Starting address

data

CRC CHK HIGH

CRC CHK LOW EEH

ADR	01H
CMD 1	08H
data	00H
Starting address	00H
data	17H
	70H
CRC CHK LOW	EEH

1FH

Response message:

Error response message

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
ADR	01H
CMD 1	88H
Error code	02
CRC CHK LOW	E0H
CRC CHK HIGH	6DH

Command code: 10H, write continuous words
 For example, modify multi-step speed setting of AC drive (address 01H) 05-00=50.00(1388H) · 05-01=40.00(0FA0H)

CRC CHK HIGH



ASCII mode:

Command message:			
STX	.,		
ADR 1	'0'		
ADR 0 CMD 1	'1'		
CMD 1	'1'		
CMD 0	'0'		
Data	'0'		
Starting	' 5'		
address	'0'		
	'0'		
Number	'0'		
Of	'0'		
data	'0'		
(Word)	'2'		
Number of	'0'		
data (Byte)	'4'		
The first	'1'		
data	'3'		
	'8'		
	'8'		
The second	'0'		
data	'F'		
	'A'		
	'0'		
LRC CHK 1	'9'		
LRC CHK 0	'A'		
END 1	CR		
END 0	LF		

Response message:

STX	·.'
ADR 1	'0'
ADR 0	'1'
CMD 1	'1'
CMD 0	'0'
Data	'0'
address	' 5'
	'0'
	'0'
Number	'0'
Of	'0'
data	'0'
(Word)	'2'
LRC CHK 1	'E'
LRC CHK 0	'8'
END 1	CR
END 0	LF

Error response message

Error response message			
STX	.,		
ADR 1	·O'		
ADR 0	'1'		
CMD 1	9		
CMD 0	' 0'		
Error	'0'		
code	'2'		
LRC CHK 0	'6'		
LRC CHK 1	Ď		
END 1	CR		
END 0	LF		

RTU mode:

Command message:		
ADR	01H	
CMD	10H	
Data starting	05H	
address	00H	
Number of	00H	
data (Word)	02H	
Number of data	04	(
(Byte)		C
The first	13H	_
data	88H	
The second	0FH	
data	A0H	
CRC CHK LOW	4DH	
CRC CHK HIGH	D9H	
	ADR CMD Data starting address Number of data (Word) Number of data (Byte) The first data The second data CRC CHK LOW	ADR 01H CMD 10H Data starting 05H address 00H Number of 00H data (Word) 02H Number of data (Byte) The first 13H data 88H The second 0FH data A0H CRC CHK LOW 4DH

Response message:

r tooponoo moo	ougo.
ADR	01H
CMD 1	10H
Data starting	05H
address	00H
Number of	00H
data (Word)	02H
CRC CHK LOW	41H
CRC CHK HIGH	04H

Error response message

ADR	01H		
CMD 1	90H		
Error	02H		
CRC CHK LOW	CDH		
CRC CHK HIGH	C1H		



3.4 CHK (check sum)

ASCII mode:

LRC (Longitudinal Redundancy Check) is calculated by summing up, module 256, the values of the bytes from ADR1 to last data character then calculating the hexadecimal representation of the 2's complement negation of the sum. For example, reading 1 word from address 0401H of the AC drive with address 01H.

STX	·.,
ADR 1	'0'
ADR 0	'1'
CMD 1	'0'
CMD 0	'3'
Data starting	'0'
address	'4'
	'0'
	'1'
Number of data	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
	'1'
LRC CHK 1	'F'
LRC CHK 0	'6'
END 1	CR
END 0	LF

01H+03H+04H+01H+00H+01H=0AH, 2's complement of 0AH is <u>F6</u>H.

RTU mode:

RTU mode uses CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Check) detect value. CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Check) is calculated by the following steps:

- Step 1: Load a 16-bit register (called CRC register) with FFFFH.
- Step 2: Excusive OR the first 8-bit byte of the command message with the low order byte of the 16-bit CRC register, putting the result in the CRC register.
- Step 3: Examine the LSB of CRC register.
- Step 4: If the LSB of CRC register is 0, shift the CRC register one bit to the right with MSB zerofilling, then repeat step 3. If the LSB of CRC register is 1, shift the CRC register one bit to the right with MSB zerofilling, Exclusive OR the CRC register with the polynomial value A001H, then repeat step 3.
- Step 5: Repeat step 3 and 4 until eight shifts have been performed. When this is done, a complete 8-bit byte will have been processed.



Step 6: Repeat step 2 to 5 for the next 8-bit byte of the command message.

Continue doing this until all bytes have been processed. The final contents of the CRC register are the CRC value. When transmitting the CRC value in the message, the upper and lower bytes of the CRC value must be

swapped, i.e. the lower order byte will be transmitted first.

For example, read 2 words from the to address 2102H of AMD with address 01H. The CRC register content of last byte from ADR to number of data is F76FH. The command message is as following. 6FH will transmit before F7H.

Command message:

ADR	01H		
CMD	03H		
Data starting	02H		
address	02H		
Number of data	00H		
(word)	02H		
CRC CHK Low	6FH		
CRC CHK High	F7H		

The following is an example of CRC generation using C language. The function takes two arguments:

Unsigned char* data ← a pointer to the message buffer

Unsigned char length ← the quantity of bytes in the message buffer

unsigned int crc chk(unsigned char* data, unsigned char length){

The function returns the CRC values as a type of unsigned integer.

```
int j;
unsigned int reg_crc=0xFFFF;
while(length--){
    reg_crc ^= *data++;
    for(j=0;j<8;j++){
        if(reg_crc & 0x01){ /* LSB(b0)=1 */
            reg_crc=(reg_crc>>1) ^ 0xA001;
    }else{
        reg_crc=reg_crc >>1;
    }
    }
}
return reg_crc;
```

}



3.5 Address List

The contents of available addresses are shown as below:

Content	Address	Function		
AC drive Parameters	GGnnH	GG means parameter group, nn means parameter number, for example, the address of Pr 04-01 is 0401H. Referencing to chapter 5 for the function of each parameter. When reading parameter by command code 03H, only one parameter can be read at one time.		
		Bit 0-1	00B: No function 01B: Stop 10B: Run 11B: Jog + Run	
		Bit 2-3	Reserved	
	2000H	Bit 4-5	00B: No function 01B: FWD 10B: REV 11B: Change direction	
Command Write only		Bit 6-7	00B: Comm. forced 1st accel/decel 01B: Comm. forced 2nd accel/decel 10B: Comm. forced 3rd accel/decel 11B: Comm. forced 4th accel/decel	
		Bit 8-11	Represented 16 step speeds.	
		Bit 12	No comm. multi step speed or accel/decel time Comm. multi step speed or accel/decel time	
		Bit 13-15	Reserved	
	2001H	Frequency of		
		Bit 0	1: EF (external fault) on	
	2002H	Bit 1	1: Reset	
	LOOLII	Bit 2	1: External Base Block (B.B) on	
			0: External Base Block (B.B) off	
		Error code:		
		00: No fault		
		01: Over-cu		
		02: Over-voltage (ov)		
		03: Overhea		
		04: Overload (oL)		
Status		05: Electronic thermal relay (oL1)		
monitor	2100H	06: EF (external fault)		
Read only		07: AC drive IGBT fault (occ)		
		08: CPU failure (cF3)		
		09: Hardware protection failure (HPF)		
		10: Over current during acceleration (ocA)		
		Over current during deceleration (ocd) Over current during steady state operation (ocn)		
		13: Ground	Fault (GFF)	



Content	Address		Function			
		14: Under voltage (Lv)				
			OM WRITE failure (cF1)			
		16: EEPROM READ failure (cF2)				
		17: Base Block (bb)				
		18: Motor over load (oL2)				
			19: Reserved			
			re or password protection (codE)			
			al emergency stop (EF1)			
			Loss (PHL)			
		23: Low cu	rrent (Lc)			
		24: Feedba	ack loss (FbL)			
		25: Reserv	ed			
		26: FAnP (Fan Power Fault)			
		27: FF1 (F	an 1 Fault)			
		28: FF2 (F	an 2 Fault)			
		29: FF3 (Fa	an 3 Fault)			
		30: FF123	(Fan 1, 2, 3 Fault)			
		31: FF1, 2	(Fan 1, 2 Fault)			
		32: FF1, 3	(Fan 1, 3 Fault)			
		33: FF2, 3	(Fan 2, 3 Fault)			
		34: Gate D	34: Gate Drive Low Voltage Protect (Fv)			
		Status of A	C drive			
			00: Run LED is off and STOP led is on. (AC Drive			
			stopping)			
			01: RUN LED is blink and STOP led is on. (AC Drive			
		Bit 0-1	deceleration to stop)			
		Bit o i	10: RUN LED is on and STOP led is blink. (AC Drive			
			standby)			
			11: RUN LED is on and STOP led is off. (AC Drive			
		D:1 0	running)			
		Bit 2	Jog on			
		Bit 3~4	00: REV LED is off and FWD led is on. (Forward)			
	2101H		01: REV LED is blink and FWD led is on. (Reverse to			
	2101H		Forward) 10: REV LED is on and FWD led is blink. (Forward to			
			Reverse)			
			11: REV LED is on and FWD led is off. (Reverse)			
		Bit 5~7	Reserved			
		Bit 8	1: Master frequency source via communication			
		בות ט	interface			
		Bit 9	Master frequency source via analog signal			
		Bit 10	Running command via communication interface			
		Bit 11	1: Parameter locked			
		Bit 12	Reserved			
		Bit 13	Reserved			
		Bit 14-15	Reserved			
	1					



CABELIE VI D-I 3	CIICS		
Content	Address	Function	
	2102H	Frequency command (F)	
	2103H	Output frequency (H)	
	2104H	Output current (AXXX.X)	
	2105H	DC-BUS Voltage (UXXX.X)	
	2106H	Output voltage (EXXX.X)	
	2107H	Output power factor (n)	
	2108H	Output power (XX. XXKW)	
	2109H	Feedback signal actual value	
	210AH	eedback signal (XXX.XX %)	
	210BH	Estimated torque ratio (XXX.X)	
	210CH	User Target Value (Low bit) uL 0-99.99	
	210DH	User Target Value (High bit) uH 0-9999	
	210EH	PLC time	
	220FH	Reserved	

3.6 Exception response

The AC motor drive is expected to return a normal response after receiving command messages from the master device. The following depicts the conditions when no normal response is replied to the master device.

The AC motor drive does not receive the messages due to a communication error; thus, the AC motor drive has no response. The master device will eventually process a timeout condition.

The AC motor drive receives the messages without a communication error, but cannot handle them. An exception response will be returned to the master device and an error message "CExx" will be displayed on the keypad of AC motor drive. The xx of "CExx" is a decimal code equal to the exception code that is described below.

In the exception response, the most significant bit of the original command code is set to 1, and an exception code which explains the condition that caused the exception is returned.

Example of an exception response of command code 06H and exception code 02H:

ASCII mode

STX	·.·
Address	'0' '1'
Function	'8' '6'
Exception code	'0' '2'
LRC CHK	'7' '7'
END	CR LF

RTU mode

Address	01H
Function	86H
Exception code	02H
CRC CHK Low	C3H
CRC CHK High	A1H
	Function Exception code CRC CHK Low



The explanation of exception codes:

Exception code	Explanation
01	Illegal function code: The function code received in the command message is not available for the AC motor drive.
02	Illegal data address: The data address received in the command message is not available for the AC motor drive.
03	Illegal data value: The data value received in the command message is not available for the AC drive.
04	Slave device failure: The AC motor drive is unable to perform the requested action.
10	Communication time-out: If Pr.09-03 is not equal to 0.0, Pr.09-02=00~02, and there is no communication on the bus during the Time-out detection period (set by Pr.09-03), "cE10" will be shown on the keypad.



5.11 Group 10: PID Control Parameters

10 - 00 Input Terminal for PID Feedback Factory Setting: 00

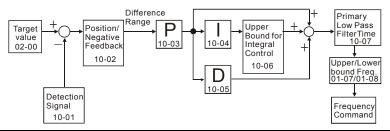
Settings

00: No function

01: Input via AVI 02: Input via ACI1 03: Input via ACI2

04: Input via External Reference

- This parameter is to set the source of PID control feedback signal. The source could be AVI, ACI1, ACI2 or external reference that defined by 04-24.
- When this parameter is set to 00, PID feedback control function is disabled.
- When this parameter is set to 02/03 and analog input current of ACI1/ACI2 is lower than Pr.04-13/Pr.04-17, EF warning will pup-up.
- If this parameter isn't set to 00, AC drive will automatically start-up PID feedback control. Output frequency is calculated by master frequency and PID feedback signal.



10 - 01 PID Control Detection Signal Reference Factory Setting: 1000.0

Settings 0.0-6550.0 Unit: 0.1

Please refer to 04-09 to 04-20 if this parameter is set to PID feedback control.

10 - 02 PID Feedback Control Method Factory Setting: 00

Settings 00: Negative feedback control

01: Positive feedback control

- This parameter could set the calculation method of deviation signal during PID feedback control circuit.
- When this parameter is set to 00: when negative feedback control, the deviation equation is deviation = target value – detection signal. When increasing output frequency will increase detection value, this setting should be chose.



	NELTA VFD-F Series
When this parameter is set to 01: when positive control, the de = detection signal – target value. When increasing output freque value, this setting should be chose.	•
10 - 03 Proportional Gain (P)	Factory Setting: 1.0
Settings 0.0~10.0	Unit: 0.1
This parameter is to set proportional gain (P). This gain determine	ines the response degree of
P controller to feedback deviation. If gain value is large, the res value is too great, oscillation will occur. If gain value is small, the	
10 - 04 Integral Time (I)	Factory Setting: 1.00
Settings 0.00~100.00 Sec	Unit: 0.01
This parameter is set to integral gain of I controller. When much	h integral time is to be set,
the gain of I controller is small and the response is slow. The co	ontrol ability to external is
poor. When less integral time is to be set, the gain of I controller fast. The control ability to external is fast.	is large and the response is
If the setting of integral time is too small, output frequency and oscillation.	system may occur
If integral time is set to 0.00, I controller is closed.	
10 - 05 Differential Time (D)	Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings 0.00~1.00 Sec	Unit: 0.01
This parameter is set to D controller gain. This gain determines of change of deviation. Suitable differential time could decreas controller. The oscillation will be attenuation and steady quickly. is to be set, it may cause system oscillation.	e overshoot of P and I
Interference immunity ability is poor due to differential controlle deviation. It's not recommended to use, especially during interference.	•
10 - 06 Upper Bound for Integral Control	Factory Setting: 100
Settings 00~200%	Unit: 1
This parameter could set the upper bound of I controller. In oth	or words upper bound for
integral control = (01-00) X (10-04) %	er words, upper bound for
integral control = (01-00) X (10-04) % 10 - 07 Primary Low Pass Filter Time	Factory Setting: 0.0



- Output frequency of PID controller will filter by primary low pass function. This function could decrease change of output frequency. A long primary low pass time means filter degree is high and vice versa.
- Unsuitable primary low pass filter time setting may cause system oscillation.

10 - 08 PID Feedba	Factory Setting: 600.0	
Settings	0.0~6550.0	Unit:0.1

- This parameter setting could allow the maximum of PID deviation.
- If PID function is normal, it should control the detective value to target value accurately in the certain time. If AC drive can't control deviation in the 10-08 setting range during 10-09 setting time, FbL warning will pup-up and it means PID feedback control is abnormal. The treatment is set as 10-10.

PID Feedback Signal Fault Treatment Time Factory Setting: 0.0 Settings 0.0~3600.0 Sec Unit: 0.1

This parameter is to set the detection time of abnormal PID derivative. If PID deviation detection time is set to 0.0. the function is disabled.

10 - 10 PID Feedback Signal Fault Treatment			Factory Setting: 01
Settings	00: Warn and RAMP stop		_
	01: Warn and COAST stop		

02: Warn and keep operating

This parameter is to set treatment of the abnormal PID deviation.

10 - 11	PID Minimur	m Output Frequency	×	Factory Setting: 01
	0-46	O. D., DID controller		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Settings 0: By PID controller

1: By AC drive

This parameter can decide the source of PID output minimum frequency when AC drive enters PID sleep process. If it is set to 0, minimum output frequency should be set by PID. If it is set to 1 and 01-08 is 0, the output frequency is equal to the value of 01-05 setting. If it is set to 1 and 01-08 is not 0, the output frequency is equal to the value of 01-08 setting.



5.12 Group 11: Fan and Pump Control Parameters

11 - 00 V/f Curve Selection

Factory Setting: 00

Factory Setting: 00

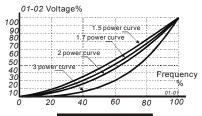
Settings

00: Determined by group 1

01: 1.5 power curve 02: 1.7 power curve 03: 2 power curve

04: cube curve

- This parameter is to set V/f curve. If this parameter isn't set to 00, parameter 01-03 and 01-04 will disable.
- Input current of the motor could divide into two orthogonal vectors: magnetic vector and torque vector. Gap flux, which is produced by Magnetic vector, is in direct proportion with output voltage of motor. Torque vector produces torque. Torque is in direct proportion with the result of magnetic vector multiply by torque vector. In theory, if the value of magnet vector is the same with torque vector (in unsaturated flux condition), the input current is minimum. If motor loading is unsteady torque loading (loading torque is in direct proportion with speed. For example, the loading of fan or pump), loading torque is low during low speed, suitable lower input voltage will decrease input current of magnetic field to lower flux loss and iron loss of the motor and promote whole efficiency.
- When this parameter is set to high power V/f curve and low frequency torque is lower, it is not suitable for AC drive to accel/decel quickly. If it needs to accel/decel quickly, it is not recommended to use this parameter.



V/F Curve Diagram

11 - 01 Circulative Control
Settings 00: N

00: No function

01: Time circulation (by time)

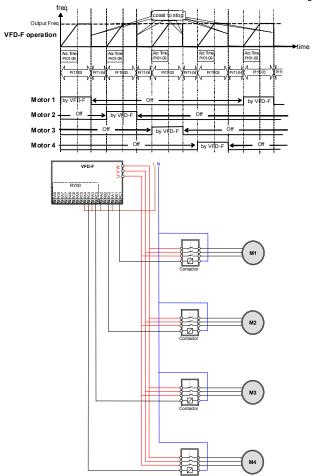
02: Fixed amount circulation (by PID)

03: Fixed amount control (an AC drive runs with 4 motors)

This parameter is to set an AC drive runs with multiple motors in circulation control mode.



When Pr. 11-01 is set to 01 Time Circulation. Starts a motor, runs it for a fixed amount of time Pr. 11-03 stops it (this motor will coast to stop), wait for delay time on Pr. 11-04, then starts the next motor, runs it for fixed amount of time, etc. Operates like an alternator (also notice that the Pr.11-03 time includes both the acceleration time and the running time).

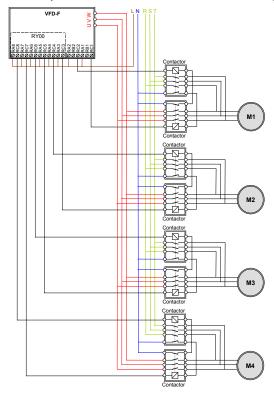




When Pr. 11-01 is set to 02 "Fixed Amount Circulation" and adding relay card "RY-00", VFD-F is able to drive 4 motors under PID control mode by turns.

System powers up, VFD-F drives 1st motor as PID control mode. If VFD-F output frequency continually surpasses 11-06 frequency setting and 11-05 time period, after time lag of 11-04, VFD-F will switch 1st motor power supply to commercial power and energize 2nd motor. At this time, 1st motor is full power running and 2nd motor is running PID control mode by VFD-F.

Previous routine repeats to 2nd motor→3rd motor→4th motor till VFD-F reaches proper PID values. VFD-F only runs PID control mode to last motor, others run full power.

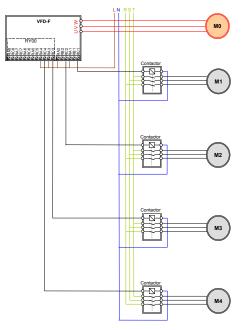




When Pr. 11-01 is set to 03 "Fixed Amount Control" and adding relay card "RY-00", VFD-F is able to drive 1 motor under PID control mode and another 4 motors as full power running. System powers up, VFD-F drives 1st motor as PID control mode. If VFD-F output frequency continually surpasses 11-06 frequency setting and 11-05 time period, after time lag of 11-04, VFD-F will energize 2nd motor as full power running and 1st motor is still running PID control mode by VFD-F.

When 1st and 2nd motors are running, if VFD-F output frequency continually surpasses 11-06 frequency setting and 11-05 time period, after time lag of 11-04, VFD-F will energize 3rd motor as full power running and 1st motor is still running PID control mode by VFD-F. At this time, 2nd and 3rd motors are full power running.

Previous routine repeats to 3rd motor→4th motor→5th motor till VFD-F reaches proper PID values. VFD-F only runs PID control mode to 1st motor, others run full power.



When this parameter isn't set to 00, 03-00 to 03-07 multi-function terminals will automatically set the corresponding output motor.



11 - 02 Multiple Motors Control

11_01

Factory Setting: 01

Settings 01~04

When this parameter is set to multiple motors control, multi-function terminals 03-00 to 03-07 will automatically set to suitable value. Users need to connect output terminal correctly to circulative control as shown in following chart.

11-01	01			02				
Circulative		Time Cir	culation		Fixed Amount Circulation			
Control								
11-02	01	02	03	04	01	02	03	04
motors								
	01		01		01			01
	Motor 1 runs	Motor 1 runs	Motor 1 runs	Motor 1 runs				
	by AC drive.	by AC drive.	by AC drive.		by AC drive.	by AC drive.	by AC drive.	by AC drive.
03-01	N/A	02	02	02	02	02	02	02
					Motor 1 runs		Motor 1 runs	Motor 1 runs
		by AC drive.	by AC drive.	by AC drive.	by	by	by	by
					commercial	commercial	commercial	commercial
					power.	power.	power.	power.
03-02	N/A		03	03	N/A	03	03	03
				Motor 3 runs				Motor 2 runs
			by AC drive.	by AC drive.		by AC drive.	by AC drive.	by AC drive.
03-03	N/A	N/A	N/A	04	N/A	04	04	04
				Motor 4 runs		Motor 2 runs	Motor 2 runs	Motor 2 runs
				by AC drive.		by	by	by
						commercial	commercial	commercial
						power.	power.	power.
03-04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			05
							Motor 3 runs	Motor 3 runs
							by AC drive.	
03-05	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			06
								Motor 3 runs
							by	by
							commercial	commercial
							power.	power.
03-06	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	07
								Motor 4 runs
								by AC drive.
03-07	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	08
								Motor 4 runs
								by
								commercial
								power.

11 - 03 Time Circulation Time Setting	Factory Setting: 00

Settings

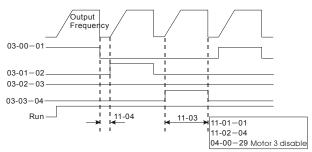
00~65500 Min

Unit: 1 Min

This parameter is to set running time of each motor (including acceleration time) when multiple motors are in time circulation mode (11-01=1). If this parameter is set to 00, time setting is disabled and run with a motor.



- If multi-function input terminals (04-00 to 04-07) are set to 27 to 31, the corresponding output terminals will skip and not activate. The following diagram is the action schedule of time circulation when motor 3 is disabled.
- The motor, which is running with AC drive doesn't accept any disable command of motor.
- When switching time circulation, AC drive won't provide this selection when running motor is coast to stop.



11 - 04 Motor Switch Delay Time

Factory Setting: 1.0

Settings 0.0~3600.0 sec

Unit: 0.1

- This parameter determines time interval of two motors during circulative control (11-01=01). Users need to set suitable time delay to avoid water hammer effect damaging AC drive, motor or system.
- ☐ This parameter determines time interval between power supply changes from AC drive to commercial power during fixed circulative control (11-01=02). Users need to set the suitable time delay to make no shock to motor and runs by commercial power.

11 - 05 Motor Switch Delay Time during Fixed Amount Factory Setting: 10.0 Circulation

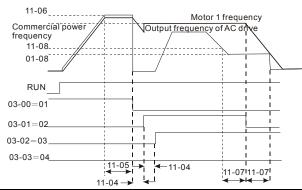
Settings 0.0~3600.0 sec

Unit: 0.1

- This parameter determines time interval between motor switch frequency and power supply of motor is not from AC drive during fixed amount circulation (11-01=02)/fixed amount control (11-01=03) and output frequency of AC drive attained.
- As the diagram shown below, after output frequency attains 11-06 motor switch frequency, motor doesn't switch at once. It will do motor switch action of circulation control after waiting the delay time that is set by 11-05. Suitable delay time setting will decrease motor switch times.



After power supply of motor is not from AC drive, the motor will coast to stop according to loading characteristics. Users need to set 11-06 motor switch frequency and 11-04 delay time of circulation control according to actual situation to make rotor speed equals to commercial frequency.



11 - 06 Motor Switch Frequency during Fixed Amount Circulation

Factory Setting: 60.00 Hz

Settings 0.00 to 120.00 Hz

Unit: 0.01Hz

- This parameter determines frequency that motor runs by commercial power during fixed amount circulation (11-01=02)/fixed amount control (11-01=03). This parameter should be greater than commercial frequency. If output frequency of AC drive attains to motor switch frequency, it means that even motor runs in full speed it can't make detection value of PID control attains to target value. Therefore, the power supply of the motor needs to be changed from AC drive to commercial power. AC drive runs with the next motor and makes the detection value close to target.
- In the following chart

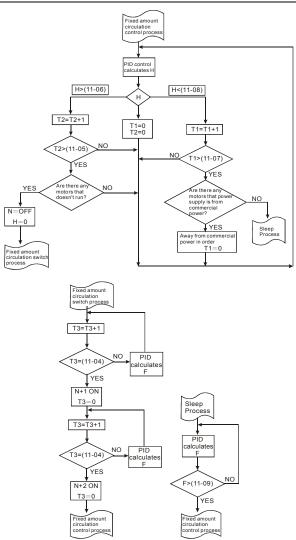
T1: enter sleep process time (Pr.11-07)

T2: motor switch delay time during fixed amount circulation (Pr.11-05)

T3: motor switch delay time (Pr.11-04)

N: motor 1







11 - 07	Enter Sleep Process Time	Factory Setting: 0.0

Settings 0.0~3600.0sec Unit: 0.1 Sec

- This parameter is to set output frequency of AC drive being smaller than the time interval between sleep frequency and enter sleep process.
- When AC drive starts running, frequency command calculated by PID is smaller than sleep frequency. AC drive will enter sleep status and won't be limited by this parameter.
- When AC motor drive is in sleep process, SLEEP will be displayed on the digital keypad till frequency command attains to wake up frequecy.

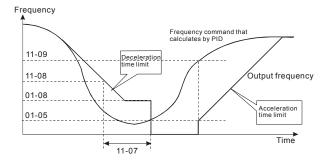
11 - 08 Sleep Frequency of Sleep Process Factory Setting: 0.00 Settings 0.00~11-09 (wake up frequency) Unit: 0.01

This parameter determines frequency after AC drive enters sleep process.

After AC drive enters sleep status, it will stop to output signal but PID controller will keep working.

11 - 09 Wake Up Frequency of Sleep Process		Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings	0.00 to 120.00Hz	Unit: 0.01

- This parameter determines wake up frequency after AC drive enters sleep process.
- PID control function will keep calculating frequency command (F) when AC drive is in sleep process. When frequency command attains to wake up frequency, AC drive will accelerate from 01-05 minimum frequency setting according to V/f curve.
- The setting of wake up frequency needs to be greater than sleep frequency.





11 - 10 Treatment of Fixed Amount Circulation Malfunction Factory Setting:			
Settings	00: Turn off all motors		
J	01: Turn off AC drive		
☐ This parameter determines treatment of AC drive malfunction during fixed amount circulation.			
When AC drive occurs power circuit malfunction to make auxiliary power disable and			

11 - 11 Stop Frequency of Auxiliary Motor		ency of Auxiliary Motor	Factory Setting: 0.00
	Settings	0.00~120.00Hz	Unit: 0.01Hz

microprocessor can't work, all output will close automatically.

If output frequency of AC drive is less than or equal to this parameter when AC drive is fixed amount circulation (11-01=02) or fixed amount (11-01=03), AC drive will make motor stop in sequence.



CHAPTER 6 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTIONS

Modern AC drives are based on solid state electronics technology, preventive maintenance is required to operate this AC drive in its optimal condition, and to ensure a long life. It is recommended to perform a monthly check up of the AC drive by a qualified technician. Before the check up, always turn off the AC Input Power to the unit. Wait at least 10 minutes after all display lamps have gone out, and then confirm that the capacitors have fully discharged by measuring the voltage between B1 and Ground using a multimeter set to measure DC.

6.1 Periodic Inspection

Basic check up items to detect if there were any abnormality during the operation:

- 1. Whether the motors are operating as expected.
- 2 Whether the installation environment is abnormal
- 3 Whether the cooling system is operating as expected.
- 4. Whether any irregular vibration or sound occurred during the operation.
- 5. Whether the motors are overheated during the operation.
- Always check the input voltage of the AC drive with Voltmeter. 6

6.2 Periodic Maintenance



WARNING! Disconnecting AC power before processing!

- Tighten and reinforce the screws of the AC drive if necessary, cause it may loose due to the vibration or changing of temperatures.
- 2 Whether the conductors or insulators were corroded and damaged.
- Check the resistance of the insulation with Meg-ohmmeter. 3.
- Often check and change the capacitors and relays. 4.
- If use of the AC drive is discontinued for a long period of time, turn the power on at least once every two years and confirm that it still functions properly. To confirm functionality, disconnect the motor and energize the AC drive for 5 hours or more before attempting to run a motor with it.
- Clean off any dust and dirt with a vacuum cleaner. Place special emphasis on cleaning the ventilation ports and PCBs. Always keep these areas clean, as accumulation of dust and dirt can cause unforeseen failures



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CHAPTER 7 Troubleshooting and Fault Information

The AC drive has a comprehensive fault diagnostic system that includes several different alarms and fault messages. Once a fault is detected, the corresponding protective functions will be activated. The following faults are displayed as shown on the AC drive digital keypad display. The four most recent faults can be read on the digital keypad display.

NOTE: Faults can be cleared by a reset from the keypad or Input Terminal.

Common Problems and Solutions:

Fault Name	Fault Descriptions	Corrective Actions
oc	The AC drive detects an abnormal increase in current.	 Check whether the motors horsepower corresponds to the AC drive output power. Check the wiring connections between the AC drive and motor for possible short circuits. Increase the Acceleration time. Check for possible excessive loading conditions at the motor. If there are any abnormal conditions when operating the AC drive after short-circuit being removed, it should be sent back to manufacturer.
ου	The AC drive detects that the DC bus voltage has exceeded its maximum allowable value.	 Check whether the input voltage falls within the rated AC drive input voltage. Check for possible voltage transients. Bus over-voltage may also be caused by motor regeneration. Either increase the decel time or add an optional brake resistor. Check whether the required brake power is within the specified limits.



Fault Name	Fault Descriptions	Corrective Actions
oН	The AC drive temperature sensor detects excessive heat.	 Ensure that the ambient temperature falls within the specified temperature range. Make sure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed. Remove any foreign objects on the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins. Provide enough spacing for adequate ventilation.
٤٥	The AC drive detects that the DC bus voltage has fallen below its minimum value.	Check whether the input voltage falls within the rated AC drive's input voltage.
οL	The AC drive detects excessive drive output current. Note: The AC drive can withstand up to 150% of the rated current for a maximum of 60 seconds.	 Check whether the motor is overloaded. Reduce torque compensation setting as set in Pr.7-02. Increase the AC drive's output capacity.
ol I	Internal electronic overload trip	 Check for possible motor overload. Check electronic thermal overload setting. Increase motor capacity. Reduce the current level so that the drive output current does not exceed the value set by the Motor Rated Current Pr.7-00.
919	Motor overload. Check the parameter settings (Pr.6-03 to Pr.6-05)	Reduce the motor load. Adjust the over-torque detection setting to an appropriate setting (Pr.06-03 to Pr.06-05).
	GFF hardware error	Return to the factory.
HPF2	CC (Current Clamp)	Return to the factory.



Fault Name	Fault Descriptions	Corrective Actions
HPF.3	OC hardware error	Return to the factory.
HPF.4	OV hardware error	Return to the factory.
HPF.S	OH hardware error	Return to the factory.
c8	Communication Error	Check the connection between the AC drive and computer for loose wires. Check if the communication protocol is properly set.
oc8	Over-current during acceleration: 1. Short-circuit at motor output. 2. Torque boost too high. 3. Acceleration time too short. 4. AC drive output capacity is too small.	 Check for possible poor insulation at the output line. Decrease the torque boost setting in Pr.7-02. Increase the acceleration time. Replace with the AC drive with one that has a higher output capacity (next HP size).
ocd	Over-current during deceleration: 1. Short-circuit at motor output. 2. Deceleration time too short. 3. AC drive output capacity is too small.	Check for possible poor insulation at the output line. Increase the deceleration time. Replace with the AC drive with one that has a higher output capacity (next HP size).
ocn	Over-current during steady state operation: 1. Short-circuit at motor output. 2. Sudden increase in motor loading. 3. AC drive output capacity is too small.	Check for possible poor insulation at the output line. Check for possible motor stall. Replace with the AC drive with one that has a higher output capacity (next HP size).



Fault Name	Fault Descriptions	Corrective Actions
٤F	Analog Signal Error	 Check ACI wiring. Check whether the input current of ACI is lower than Pr.04-13/04-17 setting.
EF :	Emergency stop. When the multi-function input terminals (MI1 to MI8) stop, AC drive stops any output.	Press RESET after fault has been cleared.
cF4	Internal memory IC cannot be programmed.	Return to the factory. Check the EEPROM on the control board.
cF2	Internal memory IC cannot be read.	Return to the factory. Reset drive to factory defaults.
cF3.3	U-phase error	Return to the factory.
cF34	V-phase error	Return to the factory.
c F 3.S	W-phase error	Return to the factory.
cF38	OV or LV	Return to the factory.
cF37	Isum error	Return to the factory.
cF38	OH error	Return to the factory.
codE	Software protection failure	Return to the factory.
cFR	Auto accel/decel failure	Don't use the function of auto acceleration /deceleration.



Fault Name	Fault Descriptions	Corrective Actions
GFF	Ground fault: The AC drive output is abnormal. When the output terminal is grounded (short circuit current is 50% more than the AC drive rated current), the AC drive power module may be damaged. The short circuit protection is provided for AC drive protection, not user protection.	Ground fault: 1. Check whether the IGBT power module is damaged. 2. Check for possible poor insulation at the output line.
55	External Base Block. AC drive output is turned off.	 When the external input terminal (B.B) is active, the AC drive output will be turned off. Disable this connection and the AC drive will begin to work again.
Բեն	PID Feedback Signal Error	 Check parameter settings (Pr.10-00) and AVI/ACI1/ACI2 wiring. Check for possible fault between system reaction time and the feedback signal detection time (Pr.10-08/Pr.10-09).
<u> የ</u> ጸ _ኅ ዖ	Fan Power Fault (150~300HP)	Return to the factory.
FF:	Fan 1 fault (150~300HP)	Remove any foreign objects on the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins.
553	Fan 2 fault (150~300HP)	Remove any foreign objects on the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins.
FF3	Fan 3 fault (150~300HP)	Remove any foreign objects on the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins.



PADLIE VIDA GUICO				
Fault Name	Fault Descriptions	Corrective Actions		
FF 123	Fan 1, 2, 3 fault (150~300HP)	Remove any foreign objects on the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins.		
FF 12	Fan 1, 2 fault (150~300HP)	Remove any foreign objects on the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins.		
FF 13	Fan 1, 3 fault (150~300HP)	Remove any foreign objects on the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins.		
FF23	Fan 2, 3 fault (150~300HP)	Remove any foreign objects on the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins.		
۴۰	Gate Drive Low Voltage Protect	Return to the factory.		



CHAPTER 8 PARAMETER SUMMARY

Group 0 AC Drive Status Parameter

00-00 Software Version Read only		
O0-01 AC Drive Status Indication 1 00: No Fault occurred 01: oc (over current) 02: ov (over voltage) 03: oH (over temperature) 04: oL (overload) 05: oL1 (electronic thermal relay) 06: EF (External Fault) 07: occ (AC drive IGBT fault) 07: occ (AC drive IGBT fault) 08: cF3 (CPU failure) 09: HPF (Hardware Protection Failure) 10: ocA (current exceed during Acceleration) 11: ocd (current exceed during Deceleration) 12: ocn (current exceed during Steady State) 13: GFF (Ground Fault) 14: Lv (Low voltage) 15: cF1 (input data abnormal) 16: cF2 (output data abnormal) 17: bb (base block) 18: oL2 (over load2) 19: Reserved 20: codE (software or password protection) 21: EF1 (external emergency stop) 22: PHL (phase loss) 23: Lc (Low current) 24: FbL (Feedback loss) 25: Reserved 26: FAnP (Fan Power Fault) 27: FF1 (Fan 1 fault) 29: FF3 (Fan 3 fault) 30: FF123 (Fan 1, 2 fault) 31: FF12 (Fan 1, 2 fault) 32: FF13 (Fan 1, 3 fault) 33: FF12 (Fan 1, 3 fault) 33: FF12 (Fan 1, 3 fault) 33: FF23 (Fan 2, 3 fault) 34: FV (Gate Drive Low Voltage)	Read	



Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory	Customer
00-02		Bit 0~1: 00: Run led is off and stop led is on. 01: Run led is blink and stop led is on.	Setting Read	Customer
		10: Run led is on and stop led is blink. 11: Run led is on and stop		
		led is off. Bit 2: 1: Jog on. Bit 3~4: 00: Rev led is off and FWD led is on.		
		01: Rev led is blink and FWD led is on. 10: Rev led is on and FWD led is blink. 11: Rev led is on and		
		FWD led is off. Bit 5-7: Reserved Bit 8: Master frequency source via		
		communication interface Bit 9: Master frequency source via analog		
		Bit10: Running command via communication interface Bit11: Parameter locked		
		Bit12~15: Reserved		
00-03	Frequency Setting	Read only	Read	
00-04 00-05	Output Frequency Output Current	Read only Read only	Read Read	
00-05	DC-BUS Voltage	Read only	Read	
00-00	Output Voltage	Read only	Read	
00-08	Output Power Factor	Read only	Read	
00-09	Output Power (kW)	Read only	Read	
00-10	Feedback Signal Actual Value	Read only	Read	
00-11	Feedback Signal (%)	Read only	Read	
00-12	uL 0-99.99	Read only	Read	
00-13	User Target Value (High bit) uH 0-9999		Read	
00-14	PLC time	Read only	Read	



Group 1 Basic Parameter (Twice the value for 460V class)

	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
	01-00	Maximum Output Frequency	50.00~120.00Hz	60.00	
	01-01	Maximum Voltage Frequency (Base Frequency)	0.10~120.00 Hz	60.00	
	01-02	Maximum Output Voltage	230V series: 0.1~255.0V	220.0	
<u> </u>			460V series: 0.2~510.0V	440.0	
_	01-03	Mid-point Frequency	0.10~120 Hz	1.50	
	01-04	Mid-point Voltage	230V series: 0.1~255.0V	5.5	
<u> </u>			460V series: 0.2~510.0V	11.0	
	01-05	Minimum Output Frequency	0.10~20.00 Hz	1.50	
	01-06	Minimum Output Voltage	230V series: 0.1~50.0V	5.5	
-	04.07		460V series: 0.2V~100.0V	11.0	
-	01-07	Upper Bound Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	60.00	
_	01-08	Lower Bound Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
~	01-09	Acceleration Time 1	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/	
Η.	01-10	Deceleration Time 4	0.4.0000.0.0	60.0	
×	01-10	Deceleration Time 1	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/ 60.0	
<u> </u>	01-11	Acceleration Time 2	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/	
×	01-11	Acceleration fille 2	0.1~3000.0 Sec	60.0	
~	01-12	Deceleration Time 2	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/	
~	01-12	Deceleration Time 2	0.1 3000.0 3ec	60.0	
~	01-13	Acceleration Time 3	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/	
	00			60.0	
~	01-14	Deceleration Time 3	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/	
ĺ.	-			60.0	
~	01-15	Acceleration Time 4	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/	
ľ				60.0	
\sim	01-16	Deceleration Time 4	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/	
				60.0	
N	01-17	JOG Acceleration Time	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/	
				60.0	
N	01-18	JOG Deceleration Time	0.1~3600.0 Sec	10.0/	
L				60.0	
×	01-19	JOG frequency	0.0 Hz~120.00 Hz	6.00	
	01-20	S Curve Delay Time in Accel	0.00~2.50sec	0.00	
	01-21	S Curve Delay Time in Decel	0.00~2.50sec	0.00	
N	01-22	Modulation Index	0.90~1.20	1.00	
	01-23	Accel/Decel Time Unit	00: Unit is 1 Sec 01: Unit is 0.1 Sec 02: Unit is 0.01 Sec	01	



Group 2 Digital Output/Input Parameter

	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
*	02-00	Source of Frequency Command	00: via keypad 01: via analog input AVI 02: via analog input ACI1 03: via analog input ACI2 04: via RS485 serial communication 05: via External Reference	00	
*	02-01	Source of Operation Command	Controlled by the digital keypad Controlled by the external terminals, keypad STOP enabled. Controlled by external terminals, keypad STOP disabled. Controlled by the RS-485 communication interface, keypad STOP enabled. Controlled by the RS-485 communication interface, keypad STOP disabled.	00	
	02-02	Stop Method	00:Stop = ramp to stop, E.F. (External Fault) = coast to stop 01:Stop = coast to stop, E.F. = coast to stop 02:Stop = ramp to stop, E.F. = ramp to stop 03:Stop = coast to stop, E.F. = ramp to stop	00	
×	02-03	PWM Carrier Frequency Selections	1~10HP: 4000~10000Hz 15~30HP: 3000~9000Hz ≥40HP: 2000~6000Hz	9000Hz 6000Hz 4000Hz	
	02-04	Forward/Reverse Enable	00: Forward enabled 01: Reverse disabled 02: Forward disabled	00	
	02-05	2-wire/3-wire Operation Control Modes	00: 2-wire (#1), FWD/STOP, REV/STOP 01: 2-wire (#2), RUN/STOP, REV/FWD 02: 3-wire	00	
	02-06	Line Start Lockout	00: Disabled 01: Enabled	01	



=		SABELIZ VEDE				
	Parameters		Settings	Factory Setting	Customer	
	02-07	Loss of ACI Signal	00: Decelerate to 0Hz 01: E.F. 02: Continue operation by the last frequency command	01		
*	02-08	Start-up Display Selection	Bit0~1: 00 = F LED 01 = H LED 10 = U LED (special display) 11 = Fwd / Rev Bit2: 0 = Fwd LED / 1 = Rev LED Bit3~5: 000 = 1st 7-step 001 = 2nd 7-step 010 = 3rd 7-step 011 = 4th 7-step 100 = 5th 7-step Bit6~7: Reserved	00		
*	02-09	Special Display	 00: A displays output current of AC drive 01: U displays DC-Bus voltage of AC drive 02: E displays RMS of output voltage 03: P displays feedback Signal 04: PLC display auto procedure state 	00		
×	02-10	User Defined Coefficient	0.01~160.00	1.00		
×		Flying Start	00: Disable 01: Enable (Dc brake disabled)	00		
~		Flying Start Frequency	00: Trace from master frequency command 01: Trace from maximum setting frequency 01-00	00		
*	02-13	Master Frequency Memory Setting	Oo: Do not remember the last known frequency Remember the last known frequency	01		



Group 3 Output Function Parameters

Parameters		Settings	Factory Setting	Custome
03-00	Multi-function Output terminal 1		00	
03-01	Multi-function Output terminal 2		00	
03-02	Multi-function Output terminal 3	02: Motor No.2	00	
03-03	Multi-function Output terminal 4	03: Motor No.3	00	
03-04	Multi-function Output terminal 5	04: Motor No.4	00	
03-05	Multi-function Output terminal 6	05: Motor No.5	00	
03-06	Multi-function Output terminal 7	06: Motor No.6	00	
03-07	Multi-function Output terminal 8	07: Motor No.7	00	
000.	maia ranouon o aipai tommia o	08: Motor No.8		
		09: Auxiliary 1 output		
		10: Auxiliary 2 output		
		11: Auxiliary 3 output		
		12: Auxiliary 4 output		
		13: Auxiliary 5 output		
		14: Auxiliary 6 output		
		15: Auxiliary 7 output 16: Indication during operation		
		17: Master frequency attained 18: Zero speed (including		
		shutdown)		
		19: Over-torque		
		20: External fault		
		21: Low voltage detection		
		22: Operation mode indication		
		23: Fault indication		
		24: Master frequency attained		
		1		
		25: Master frequency attained		
		2		
		26: Over temperature		
		indication		
		27: Drive ready		
		28: External emergency stop (EF1)		
		29: Software brake output		
		30: OL or OL1 overload		
		warning		
		31: Dwell indication (sleep)		
		32: Low current indication		
		33: PID feedback error		
		indication		
		34: PLC program running		
		35: PLC program step		
		completed		
		36: PLC program completed		



	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
			37: PLC program operation Paused		
	03-08	Master Frequency Attained 1	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	03-09	Master Frequency Attained 2	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	03-10	Analog Output 1, (AFM1) 0~10Vdc	00: Output frequency 01: Output current	00	
	03-11	Analog Output 2, (AFM2) 0/4~ 20mA	02: Output voltage 03: Frequency command 04: Power factor loading	01	
×	03-12	Analog Output Gain 1	01~200%	100	
N	03-13	Analog Output Gain 2	01~200%	100	
	03-14	Analog Output 2 Selection (AFM2 Definition)	00: 0~20mA 01: 4~20mA	01	
	03-15	DC Fan Control	O0: Fan runs on power up. O1: Fan begins upon a RUN command. Fan stops 1 minute after a STOP command. O2: Fan begins upon a RUN command. Fan stops after a STOP command O3: Fan is controlled by temperature. Approximately a 60°C temperature will start the fan.	00	



Group 4 Input Function Parameters

	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
П	04-00	Multi-function Input terminal 1	00: No function	01	
	04-01	Multi-function Input terminal 2	01: Multi-Speed terminal 1	02	
	04-02	Multi-function Input terminal 3	02: Multi-Speed terminal 2	03	
	04-03	Multi-function Input terminal 4	03: Multi-Speed terminal 3	04	
	04-04	Multi-function Input terminal 5	04: Multi-Speed terminal 4	05	
	04-05	Multi-function Input terminal 6	05: Reset (NO)	07	
	04-06	Multi-function Input terminal 7	06: Reset (NC)	08	
	04-07	Multi-function Input terminal 8	07: Jog operation (JOG) 08: Accel/Decel disable 09: Accel/Decel 2 selection 10: Accel/Decel 3 selection 11: B.B. (NO) input 12: B.B. (NC) input 13: Increase frequency 14: Decrease frequency 15: Emergency stop (NO) 16: Emergency stop (NC) 17: AVI(open), ACI1(close) 18: KEYPAD(open), EXT(close) 19: PID disable 20: Auxiliary 1 input 21: Auxiliary 2 input 22: Auxiliary 3 input 23: Auxiliary 4 input 24: Auxiliary 5 input 25: Auxiliary 7 input 26: Auxiliary 7 input 27: Motor No.1 output disable 29: Motor No.2 output disable 29: Motor No.3 output disable 30: Motor No.4 output disable 31: All motor output disable 31: All motor output disable	09	
	24.00	D: :: 1	33: Pause PLC program	0.1	
	04-08	Digital Input Terminal Response Time	01~20	01	
	04-09	AVI Minimum voltage	0.0~10.0V	0.0	
	04-10	AVI Maximum voltage	0.0~10.0V	10.0	
	04-11	AVI Minimum frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	0.00~100.00%	0.00	
	04-12	AVI Maximum frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	0.00~100.00%	100.00	
Ш	04-13	ACI1 Minimum current	0.0~20.0mA	4.0	
	04-14	ACI1 Maximum current	0.0~20.0mA	20.0	



Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
04-15	ACI1 Minimum frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	0.0~100.0%	0.00	
04-16	ACI1 Maximum frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	0.0~100.0%	100.00	
04-17	ACI2 Minimum current	0.0~20.0mA	4.0	
04-18	ACI2 Maximum current	0.0~20.0mA	20.0	
04-19	ACI2 Minimum frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	0.00~100.00%	0.00	
04-20	ACI2 Maximum frequency (percentage of Pr.1-00)	0.00~100.00%	100.00	
04-21	Analog Input Delay AVI	0.00~10.00 Sec	0.50	
04-22	Analog Input Delay ACI1	0.00~10.00 Sec	0.50	
04-23	Analog Input Delay ACI2	0.00~10.00 Sec	0.50	
04-24	Summation of External Frequency Sources	00: No functions 01: AVI+ACI1 02: ACI1+ACI2 03: ACI2+AVI 04: Communication master frequency +AVI 05: Communication master frequency +ACI1 06: Communication master frequency +ACI2	00	



Group 5 Multi-step Speed Frequency Parameters

	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
M	05-00	1 st Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
N	05-01	2 nd Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
×	05-02	3 rd Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
N	05-03	4 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
N	05-04	5 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
N	05-05	6 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
~	05-06	7 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
N	05-07	8 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
N	05-08	9 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
~	05-09	10 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
~	05-10	11 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	05-11	12 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	05-12	13 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
Н	05-13	14 th Step Speed Frequency		-	
4	05-13	15 th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
_	05-14	15 Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00 Hz 00: Disable PLC operation	0.00	
	05-15	PLC Mode	01: Execute one program cycle 02: Continuously execute program cycles 03: Execute one program cycle step by step 04: Continuously execute program cycles step by step	00	
	05-16	PLC Forward/ Reverse Motion	00 to 32767 (00: FWD 01: REV)	00	
	05-17	Time Duration Step 1	0.0 to 65500 sec	0.0	
	05-18	Time Duration Step 2	0.0 to 65500 sec	0.0	
Ц	05-19	Time Duration Step 3	0.0 to 65500 sec	0.0	
Н	05-20	Time Duration Step 4	0.0 to 65500 sec	0.0	
Н	05-21	Time Duration Step 5	0.0 to 65500 sec	0.0	
Н	05-22 05-23	Time Duration Step 6 Time Duration Step 7	0.0 to 65500 sec 0.0 to 65500 sec	0.0	
Н		•			
Н	05-24	Time Duration Step 8	0.0 to 65500 Sec	0.0	
Н	05-25	Time Duration Step 9	0.0 to 65500 Sec	0.0	
Ц	05-26	Time Duration Step 10	0.0 to 65500 Sec	0.0	
Ш	05-27	Time Duration Step 11	0.0 to 65500 Sec	0.0	



Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
05-28	Time Duration Step 12	0.0 to 65500 Sec	0.0	
05-29	Time Duration Step 13	0.0 to 65500 Sec	0.0	
05-30	Time Duration Step 14	0.0 to 65500 Sec	0.0	
05-31	Time Duration Step 15	0.0 to 65500 Sec	0.0	
05-32	Time Unit Settings	00: 1 Sec 01: 0.1 Sec	00	



Group 6 Protection Function Parameters (Twice the value for 460V class)

Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
06-00	Over-voltage Stall Prevention	230V: 330.0~410.0VDC 460V: 660.0~820.0VDC 00: Disable	390.0 780.0	
06-01	Over-current Stall Prevention during Acceleration	20~150% 00: Disable	120	
06-02	Over-current Stall Prevention during operation	20~150% 00: Disable	120	
06-03	Over-torque Detection Selection	Over-torque detection disabled. Over-torque detection enabled during constant speed operation (OL2), and operation continues. Over-torque detection enabled during constant speed operation (OL2), and operation halted. Over-torque detection enabled during operation (OL2), and operation continues. Over-torque detection enabled during operation (OL2), and operation continues. O4: Over-torque detection enabled during operation (OL2), and operation halted.		
06-04		30~150%	110	
06-05	Over-torque Detection Time	0.1~60.0 Sec	0.1	
06-06	Electronic Thermal Relay Selection	00: Operate disabled.01: Operate with a standard motor.02: Operate with a special motor.	02	
06-07	Electronic Thermal Characteristic	30~600 Sec	60	
06-08	Low Current Detection Level		00	
06-09	Low Current Detection Time	0.1~ 3600.0 Sec	10.0	
06-10	Low Current Detection Treatment	00: Warn and ramp to stop 01: Warn and coast to stop 02: Warn and keep operating	01	
06-11	Present Fault Record	00: No fault	00	
06-12	Second Most Recent Fault Record	01: Oc (over-current) 02: Ov (over-voltage)	00	
06-13	Third Most Recent Fault Record	03: OH (over temperature) 04: OL (over load)	00	



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	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
	06-14	Fourth Recent Fault Record	05: oL1 (over load 1)	00	
			06: EF (External Fault)		
			07: Occ (IGBT module is abnormal)		
			08: cF3 (driver's internal circuitry is		
			abnormal)		
			09: HPF (Hardware Protection		
			Failure)		
			10: OcA (over-current during		
			acceleration)		
			11: Ocd (over-current during		
			deceleration)		
			12: Ocn (over-current during		
			steady state operation)		
			13: GFF(Ground Fault)		
			14: Lv (Low voltage)		
			15: cF1 (EEPROM WRITE failure)		
			16: cF2 (EEPROM READ failure)		
			17: bb (Base block)		
			18: OL2 (over load2)		
			19: Reserved		
			20: Code (software/password		
			protection)		
			21: EF1 (Emergency stop)		
			22: PHL (phase-loss)		
			23: Lc (Low Current)		
			24: FbL (Feedback Loss)		
			25: Reserved		
			26: FAnP (Fan Power Fault)		
			27: FF1 (Fan 1 fault)		
			28: FF2 (Fan 2 fault)		
			29: FF3 (Fan 3 fault)		
			30: FF123 (Fan 1, 2, 3 fault)		
			31: FF12 (Fan 1, 2 fault)		
			32: FF13 (Fan 1, 3 fault)		
			33: FF23 (Fan 2, 3 fault)		
			34: Fv (Gate Drive Low Voltage		
			Protect)		
\vdash	06-15	Parameter Reset	00~65535	00	
	30-13	i didilictel Neset	09: Reset parameters	00	
			(50Hz, 220/380)		
			10: Reset parameters		
			(60Hz, 220/440)		
\vdash	06-16	Parameter Protection	00~65535	00	
	00-10	Password Input	00000	00	
	06-17	Parameter Protection	00~65535	00	
		Password Setting	00: No password protection		
_	1	· · J			



EXAMPLE 2 VFD-F Series Group 7 AC Drive and Motor Parameters

	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
	07-00	Identity Code of AC Drive	Display by model type	##	
	07-01	Rated Current of AC Drive	Display by model type	##	
×	07-02	Full-load Current of Motor	30~120%	100%	
×	07-03	No-load Current of Motor	1~99%	30%	
N	07-04	Auto Slip Compensation Gain	0.0~3.0	0.0	
	07-05	Rated Slip Frequency of Motor	0.00~20.00Hz	0.00	
~	07-06	Auto Torque Compensation Gain	0.0~10.0	0.0	
~	07-07	Torque Compensation Gain by Manually	0.0~10.0	0.0	
		Calculate Total Running Time of the Motor (Min)	00 to 1439 Min	00	
		Calculate Total Running Time of the Motor (Day)	00 to 65535 Day	00	



Group 8 Special Parameters (Twice the value for 460V class)

	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
П	08-00	DC Brake Current Level	00~100%	00	
	08-01	DC Brake Time during Start-up	0.0~60.0 Sec	0.0	
	08-02	DC Brake Time during Stopping	0.00~60.00 Sec	0.0	
П	08-03	Start-point for DC Brake	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	08-04	Momentary Power Loss	00: Disable	00	
		Operation Selection	01: Trace from top downward		
			02: Trace from bottom		
			upward		
	08-05	Maximum Allowable Power Loss Time	0.1~5.0 Sec	2.0	
	08-06	Speed Search Time	0.1~5.0 Sec	0.5	
	08-07	Maximum Speed Search Current	30~150%	110	
	08-08	BB speed search method	00: Trace from top downward 01: Trace from bottom upward	00	
	08-09	Auto Restart Times after Fault	00~10	00	
	08-10	Auto Restart Time after Fault	00 to 60000 sec	600	
	08-11	Operation Frequency Inhibition 1 UP	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	08-12	Operation Frequency Inhibition 1 DOWN	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	08-13	Operation Frequency Inhibition 2 UP	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	08-14	Operation Frequency Inhibition 2 DOWN	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	08-15	Operation Frequency Inhibition 3 UP	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	08-16	Operation Frequency Inhibition 3 DOWN	0.00~120.00 Hz	0.00	
	08-17	Automatic Energy-saving	00: Energy-saving operation disabled 01: Energy-saving operation enabled	00	
	08-18	Automatic Voltage Regulation (AVR)	00: AVR function enabled 01: AVR function disabled 02: AVR function disabled for deceleration	00	
*	08-19	Software Setting of the Brake Level (the action level of the brake resistor)	460V: 740~820VDC 00:Disable	380.0 760.0	
~	08-20	Vibration Compensation Factor	00~1000	00	



Group 9 Communication Parameters

	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
×	09-00	Communication Address	01-254 00:Disable	01	
*	09-01	Transmission Speed (Baud Rate)	00: Baud rate 4800 01: Baud rate 9600 02: Baud rate 19200 03: Baud rate 38400	01	
~	09-02	Transmission Fault Treatment	00: Warn and keep operating 01: Warn and RAMP to stop 02: Warn and COAST to stop 03: No warning and no display	03	
	09-03	Over Time Detection during Transmission	00: Disable 01: Enable	00	
	09-04	Communication Format	00: 7-bit for ASCII 01: 8-bit for ASCII 02: 8-bit for RTU	00	
	09-05	Even/Odd Parity and Stopping Parity Setting	00: None parity + 2 stop bit 01: Even parity + 2 stop bit 02: Odd parity + 2 stop bit 03: None parity + 1 stop bit 04: Even parity + 1 stop bit 05: Odd parity + 1 stop bit	00	
*	09-06	Communication Operation Command 1	Bit0~1: 00: Disable 01: Stop 10: Start-up 11: JOG start-up Bit2~3: Reserved Bit4~5: 00: No function 01: FWD command 10: REV command 11: Change direction command Bit6~7: 00: 1st step accel/decel speed 10: 2rd step accel/decel speed 10: 3rd step accel/decel speed 11: 4th step accel/decel speed 11: 4th step accel/decel speed	00	



Г	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
***	09-06	Communication Operation Command 1	Bit8~11: 0000: Master speed 0001: 1st step speed 0010: 2nd step speed 0011: 3rd step speed 0010: 4th step speed 0101: 5th step speed 0101: 5th step speed 0111: 7th step speed 1000: 8th step speed 1001: 9th step speed 1001: 9th step speed 1011: 11th step speed 1010: 12th step speed 1101: 13th step speed 1101: 13th step speed 1101: 14th step speed 1110: 14th step speed 1111: 15th step speed	00	
*	09-07	Communication Frequency Setting	0~120.00Hz	60.00	
×	09-08	Communication Operation Command 2	Bit0: 1: EF ON Bit1: 1: Reset Bit2: 0: BB OFF, 1: BB ON Bit3~15: Reserved	00	



Group 10 PID Controls

	Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
	10-00	Input Terminal for PID Feedback	00: No function 01: Input via AVI 02: Input via ACI1 03: Input via ACI2 04: Input via External Reference	00	
	10-01	PID Control Detection Signal Reference	0.0-6550.0	1000.0	
	10-02	PID Feedback Control Method	00: Negative feedback control01: Positive feedback control	00	
	10-03	Proportional Gain (P)	0.0~10.0	1.0	
	10-04	Integral Time (I)	0.00~100.00 Sec	1.00	
	10-05	Differential Time (D)	0.00~1.00 Sec	0.00	
	10-06	Upper Bound for Integral Control	00~200%	100	
	10-07	Primary Low Pass Filter Time	0.0~2.5 Sec	0.0	
	10-08	PID Feedback Signal Range	0.0~6550.0	600.0	
	10-09	PID Feedback Signal Fault Treatment Time	0. 0~3600.0 Sec 0.0: Disable	0.0	
*	10-10	PID Feedback Signal Fault Treatment	00: Warn and RAMP stop 01: Warn and COAST stop 02: Warn and keep operating	01	
×	10-11	PID Minimum Output Frequency	0: By PID controller 1: By AC drive	01	



Group 11 Fan and Pump Control Parameters

Parameters	Functions	Settings	Factory Setting	Customer
11-00	V/F Curve Selection	00: Determined by group 01 01: 1.5 power curve 02: 1.7 power curve 03: 2 power curve 04: 3 power curve	00	
11-01	Circulative Control	00: No function 01: Time circulation (by time) 02: Fixed amount circulation (by PID) 03: Fixed amount control (an AC drive runs with 4 motors)	00	
11-02	Multiple Motors Control	01~04	01	
11-03	Time Circulation Time Setting	00~65500 Min	00	
11-04	Motor Switch Delay Time	0.0~3600.0 sec	1.0	
11-05	Motor Switch Delay Time during Fixed Amount Circulation	0.0~3600.0 sec	10.0	
11-06	Motor Switch Frequency during Fixed Amount Circulation	0.00 to 120.00 Hz	60.00	
11-07	Enter Sleep Process Time	0.0~3600.0sec 0.0: Sleep function disable	0.0	
11-08	Sleep Frequency of Sleep Process	0.00 to 11-09 (Wake up Frequency)	0.0	
11-09	Wake Up Frequency of Sleep Process	0.00 to 120.0Hz	0.0	
11-10	Treatment of Fixed Amount Circulation Malfunction	00: Turn off all motors 01: Turn off AC drive	00	
11-11	Stop Frequency of Auxiliary Motor	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	



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Specifications

	Voltage Class	230V Class											
M	odel Number VFDF23_	007	015	022	037	055	075	110	150	185	220	300	370
Max	c. Applicable Motor Output (kW)	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37
Max	. Applicable Motor Output (HP)	1.0	2.0	3.0	5.0	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50
6	Rated Output Capacity (KVA)	1.9	2.5	4.2	6.5	9.5	12.5	18.3	24.7	28.6	34.3	45.7	55
Rating	Rated Output Current (A)	5.0	7.0	11	17	25	33	49	65	75	90	120	145
꿈	Maximum Output Voltage (V)	Proportional to Input Voltage											
Output	Rated Frequency (Hz)	0.10-120.00Hz											
0	Carrier Frequency (kHz)			4-	10				3	-9		2-	-6
± 0	Rated Input Current (A)	5.7	7.6	15.5	20.6	26	34	50	60	75	90	110	142
Input Rating	Rated Voltage	3-phase 180-264 V											
= &	Frequency Tolerance		47 – 63 Hz										

	Voltage Class	460V Class																				
Mo	Model Number VFD F43_			022	037	055	075	110	150	185	220	300	370	450	550	750	900	1100	1320	1600	1850	2200
Max	Applicable Motor Output (kW)	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160	185	220
Max	Applicable Motor Output (HP)	1.0	2.0	3.0	5.0	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75	100	125	150	175	215	250	300
б	Rated Output Capacity (KVA)	2.3	3.2	4.2	6.5	10	14	18	25	29	34	46	56	69	84	114	137	168	198	236	281	350
Rating	Rated Output Current (A)	2.7	4.2	5.5	8.5	13	18	24	32	38	45	60	73	91	110	150	180	220	260	310	370	460
Ħ	Maximum Output Voltage (V)	Proportional to Input Voltage																				
Output	Rated Frequency (Hz)	0.10-120.00Hz																				
0	Carrier Frequency (kHz)			4-	10				3-	-9							2	-6				
± 0	Rated Input Current (A)	3.2	4.3	5.9	11.2	14	19	25	32	39	49	60	73	91	120	160	160	200	240	300	380	400
Input	Rated Voltage	3-phase 342-528 V																				
= &	Frequency Tolerance										47	7 – 6	3 H	z								

General Specifications

tics	Control Syste	em	SPWM (Sinusoidal Pulse Width Modulation, carrier frequency 2-10kHz)					
rist	Output Frequ	ency Resolution	0.01Hz					
acte	Torque Chara	acteristics	cluding the auto-torque, auto-slip compensation; starting torque can be 150% at 1.0					
Characteristics	Overload En	durance	120% of rated current for 1 minute					
Ö	Accel/Decel	Time	1-36000/0.1-3600.0/0.01-360.00 seconds (3 Independent settings for Accel/Decel Time)					
Control	V/f Pattern		Adjustable V/f pattern					
S	Stall Prevention Level		20 to 150%, Setting of Rated Current					
		Keypad	Setting by					
Characteristics	Frequency Setting	External Signal	1 set of AVI analog voltage DC0-+10V/0-+5V, 2 sets of ACI analog current 0/4-20mA, 15 Multi-Function Inputs, RS-485 interface (MODBUS), External terminals UP/DOWN Key					
act	Operation	Keypad	Set by RUN, STOP and JOG					
	Setting Signal	External Signal	Operation by FWD, REV, JOG and communication operation					
Operating	Multi-Function Input Signal		Multi-step selection 0 to 15, Jog, accel/decel inhibit, first to forth accel/decel switches, counter, external Base Block (NC, NO), JOG, auxiliary motor start/maintenance					
Ope	Multi-Function Output Indication		AC Drive Operating, Frequency Attained, Desired Frequency Attained, Zero speed, Base Block, Fault Indication, Local/Remote indication, and Auxiliary Motor Output					
	Analog Outp	out Signal	2 sets of Analog frequency/current signal output					



	Other Functions	AVR, 2 kinds of S-Curve, Over-Voltage, Over-Current Stall Prevention, Fault Records, Reverse inhibition, DC Brake, Momentary Power Loss restart, Auto torque and slip compensation, Plo Control, Parameter Lock/Reset, Frequency Limits, Adjustable Carrier Frequency, 4 sets of Fan & Pump Control,
	Protection	Self-testing, Over Voltage, Over Current, Under Voltage, Overload, Overheating, External Fault, Electronic thermal, Ground Fault, Phase-loss
	Built-in Reactor	DC Reactor: 25~215HP AC Reactor: 250~300HP
	Built-in Brake Chopper	1~20HP
	Cooling Methods	Forced Fan-cooled
	Installation Location	Altitude 1,000 m or lower, keep from corrosive gasses, liquid and dust
Ħ	Pollution Degree	2
me	Ambient Temperature	-10°C to 40°C Non-Condensing and not frozen
Enviromment	Storage/ Transportation Temperature	-20°C to 60°C
ш	Ambient Humidity	Below 90% RH (non-condensing)
	Vibration	9.80665m/s ² (1G) less than 20Hz, 5.88m/s ² (0.6G) at 20 to 50Hz



ACCESSORIES

B.1 All Brake Resistors & Brake Units Used in AC Motor Drives

Note: Please only use DELTA resistors and recommended values. Other resistors and values will void Delta's warranty. Please contact your nearest Delta representative for use of special resistors. For instance, in 460 V series, 100 HP, AC drive has 2 brake units with total of 16 brake resistors, so each brake unit uses 8 brake resistors. There should be at least 10 cm away from AC drive to avoid possible noise. Refer to the "Brake Unit Module User Manual" for further detail.

Ф	Appl	cable	★Full	Equivalent	Brake	Linit	Brake		Brake	Equivalent
tag	Mo	otor	Load	Resistors	Model '		Resistors Mod	lel	Torque	Minimum Resistor
Voltage	HP	kW	Torque KG-M	Specification for Each AC Drive	No. of Unit Used		No. of Units Us		10%ED%	Value for Each AC Drive
	1	0.75	0.427	80W 200Ω			BR080W200	1	125	80Ω
	2	1.5	0.849	300W 100Ω			BR300W100	1	125	55Ω
	3	2.2	1.262	300W 70Ω			BR300W070	1	125	35 Ω
	5	3.7	2.080	400W 40Ω			BR400W040	1	125	25Ω
SS	7.5	5.5	3.111	500W 30 Ω			BR500W030	1	125	16Ω
series	10	7.5	4.148	1000W 20Ω			BR1K0W020	1	125	12Ω
s >	15	11	6.186	2400W 13.6Ω			BR1K2W6P8	2	125	13.6Ω
230V	20	15	8.248	3000W 10Ω	2015	1	BR1K5W005	2	125	10Ω
(4	25	18.5	10.281	4800W 8Ω	2022	1	BR1K2W008	4	125	8Ω
	30	22	12.338	4800W 6.8Ω	2022	1	BR1K2W6P8	4	125	6.8 Ω
	40	30	16.497	6000W 5Ω	2015	2	BR1K5W005	4	125	5Ω
	50	37	20.6	9600W 4Ω	2015	2	BR1K2W008	8	125	4Ω
	1	0.75	0.427	80W 750Ω			BR080W750	1	125	160Ω
	2	1.5	0.849	300W 400 Ω			BR300W400	1	125	160Ω
	3	2.2	1.262	300W 250 Ω			BR300W250	1	125	160Ω
	5	3.7	2.080	400W 150Ω			BR400W150	1	125	130Ω
	7.5	5.5	3.111	500W 100Ω			BR500W100	1	125	60Ω
	10	7.5	4.148	1000W 75Ω			BR1K0W075	1	125	45Ω
	15	11	6.186	1000W 50 Ω			BR1K0W050	1	125	50Ω
	20	15	8.248	1500W 40Ω			BR1K5W040	1	125	40Ω
S	25	18.5	10.281	4800W 32Ω	4030	1	BR1K2W008	4	125	32Ω
Series	30	22	12.338	4800W 27.2Ω	4030	1	BR1K2W6P8	4	125	27.2Ω
Ś	40	30	16.497	6000W 20Ω	4030	1	BR1K5W005	4	125	20Ω
460V	50	37	20.6	9600W 16Ω	4045	1	BR1K2W008	8	125	16Ω
4	60	45	24.745	9600W 13.6Ω	4045	1	BR1K2W6P8	8	125	13.6Ω
	75	55	31.11	12000W 10Ω	4030	2	BR1K5W005	8	125	10Ω
	100	75	42.7	19200W 6.8Ω	4045	2	BR1K2W6P8	16	125	6.8Ω
	120	90	52.5	13500W 5Ω	4132	1	BR1K5W005	9	120	5Ω
	150	110	61	21600W 4Ω	4132	1	BR1K2W008	18	120	4Ω
	175	132	73.5	21600W 4Ω	4132	1	BR1K2W008	18	100	4Ω
	215	160	89	21600W 3.4Ω	4132	1	BR1K2W6P8	18	97	3.4Ω
	250	185	103	27000W 2.5Ω	4132	2	BR1K5W005	18	115	2.5Ω
	300	220	122.5	27000W 2.5Ω	4132	2	BR1K5W005	18	96	2.5Ω

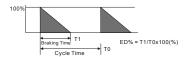
★: Standard 4-pole motor



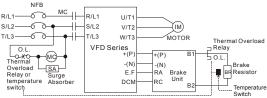
NOTE

- Please select the brake unit and/or brake resistor according to the table. "-" means no Delta product. Please use the brake unit according to the Equivalent Resistor Value.
- 2. If damage to the drive or other equipment is due to the fact that the brake resistors and the brake modules in use are not provided by Delta, the warranty will be void.
- 3. Take into consideration the safety of the environment when installing the brake resistors.
- If the minimum resistance value is to be utilized, consult local dealers for the calculation of the power in Watt.
- Please select thermal relay trip contact to prevent resistor over load. Use the contact to switch power off to the AC motor drive!
- When using more than 2 brake units, equivalent resistor value of parallel brake unit can't be less than the value in the column "Minimum Equivalent Resistor Value for Each AC Drive" (the right-most column in the table).
- Please read the wiring information in the user manual of the brake unit thoroughly prior to installation and operation.
- In applications with brake resistor or brake unit, Pr.06-00 (Over-voltage stall prevention) must be disabled. And Pr.08-18 (AVR function) shall not be used.
- 9. Definition for Brake Usage ED% Explanation: The definition of the brake usage ED(%) is for assurance of enough time for the brake unit and brake resistor to dissipate away heat generated by braking. When the brake resistor heats up, the resistance would increase with temperature, and brake torque would

decrease accordingly. Suggest cycle time is one minute.



10. For safety reasons, install a thermal overload relay between brake unit and brake resistor. Together with the magnetic contactor (MC) in the mains supply circuit to the drive it offers protection in case of any malfunctioning. The purpose of installing the thermal overload relay is to protect the brake resistor against damage due to frequent braking or in case the brake unit is continuously on due to unusual high input voltage. Under these circumstances the thermal overload relay switches off the power to the drive. Never let the thermal overload relay switch off only the brake resistor as this will cause serious damage to the AC Motor Drive.



Note1: When using the AC drive with DC reactor, please refer to wiring diagram in the AC drive user manual for the wiring of terminal +(P) of brake unit.

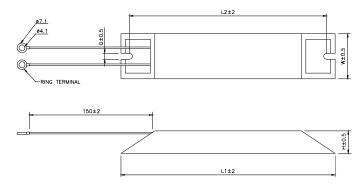
Note2: **Do NOT** wire terminal -(N) to the neutral point of power system.



B.1.1 Dimensions and Weights for Brake Resistors

(Dimensions are in millimeter)

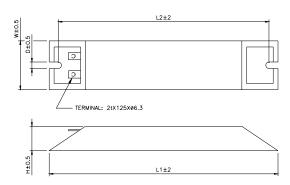
Order P/N: BR080W200, BR080W750, BR300W070, BR300W100, BR300W250, BR300W400, BR400W150, BR400W040



TYPE	L1	L2	Н	D	W	MAX. WEIGHT(g)
BR080W200	140	125	20	5.3	60	160
BR080W750	140	125	20	5.3	60	160
BR300W070	215	200	30	5.3	60	750
BR300W100	215	200	30	5.3	60	750
BR300W250	215	200	30	5.3	60	750
BR300W400	215	200	30	5.3	60	750
BR400W150	265	250	30	5.3	60	930
BR400W040	265	250	30	5.3	60	930

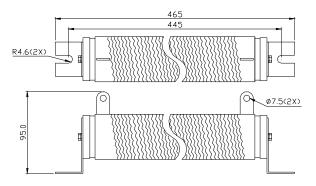


Order P/N: BR500W030, BR500W100, BR1K0W020, BR1K0W075



TYPE	L1	L2	Н	D	W	MAX. WEIGHT(g)
BR500W030	335	320	30	5.3	60	1100
BR500W100	335	320	30	5.3	60	1100
BR1K0W020	400	385	50	5.3	100	2800
BR1K0W075	400	385	50	5.3	100	2800

Order P/N: BR1K0W050, BR1K2W008, BR1K2W6P8, BR1K5W005, BR1K5W040





B.1.2 Specifications for Brake Unit

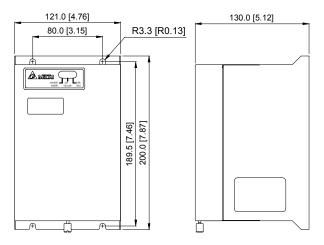
	Voltage Class	230V	Series		460V Serie	es				
Mode	l Number VFDB-□□□□	2015	2022	4030	4045	4132				
Max.	Motor Power (kW)	15	22	30	45	132				
Вu	Max. Peak Discharge Current (A) 10%ED	40	240							
Output Rating	Continuous Discharge Current (A)	15	20	15	18	75				
Outpr	Brake Start-up Voltage (DC)	330/345/360/ ±3		660/690/720 ±6	618/642/667/ 690/725/750±6V					
Input Rating	DC Voltage	200~40	00VDC	400~8	480~750VDC					
L.	Heat Sink Overheat	Temperature over +95°C (203 °F)								
Protection	Alarm Output	RELAY contact 5A120Vac/28Vdc(RA, RB, RC)								
Pro	Power Charge Display	Blackout until bus (+~-) voltage is below 50VDC								
	Installation Location	Indoor (no corrosive gases, metallic dust)								
	Operating Temperature	-10℃~+50℃								
ent	Storage Temperature	-20℃ ~+60℃								
m L	Humidity	90% Non-condensing								
Environment	Vibration	9.8m/S ² (1G) under 20Hz 2m/S ² (0.2G) at 20~50Hz								
Wall-	mounted Enclosed Type	IP50 IP10								



B.1.3 Dimensions for Brake Unit

(Dimensions are in millimeter[inch])

Figure 1: VFDB2015, VFDB2022, VFDB4030, VFDB4045



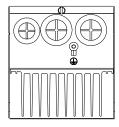
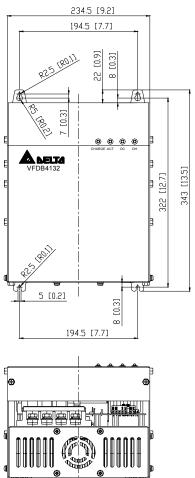
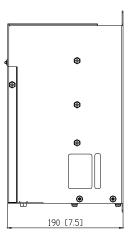
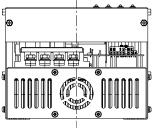




Figure 2: VFDB4132









B.2 AMD-EMI Filter Cross Reference

AC Drives	EMI Model Number
VFD007F23A/H, VFD015F23A/H, VFD022F23A/H, VFD037F23A/H	26TDT1W4C
VFD110F23A/H, VFD055F23A/H, VFD075F23A/H, VFD185F43A/H	50TDS4W4C
VFD150F23A/H, VFD220F43A/H, VFD300F43A/H, VFD370F43A/H	100TDS84C
VFD220F23A/H, VFD185F23A/H, VFD300F23A/H, VFD450F43A/H	150TDS84C
VFD370F23A/H, VFD550F43A/H	180TDS84C
VFD750F43A/H	200TDDS84C

Installation

All electrical equipment, including AC motor drives, will generate high-frequency/low-frequency noise and will interfere with peripheral equipment by radiation or conduction when in operation. By using an EMI filter with correct installation, much interference can be eliminated. It is recommended to use DELTA EMI filter to have the best interference elimination performance.

We assure that it can comply with following rules when AC motor drive and EMI filter are installed and wired according to user manual:

- FN61000-6-4
- EN61800-3: 1996 + A11: 2000
- EN55011 (1991) Class A Group 1 (1st Environment, restricted distribution)

General precaution

- 1. EMI filter and AC motor drive should be installed on the same metal plate.
- 2. Please install AC motor drive on footprint EMI filter or install EMI filter as close as possible to the AC motor drive.
- 3. Please wire as short as possible.
- Metal plate should be grounded.
- The cover of EMI filter and AC motor drive or grounding should be fixed on the metal plate and the contact area should be as large as possible.

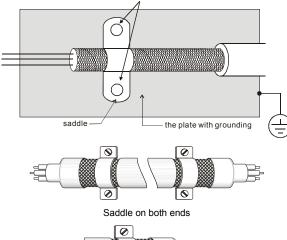
Choose suitable motor cable and precautions

Improper installation and choice of motor cable will affect the performance of EMI filter. Be sure to observe the following precautions when selecting motor cable.

- 1. Use the cable with shielding (double shielding is the best).
- The shielding on both ends of the motor cable should be grounded with the minimum length and maximum contact area.
- 3. Remove any paint on metal saddle for good ground contact with the plate and shielding.



Remove any paint on metal saddle for good ground contact with the plate and shielding. $\ \ \,$





Saddle on one end



B.3 AC Reactor

AC Input Reactor Recommended Value

460V, 50/60Hz, 3-Phase

KW	HP	Fundamental	Max. Continuous	Inductance (mh)		
	П	Amps	Amps	3% impedance	5% impedance	
0.75	1	4	6	9	12	
1.5	2	4	6	6.5	9	
2.2	3	8	12	5	7.5	
3.7	5	8	12	3	5	
5.5	7.5	12	18	2.5	4.2	
7.5	10	18	27	1.5	2.5	
11	15	25	37.5	1.2	2	
15	20	35	52.5	0.8	1.2	
18.5	25	35	52.5	0.8	1.2	
22	30	45	67.5	0.7	1.2	
30	40	55	82.5	0.5	0.85	
37	50	80	120	0.4	0.7	
45	60	80	120	0.4	0.7	
55	75	100	150	0.3	0.45	
75	100	130	195	0.2	0.3	
90	125	160	240	0.15	0.23	
110	150	200	300	0.11	0.185	
132	175	250	375	0.09	0.15	
160	215	320	480	0.075	0.125	
185	250	400	560	0.06	0.105	
220	300	500	700	0.05	0.085	

460V DC Choke

Input Voltage	kW	HP	DC Amps	Inductance (mh)
	0.75	1	4	25.00
	1.5	2	9	11.50
	2.2	3	9	11.50
	3.7	5	12	6.00
	5.5	7.5	18	3.75
	7.5	10	25	4.00
	11	15	32	2.68
	15	20	50	2.00



18.5kW~132kW models: built-in DC choke 160kW~220kW models: built-in AC reactor



AC Output Reactor Recommended Value

230V, 50/60Hz, 3-Phase

kW	HP	Fundamental	Max. continuous	Inductar	nce (mH)
NVV	1115	Amps	Amps	3% impedance	5% impedance
0.75	1	8	12	3	5
1.5	2	8	12	1.5	3
2.2	3	12	18	1.25	2.5
3.7	5	18	27	0.8	1.5
5.5	7.5	25	37.5	0.5	1.2
7.5	10	35	52.5	0.4	0.8
11	15	55	82.5	0.25	0.5
15	20	80	120	0.2	0.4
18.5	25	80	120	0.2	0.4
22	30	100	150	0.15	0.3
30	40	130	195	0.1	0.2
37	50	160	240	0.075	0.15

460V, 50/60Hz, 3-Phase

kW	HP	Fundamental	Max. continuous	Inductar	ice (mH)
KVV	ПЕ	Amps	Amps	3% impedance	5% impedance
0.75	1	4	6	9	12
1.5	2	4	6	6.5	9
2.2	3	8	12	5	7.5
3.7	5	12	18	2.5	4.2
5.5	7.5	18	27	1.5	2.5
7.5	10	18	27	1.5	2.5
11	15	25	37.5	1.2	2
15	20	35	52.5	0.8	1.2
18.5	25	45	67.5	0.7	1.2
22	30	45	67.5	0.7	1.2
30	40	80	120	0.4	0.7
37	50	80	120	0.4	0.7
45	60	100	150	0.3	0.45
55	75	130	195	0.2	0.3
75	100	160	240	0.15	0.23
90	125	160	240	0.15	0.23
110	150	200	300	0.11	0.185
185	250	320	480	0.75	0.125
220	300	400	600	0.06	0.105



B.4 Non-fuse Circuit Breaker Chart

The fuse should comply with UL248 and the breaker should comply with UL489.

The current rating of the breaker shall be within 2~4 times maximum input current rating.

3-phase					
Model	Recommended non-fuse breaker (A)				
VFD007F23A	10				
VFD007F43A/H	5				
VFD015F23A	15				
VFD015F43A/H	10				
VFD022F23A	30				
VFD022F43A/H	15				
VFD037F23A	40				
VFD037F43A/H	20				
VFD055F23A	50				
VFD055F43B/H	30				
VFD075F23A	60				
VFD075F43B/H	40				
VFD110F23A	100				
VFD110F43A/H	50				
VFD150F23A	125				
VFD150F43A/H	60				
VFD185F23A	150				
VFD185F43A/H	75				
VFD220F23A	175				
VFD220F43A/H	100				
VFD300F23A	225				
VFD300F43A/H	125				
VFD370F23A	250				
VFD370F43A/H	150				
VFD450F43A/H	175				
VFD550F43A/H	250				
VFD750F43A/H	300				
VFD900F43C/H	300				
VFD1100F43C/H	400				
VFD1320F43A/H	500				
VFD1600F43A/H	600				
VFD1850F43A/H	600				
VFD2200F43A/H	800				



B.5 Fuse Specification Chart

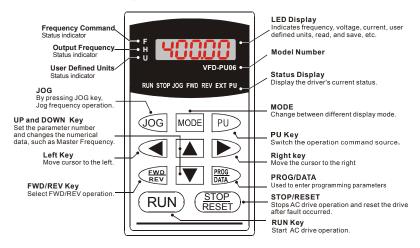
Smaller fuses than those shown in the table are permitted.

Model	I (A)	I (A)	L	ine Fuse
Model	Input	Output	I (A)	Bussmann P/N
VFD007F23A	5.7	5.0	10	JJN-10
VFD007F43A/H	3.2	2.7	5	JJS-6
VFD015F23A	7.6	7.0	15	JJN-15
VFD015F43A/H	4.3	4.2	10	JJS-10
VFD022F23A	15.5	11	30	JJN-30
VFD022F43A/H	5.9	5.5	15	JJS-15
VFD037F23A	20.6	17	40	JJN-40
VFD037F43A/H	11.2	8.5	20	JJS-20
VFD055F23A	26	25	50	JJN-50
VFD055F43B/H	14	13	30	JJS-30
VFD075F23A	34	33	60	JJN-60
VFD075F43B/H	19	18	40	JJS-40
VFD110F23A	50	49	100	JJN-100
VFD110F43A/H	25	24	50	JJS-50
VFD150F23A	60	65	125	JJN-125
VFD150F43A/H	32	32	60	JJS-60
VFD185F23A	75	75	150	JJN-150
VFD185F43A/H	39	38	75	JJS-70
VFD220F23A	90	90	175	JJN-175
VFD220F43A/H	49	45	100	JJS-100
VFD300F23A	110	120	225	JJN-225
VFD300F43A/H	60	60	125	JJS-125
VFD370F23A	142	145	250	JJN-250
VFD370F43A/H	63	73	150	JJS-150
VFD450F43A/H	90	91	175	JJS-175
VFD550F43A/H	130	110	250	JJS-250
VFD750F43A/H	160	150	300	JJS-300
VFD900F43C/H	160	180	300	JJS-300
VFD1100F43C/H	200	220	400	JJS-400
VFD1320F43A/H	240	260	500	JJS-500
VFD1600F43A/H	300	310	600	JJS-600
VFD1850F43A/H	380	370	600	JJS-600
VFD2200F43A/H	400	460	800	JJS-800



B.6 PU06

B.6.1 Description of the Digital Keypad VFD-PU06



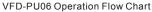
B.6.2 Explanation of Display Message

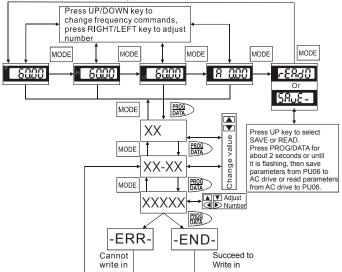
•	. , .
Display Message	Descriptions
6000	The AC motor drive Master Frequency Command.
<u> </u>	The Actual Operation Frequency present at terminals U, V, and W.
, H8000	The custom unit (u)
8 5.8	The output current present at terminals U, V, and W.
r8888	Press to change the mode to READ. Press PROG/DATA for about 2 sec or until it's flashing, read the parameters of AC drive to the digital keypad PU06. It can read 4 groups of parameters to PU06. (read 0 – read 3)
5808-	Press to change the mode to SAVE. Press PROG/DATA for about 2 sec or until it's flashing, then write the parameters from the digital keypad PU06 to AC drive. If it has saved, it will show the type of AC motor drive.



	SABELIZ VI D-I Genes
Display Message	Descriptions
88-88	The specified parameter setting.
18	The actual value stored in the specified parameter.
88.	External Fault
-End-	"End" displays for approximately 1 second if the entered input data have been accepted. After a parameter value has been set, the new value is automatically stored in memory. To modify an entry, use the
-800-	"Err" displays if the input is invalid.
EE-18	Communication Error. Please check the AC motor drive user manual (Chapter 5, Group 9 Communication Parameter) for more details.

B.6.3 PU06 Operation Flow Chart







B.7 Relay Card

Specifications:

- 1. Screw Length (between RELAY CARD and Control Board): 8mm or less.
- 2. Torque Rating: 3~4 kgf-cm or less.
- 3. Wire Gauge: 16~26 AWG.
- 4. Maximum Voltage/Current of each contact: Max. 250VAC/2A
- 5. Maximum Momentary Voltage/Current of each contact:
 - Max. 350VAC/8A, transient time is 10m sec
- 6. Close/Restoring Time of each contact: Typical 5/1 ms
- 7. Ambient Temperature: -10°C to 40°C (non-condensing and not frozen)
- 8. Ambient Humidity: less than 90%RH (not frozen)
- Environment:
 - Installation Altitude: below 1000m.
 - Always use this product in a clean indoor location free from dust, corrosive gases and liquid.

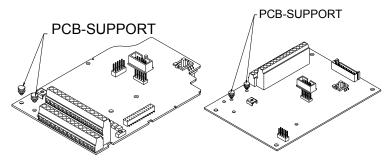
10. Vibration:

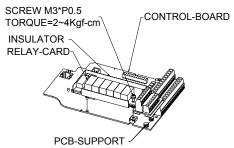
- Maximum 9.80665 m/s2 (1G) at less than 20 Hz
- Maximum 5.88 m/s2 (0.6G) at 20Hz to 50Hz

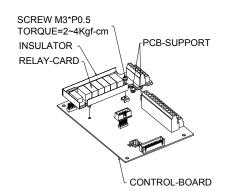
Notes:

- Please put RC network or Varistor on the side of coil to prevent sparks when connect the inductance loading device, i.e. relay, magnetic contactor, motor...etc.
- It is recommended to put the fuses into the circuit if having safety concern when using this product. (The specification of used fuses must be within the limit of contact.)
- 3. Please use the isolated wires as much as possible to avoid interferences. (The isolated layer must be grounded to the earth.)
- 4. The ends of wires must be plated with tin or connected with terminals.
- 5. For the safety concern, route the Relay Card wires separately and far away from other control wires, motor wires and power wires...etc. at least 15cm. Where these wires must cross to each other please make sure they are at a 90 degree angle.
- 6. Always use and operate this product within the limit of its specifications.
- 7. For other operation notes, please refer to the user's manuals of AC motor drive.





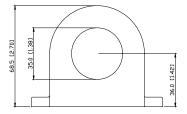






B.8 Zero Phase Reactor (RF220X00A)

Dimensions are in millimeter and (inch)







Cable type		comme re Size	Qty.	Wiring	
	AWG mm ² Nominal (mm ²)		Qty.	Method	
Single-	≦10	≦5.3	≦5.5	1	Diagram A
core	≦2	≦33.6	≦38	4	Diagram B
Three-	≦12	≦3.3	≦3.5	1	Diagram A
core	≦1	≦42.4	≦50	4	Diagram B

Note: 600V Insulated unshielded Cable

Diagram A

Please wind each wire 4 times around the core. The reactor must be put at inverter output as close as possible.

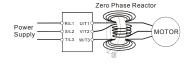
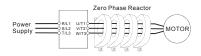


Diagram B

Please put all wires through 4 cores in series without winding.



Note 1: The table above gives approximate wire size for the zero phase reactors, but the selection is ultimately governed by the type and diameter of cable fitted, i.e. the cable must fit through the center hole of zero phase reactors.

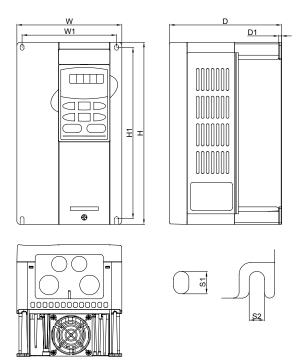
Note 2: Only the phase conductors should pass through, not the earth core or screen.

Note 3: When long motor output cables are used, an output zero phase reactor may be required to reduce radiated emissions from the cable.



DIMENSIONS

Frame B



UNIT: mm [inch]

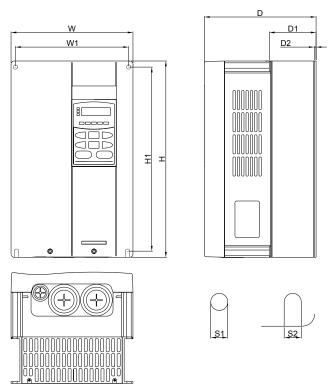
Frame	w	W1	Н	H1	D	D1	S1	S2
5 4	150.0	135.0	260.0	244.3	160.2	4.0	8.0	6.5
B1	[5.91]	[5.32]	[10.24]	[9.63]	[6.31]	[0.16]	[0.32]	[0.26]



Frame B(B1): VFD007F23A; VFD007F43A; VFD007F43H; VFD015F23A; VFD015F43A; VFD015F43H; VFD022F23A; VFD022F43A; VFD022F43A; VFD037F23A; VFD037F43A; VFD037F43H



Frame C



UNIT: mm [inch]

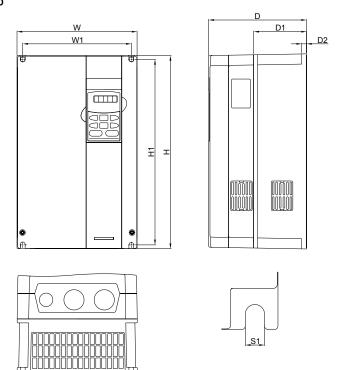
Frame	W	W1	Н	H1	D	D1	D2	S1	S2
04	200.0	185.6	323.0	303.0	183.2	76.5	3.0	7.0	7.0
C1	[7.88]	[7.31]	[12.72]	[11.96]	[7.22]	[3.01]	[0.12]	[0.28]	[0.28]



Frame C(C1): VFD055F23A; VFD055F43B; VFD055F43H; VFD075F23A; VFD075F43B; VFD075F43H; VFD110F23A; VFD110F43A; VFD110F43A; VFD150F43A; VFD150F43A



Frame D



UNIT: mm [inch]

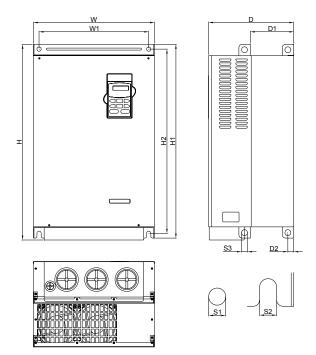
Frame	w	W1	Н	H1	D	D1	D2	S1
	250.0	226.0	403.8	384.0	205.4	110.0	8.0	10.0
D1	[9.84]	[8.90]	[15.90]	[15.12]	[8.08]	[4.33]	[0.31]	[0.39]



Frame D(D1): VFD150F23A; VFD185F23A; VFD185F43A; VFD185F43H; VFD220F23A; VFD220F43A; VFD220F43H; VFD300F43A; VFD300F43A



Frame E



UNIT: mm [inch]

Frame	W	W1	Н	H1	H2	D	D1	D2	S1	S2	S3
E1	370.0	335.0	-	589.0	560.0	260.0	132.5	18.0	13.0	13.0	18.0
	[14.57]	[13.19]		[23.19]	[22.05]	[10.24]	[5.22]	[0.71]	[0.51]	[0.51]	[0.71]
E2	370.0	335.0	595.0	589.0	560.0	260.0	132.5	18.0	13.0	13.0	18.0
	[14.57]	[13.19]	[23.43]	[23.19]	[22.05]	[10.24]	[5.22]	[0.71]	[0.51]	[0.51]	[0.71]

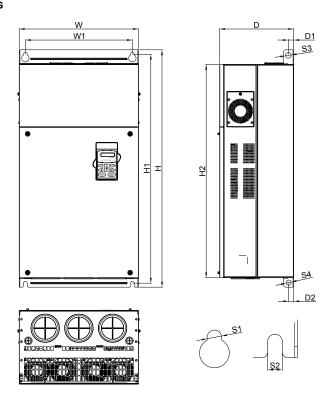


Frame E(E1): VFD300F23A; VFD370F23A; VFD750F43A; VFD750F43H; VFD900F43C; VFD900F43H

Frame E(E2): VFD370F43A; VFD370F43H; VFD450F43A; VFD450F43H; VFD550F43A; VFD550F43H



Frame G



UNIT: mm [inch]

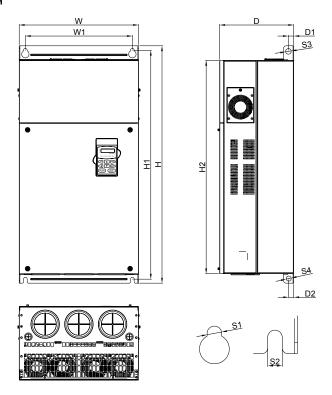
Frame	W	W1	Н	H1	H2	D	D1	D2	S1	S2	S3	S4
G1						264.0						
	[16.73]	[15.00]	[33.46]	[32.26]	[30.08]	[10.39]	[0.75]	[0.71]	[0.51]	[0.51]	[0.79]	[0.71]



Frame G(G1): VFD1100F43C; VFD1100F43H; VFD1320F43A; VFD1320F43H; VFD1600F43A; VFD1600F43H



Frame H



UNIT: mm [inch]

Frame	W	W1	Н	H1	H2	Н3	D	D1	S1	S2	S3
H1							360.0				
	[21.54]	[18.90]	[53.45]	[45.28]	[44.06]	[42.23]	[14.17]	[0.79]	[0.51]	[0.51]	[0.79]

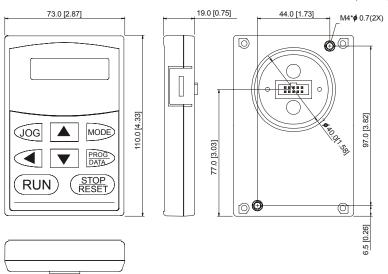


Frame H(H1): VFD1850F43A; VFD1850F43H; VFD2200F43A; VFD2200F43H



VFD-PU01

Unit: mm (inches)





KPF-CC01

Unit: mm (inches)

